



·Philosophical Epitaph of W. C. Esquire.

For a Memente Mori on his Tomb-stone.

VVith Three Hieroglyphical Scutcheon, and their Philosophical Motto's, and Explanation, with the Philosophical Mercury, Nature of Seed, and Life, and Growth of Metalls; And a Discovery of the Immortal Liquor Alchahest. The Salt of Tartar volatized, and other Elixirs, with their Differences.

ALSO,

A Brief of the Golden Calf (the Worlds Idol.)
Discovering the rarest Miracle in Nature, how by the smallest proportion of the Philosophers-Stone a great piece of common Lead was totally transmuted into the purest transplendent Gold at the Hague 1666 by 70. Fr. Helvetius

AND,

The GOLDEN ASS well managed, and Midas reftor'd to Reason; Or, A new Chimical Light, Demonstrating to the blind world that good Gold may be found as well in Cold as Hot Regions, and be profitably extracted out of Sand, Stones, Gravel, and Flints, &c. to be wrought by all forts of People. Written by fo. Rod. Glauber.

WITH

[EHIOR. [Aurora Sapientia,] Or, the Daydawning or Light of Wildom, containing the Three Principles or Original of all things; whereby are discovered the Great and many Mysteries in God, Nature, and the Elements, hitherto hid, now revealed.

All Published by W.C. Esquire.

With a Catalogue of Chymical Books.

London, Printed by T. R. and N. T. for William Cooper, at the Pellican in Little Britain, Anno Dom. 1673.

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The Authors Epistle.

Backwardness of imploying thy Talent to Usury, and profit of thy neighbour. And I wish all men would rather study Substance and matter with Laconick-Brevity and plainness in their writings, then prolix Puff-pasted Eloquence, and Oftentation; that so our Life might be improved in sound Knowledge and virtue, and God receive all Praise and Honour, to whom it is Eternally due. Now to this my hort Epitaph with Explanation, I have added Pythagoras his Metapaysical Philosophick Figure, and have adjoyned Abbreviated notes of Helvetius his Golden Calf, and Glau. bers new Ch) mical Light, Treating of the rarest Transmutations and Miracles of Nature; and likewise of unbeard of Extractions of Gold and Silver (and something better) out of all Sands, and out of the very Stones of the Streets, for the Relief of all men. Proceeding from atrue desire to be

7an. 10, 1670. Thy Christian Friend and Servant,

W. C. For twice five Hundred.

L' Aurum Amice eligis Rus.



To the Honourable ROBERT BOYL, Esq; Eminently Noble & Accomplisht.

Honourable Sir,

He Translation of Helvetius his Golden Calf here annext, being Licenced and entered in order to the Printing thereof, in Sept. 1668. Another ince took advantage to Print and Publish he same, little different; That without rejudice to the Translator we might say with Virgil,

Hos ego versiculos, &c,

A 2

We

We beat the Bush, but others caught

others share.

So Bees make Honey, and Birds build their Nelts,

And Lands yeilds others Profit plough'd with Beafts.

Nevertheless it hath brought advantage to the Reader, for I have since exceedingly abbreviated my former Translation with Sophical Figured Epitaph, with Alcha tions, then also to be Printed, which I de dicated to my worthy Friend Elias Ash mole, Esq; But I have now further adde Pythagoras Metaphyfical Figure, with most excellent, brief, and rare piece of a unknown Author, called, The Dawnin of Wildom, as also the new Chymid Light of Glauber, wherein I have man ged Nydas his Golden Ass, so as to ma

him serviceable to all this Nation, to bear their burthens, bringing him with these new Lights and Treasures here before your So Lambs do bear their Fleece, which judicions view, as to a great Mecanas by the dawning or clear light of Wisdom you will judge both this Ass and Calf to be without all Ignomy and Scandal, having a faculty to speak as well for themselves and their Innocency, as Ba-Lambs. Nav. to be Phylosophically learned, and as richly Laden, as those formerly sent with rich Presents to Patriarchs or Princes, being matter, and have adjoyned my own Philotophen mit fored with Gold, and other ri-My Presumption for these Names sures. hest, Elixis, Samech, and their explanal I hope will be pardoned, being Philosophical terms; and though such their Lading may be sufficiently stored in your Treasuries, and might seem boldness to be sent from so mean an Artist, yet suffer me to present them to the world, (though but as an Eccho or Vibrating Glass) to re-double he sound, and reflect the Beams of your Vertue c

Virtues and Learning abroad, Famous already by your own works and worth. I confess Honourable Sir, This my Dedication, as a stranger, is especially grounded on the Fame of your Goodness, and Communicative Charity, the Truest and Noblest Badges of Honour, which if so, will now pardon me. But I stop here, taking off the imputation of base self ends, or flattery, by my concealment, with Diogenes his recess of Privacy, But remain

Your Honours well wishing

April 1.1671. and humble Servant,

W. C. Or twice five Hundred.

L'aurum Amice eligis Rus.



TO HIS

Worthy, and much Honoured Friend,

ELIAS ASHMOLE Efq;

One of the Kings Majesties Heraulds at Arms, and Comptroller of the Excises through all England.

Honoured Sir,

Aving but barely, though faithfully Translated this Helwetius, treating of the most rare and experimental Transmutation of Metals; I thought

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it not fit to make any Dedication, but seeing I have adjoyned my own Epitaph, with several Scutcheons, Mottos, and Explanations, with Pythagoras his General Figure, Blazoning Philosophical Herauldry, and also the Alchahest, Samech' with other Elixies, Oc. I consulted it was very proper to present the same to your Judicious view, whose might challenge the same, abilities especially since I received some civilities from you, of a little like Nature, in the small intermission of my Likewise being Long troubles, :662. an Englishman, whose Patronage in general you feem to avouch by those Worthy Collegions of English Philosophick Chymical Authors, formerly published by you. I know you have another Coat of Arms for my Paternal Family, in your Heraulds Office, which would suit with the said Epitaph, if it were only as it is also intended for a plain Sculpture to be upon my Grave Stone: Yet such Scutcheons had not been

been so proper for this place, these being chiefly here intended for the Philosophers Stone, agreeing with my said Epitaph, in the Elements, Principles, and whole perfection thereof, excellently manifested by our late English Phanix, or Elias Artisto Anonymon, in his Book of The open entrance to the that Pallace of the King. Now some perchance may think it incongruous for any man to publish his own Epitaph, or annex any such Novel Scutcheons. fince they and their Explanations are Philosophick (and the Philosophers Patrons are Truth and Reason, which should govern all forts of men) I was the more confident of allowance and approbation. And indeed Sir. I may affirm, they were made in a Living Grave, 1652. From whence I never thought to come forth no more, then probably Jonas might in the Whales Belly, Daniel in the Lyons Den, or the three Children in the Fiery Furnace, Being grievously oppressed and clow-

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ded in my long Troubles, and fince as little regarded. Wherefore I hope these may be better excused, especially, if it may tend to Gods Glory, as I hope it will by a continual warning, or (Memento Mori) to the Reader for his souls health, though he want the Philosophick spectacles to understand the sense more perfectly. However Sir, give meleave to tender you these small Reliques of my obsequious obsequy, as Burnt Offerings, Reviving and describing Aarons Calf ground to dust by Moses, with Helvetius his Golden Calf, burnt to a stone or Pouder, by the Teutonic Elias Artista, and I wish you might prove another Elias (as your name imports) in this Fiery Chariot, or Transfiguration for the benefit of this our English nation, and of the whole world, to glorifie him who is the giver of all good things. And although (as if dead) I should remain unknown in the Whales Belly, on Jobs Dunghil, or Diogenes his Tub, Yet entestain

tertain these (as your own worth deserves and requires) with a Noble mind not regarding the weakness or missortunes of the giver, which will the more illustrate your virtues, and oblige,

Worthy Sir,

Your faithful Friend,

July 16.

and humble Servant,

W. C. Or twice five Hundred.

Laurum Amice Eligis Rus.

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AUTHORS EPISTLE
To the Courteous and Well
minded READER.

Reader, Thought not of publishing this my Epitaph, or Hyeroglyphical Figur'd Scutcheons, further then my Grave Stone, being in a Living Grave, and in despair of Life, when I made them; but since Al mighty God hath gratiously extended the Thread of my Life, and providentially put these adjoyned Treatises for my Task before I dyed; and being earnestly entreated by a Friend to publish and explain them, I thought good to offer my mean Mise to the World, so that thou mayest not only see and read an Anygma in these my Scutcheons and Epitaph, but have me thy Adypus to unfold them. orbere alfa I have fet forth the Philosophers Stone, and shewed the Causes and manner of Multiplication of Life and Seed, and given thee as an Overplus, a clear relish of the Alchahest, and Salt of Tartar volatized, with other Elixirs, and Philosophick Medicines, &c. in 5 small succinet Chapters, to put thee one step forward in this knowledge, if thou wantst my help, or if beyond me to shame thy THE

PHILOSOPHICAL Epitaph

of VV. C. Esquire,

FOR A

ME MENTO MORI

ONTHE

Philosophers (Tomb) Stone.

With three Hierogliphical Scutcheons displaying
Minerwas, and Hermes Birds, and Apollos
Birds of Paradice in Philosophical
Mottoes and Sentences, with
their Explication.

With a Persect Discovery of the Immortal Liquor Alchabest, or Macchabean Fire, and of the Volatized Salt of Tartar, or Samech, and of other Elizirs, with their differences and properties.

LONDON,
Printed by T. R. and N. T. for Will. Cooper, at the Pollican
in Little Britain.

EPITAPHIUM factum per W.C.

MInante perICuLo GranDe.

Scutisq; affixis patefaciens Avem Minerva, Hermetis, & Apollinis Avem Paradici.

Inhis HyerogLyphyCis nVMeranDiFigVris.

Babo Minerue inter ramos Hæderæ. Creatio, Chaos. Corruptie.





Anfer Hermogenis five Pul. lus in sole affacus. Generalio. Mortificatio. Vivificatio.

Hung nidum ad me in terra reficiendum Putrefcant, netideq; purgentur, & tan. Nudus fum nac tamen fentio frieus Alo hoc pridem quod me nutrivit, Quieteq, boc fruor loce, Cum Amicis meis, Confanguincis. Ne Plores igitur, Fugalo Timorem, Aut Pulvis lachrymas bie ficce tuss, Ef Animain Calis, in requie, cum San-Bbi laudes Augeli fine fine cantant (ctis Olida fed mortalitatis hac

Mundo laffatus tandem 3 weni Parum bie Fermen ant dum perfecte

cum Spiritu & Anima Rediviva Re-

surgant. Clangore Buccine que juneta lucibunt, eruntq; Divina, Spiritualia, & Fixa uti ch iftus, Semp vq; manebunt unum Que Tria fic fatta unum Bis V. C. Restat.

Apollinis Avis Paradifi, Pha-Sulmiz, Icarus, vol Aquila excelsa



w. C.

Regeneratio. Redemptio, phur. Glorificatio

Nemo ante Obitum falix.

Est in Mercurio quicquid quærunt Sapientes,

Si Fixum folvas faciasq; volare folu:um, Et volucrem figas, facient te vivere tutum Solve (osgula, Fige.

Dum Fixum Figit, Tin Aum fusibile Tingit.

Si pariat ventum, valet Auri pondera Centum, Ventus ubi vult spirat. Capiat qui capere potest. L'Aorum amice eligis, Rus,

An EPITAPH made by W.C.

CLowDeD by threatnIng DIsasters. With Scutcheons annexed displaying Minerva's and Hermes Birds, And Apollo's Bird of Paradice. In HierogLiphiCk NVMbers anD In Figures.

Minerva's Owl in an Ivie Bufh. Creation, Cb.us, Corruption.



Hermegener, Goole or Puller roafted in the Sun. Gentraties, Mertifications Vivifica.ion

Tyr'd of the World, at last This Neft to rest me in the JGround; Resis here a while, till perfettly I'm naked, yet I feel no cold, Feed that, that had fed me of o'd, And quierly enjoy this Place, With Friend, about of my own tace And be fpiritual fixt, Divine, (fhine, Weep not then here, but banish fears, Like Chrift; and One for ever be Or let this dust dry up your tears (peace My Soul's in Heaven with Saints in which being thus, is double you fee. Where Angels ling and never ceafe.

of found Thefe grounds of Mans Mortality, Putrify'd, purg'd, clears'd, and at last Revived with Sou! and spirit by bloft Of Trumpet which being join'd shall

Apollo's Bird of Paradice. Phanix, Icarus or lofty Eagle.

Sul-



Regenerations Redemption. Glorification.

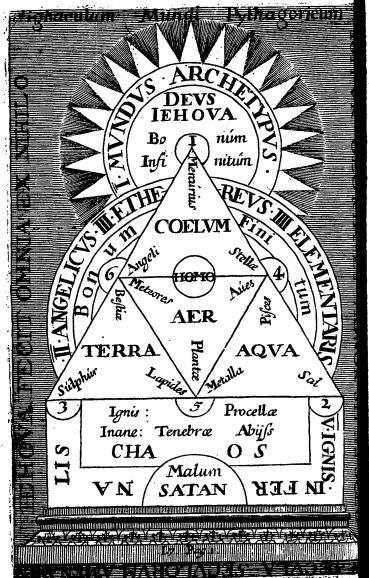
No Man's happy before his Death. MerCVry's BIrth's best after's Death, MerCVrl's Life vva pvrg D by ftrife.

All's in Mercury that the wife men feek. If thou diffolv'ft the Fixt, and mak'ft it fly, And mak'st the flying fixt, live safe thereby. Dissolve, Congeal, and Fix, which being fixt will fix, And so being susibly Ting'd, will Tinge, and Mix.

If wind be made of Gold, 'The worth a hundred fold.

The wind thow the where is less the Receiv's they that can.

Laurum Amice Eligis, Rus.





CHÂP, I.

A plain and full explanation of the aforefaid Epitaph, Scutcheons and Motto's of W. C. As well for the Philosophers Stone as his own Tomb-stone.



Philosophers, and yet may revive the old useful Adigy and Motto upon this Authors Tomb-stone, to remember thy end, For as this flourishing fignistics this Author W C. being a Mercurialist, tired of all worldly Inquinaments. So it illu-

strates all the I lanets and their Mercury, and the univerfal Spirit and Mercury of the World, and the specificks of Nature; and no less, the true Mercury of Philosophers for this work: free from all filthy corruptions well fitted, and put naked without Garb, or any strange thing into its Glass, and private Philosophical Nest or Vessel, (as into a Grave and Cossin) with constant vapourous heat for Putrisaction, and its true preparation, rectification, and perfection, orderly through its progression of Colours, till it come to the true Sulphur of Philosophers, which in the interim, makes good that Philosophick saying,

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I ster ad Cœlum, sed me gravis impedit Acr, Et me persudit, qui me cito deserit hamor. Huic mihi sunt Lachryma, sed non est causa doloris, &c. Englished thus,

It tends to Heaven, but the gross Air hinders, And moisture faine quickly turns to Cinders. Hence comes these Tears, though there's no cause of grief, For they but nourish, th' Earth gave them relief. And though Worms feed upon my Carkass here, My Soul's in Heaven with my Saviour Dear.

Thus it may appear double you fee, or one in two, Male and Lemale, Superiour and inferiour, Gross and Subtil, Coelestial and Terrestrial, Sulphur and Mercury, Water and Earth Corcuptible and Incorruptible, or Spiritual, And fo the ports also are three, Body, Soul, and Spirit; Sal, Sulphur, and vercury; O. D. & & Calx, Ferment and Tincture; and the very Mercury may be termed threefold, preparing, prepared, and effential, and according to Ripley, and Raimund, calcining, reviving, and effential. So likewise it may be termed four; for the Water, and Earth which are two visible Elements, comprehend Fire and Air, which are the four Elements, which are turned infide outward, whereby they new their effects and properties. Thus Terra; Stat. unda Lavat, pyr Purgat, Spiritus intrat. The Farth fastens, Moit washeth, lire purgeth, and Spirit enters, In and for which, also there are sour Fires used, Natural, against Nature, Innatural, and Elemental; all which, at the last will make a fifth Essence; and so by a persect Ternary Quadrate, and Quintessential Process, from one, two, three, four, and tive. It returns again into one most perfect spiritual fub 'ance, and fo is Reunited, and railed to a perfect Circular Centre, a fixt fusible and incorruptible Medicine to make the true Elixir of Philosophers; opening and shur-

ting at pleasure, giving the Keys of happiness to all that shall enjoy k, to enter to a Kingdom of Health, Wealth, and Honour, and shutting out all ignorant dark Bodies, and Spirits. Thus then at last this seedicine may obtain the name and number, incimated by W. C. which as it is this Authors name, who is but one in l'erson, and in Figures, twice five hundred; so is the Medicine but one in substance, and in virtue twice five hundred, or a thousand For this cause the Jews thought Christ to be John Baptist, risen from the Dead, and therefore did tuch mighty works. And this we know (faith St. Paul) that such as he is, such like shall we be at the Resurrection, if we have his Spirit, and follow him in pious Obedience, Patience, and Humility. So that in this Epitaph, as well as by the fiid Scutcheons and Motto's, is plainly fet forth the divine and natural Stone of the Wife-men, with their Sulphur and Mercury; though to be understood with a grain of Salt; and hkewife the Moral, Natural, and mortal face of Man, The whole Art therefore of this Philosophy, is to begin where Nature ends, and to take what you find most ready and perfect in Nature, and that which is nearest of kin; and intirely separate the Heterogeneal gross parts, and congregate the Homogeneal, make them Essential, and separate the Elements, kill the Quick, and quicken the Dead, and Circulate, Fix and Fermentall to the highest degree of Exaltation, and Philosophical Sublimation and As Ripley faith, Kill the Quick, and to the Perfection. Dead give Life; Make Trinity one without any Strife. Thus opening and shutting by Ixions Wheel, in heavenly mansion, both in a natural and artificial vessel, tillit come to the greatest persection and number, it not Infinite. And now note, though most Philosophers in their Writings, have concealed their true privy Mercury, Fire. Vellel, Time and Bath. Yet here thou mailt eafily find all the Secret: If God have ordained thee to be helpful

towards the Redemption of his poor Creatures, groaning under their burdens of Oppressions and Mortality.

Now as this Epitaph doth thus fet forth the true Elixir of Philosophers, and mans Mortality; so likewise these Scutcheons or Hyeroglifical Figures you see do the same in the honourable Pedegree of the Philosophick true Medicine, or Golden fleece, as well for the Life and Health of mans Body as Metalls, both in the Elements and Principles of the faid Elixir, and in its Coelestial and Terrestrial parts, proceeding from their Saline Chaos, or first mercurial matter, and their glorified Sulphur to their Coelestial Sphears of Multiplication, Fermentation, and Projection, and so they and their Motto's agree sincerely, with all the Philosophick sayings and intentions, namely thus, Some Philosophers would have it one thing, and affirm, that the Salt of Metals is the Philosophers Stone; Others fay, all's in Mercury that the Wife-men feek; and again, others do teach, that the whole Art depends in and upon the true preparation of their Sulphur, as being the most perfect of the three principles, whose Orbs must be thrice turned about, as in my three Figures and Coelestial Wheels: and some would have it one thing, comprising the nature of two, as a Hermophradite or Embrio, moreover, some would have it absolutely two things, as Male and Female, Fire and Water, or Water and Farth, Sulphur and Mercury, or Heaven and Earth. Some likewise would have it consist of three, Salt Sulphur, and Mercu y ⊙.). & Q. Body, Soul, and Spirit; Others would have it the four Elements, and say, the Conversion of them is the whole work. And some again would have it a fifth Essence and Quintessential Spiritual Body; and fay their Mastery and Mistery consists in these five numbers, 1, 2, 3, 4, & 5. as in my faid Epitaph and Circular Scutcheons appear, thus comprehended, in and by the Chaos and Products. The

The Chaos in th' Excentrick Centre still,
Hath death's Heads Ternary, Crows or owly Bill.
Whose square Face, under Times consused Glass,
Of Fire and Water, six days Angles pass,
Within the Spiny Bush, Expansion till,
A Sabatean Rest makes all stand still.
After each Colour fram'd to th' owners praise,
Then all things multiply to the end of days.
The two in number, are but one in kind,
And sour in Nature, three in one do bind.
And then the Quintessence wheels thrice in ts Sphear,
To conquer all the Mortals every where;

Which Waters thus takes name from Icarus, the lofty Eagl a Sons and Dedalus Philosophers true Sulphur and Mercury their un Auous Tincture; and their water Dry.

The Owl appears in darknefs, Yellowifb Red, And white are feen upon the Goofes Head The Bird of Paradife, and Phænix fly, Which Starry brightnefs in the Adeptifts Skye; Through Milkie Paths up to the Moon and Sun, To multiply till the Adept have done.

Then each that's worthy, come and Feast you here, With Apollo, Hermes, and Ninervan's Chear: For here is Nectar, and Ambrosia still, Under these Hycrogliphicks take your sill.

All which nevertheles, I acknowledge is really but one onely thing, or Essence in the Root, viz. the Philosophers & although out of two or three particulars, or more in kind; and one operation of several parts, as in my said Epitaph, and Circular Figures comprised: Nay

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indeed may be but one onely particular thing, and one continued simple and single operation, when duely prepared, and superfluities removed. But if one onely thing be taken, then it is divided into several parts; or if several things be taken, they are brought to one; and so may it be said of the Operation, which all being but one, the Philosophers nevertheless are pleased to dissinguish it by its several Progressions, Colours, and Properties, intimated by, and within the said three sigured Circles and their Titles; all agreeing with this old Engma of Virial, which being in many of the Metallick kind, is and hath but one thing or substance; and although but one, yet may be opened, divided, and have several parts; and being done, be brought to one again, in one single and simple operation of Nature; Thus,

V. I. T. R. I.
Visitabis Interiora Terrie, Restissicando Invenies,
O. L. V. M.
Occultum Lapidem, Veram Medicinam.

Visit the interiours of Farth, Rectifying, And you shall find the hid Stone, and true Medicine.

And like it, agreeing with this work of Palyngenius, which hath two.

Hunc fuvinem Arcadium, Insidum nimiúma, fugacem, Prendite. & immersum stygiis occidite Lymphis; Post Hiales Gremio impositum Deus excipiat, Quem Lemnia Terra colit sublatuma, in Cruce sigat. Tunc sepelite utero in calido & dissolvite putrem, Cujus stillantes Artus de corpore nostro Spiritus egrediens penetrabit, & ordine miro, Panlatim extinctum nigiis revocabit ab umbric.

Aurata indutum Clamyden Argenteq; nitentem,
Projecte hunc demum in prunas Kenovabiter alter,
Ve Phænix, & qua tangit perfecta relinquit,
Corpora, Natura leges & fadera vincens,
Mutabit species, paupertatemq; sugabit.
Englished this,

Take this Arcadian flippery Lad, who sapt to fly, And in the Glittering Stygian Lake, drown'd let him dye; When Hials juices in his breaft, God faves him from lofs, Whom Lemnian Earth doth nourith, lift up fix t'a Crofs, Then in a warm Cave buried, diffolve what's Rotten, From whose Synews, drops of this our Body's gotten. Spirits will Picrce, and orderly from shades bring out, This Offspring cloth'd with Co'd and Silver round about. At length project this on live Coals, and you'l foon see, Another (Phanix like) thereby renew d to be; Which with its onely touch, perfects all Bodies here, Past the strict bond, and laws of Natures Sphear; And will change the Species to a higher degree, Whereby all Grief may cease, and Poverty shall see.

And yet understand me rightly concerning the said work, and matter of Philosophers; that Gold for certain is the principle of Gold-making powder, (be it in what subject or appearance it will) even as Fire is the principle of Firing: For nothing can give what it hath not. In Auro, seminasunt Auri. As Angurellus and otherstessifie. In Gold, is the seed of Gold. And even the same may be said of Lune, when it is a Masculine. And their Mercury is the ground of both, and contains all three; and is the Earth, in which it is sown, and from whence it takes its original, and is of their own Nature. But this must be living Gold or Silver, and not the common Gold or Silver, which are Dead; or the common sowl Quick silver. And indeed these are more universal,

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cheap, common, and easie to be had, then most men, even fome Philosophers do think: which caused Ingenious, and Learned Taulodania to write against the Subject of that worthy old Philosopher Bracescus, though both true Philosophers, and their several Subjects true; and this made Claveus in his Chrysopeia, and Argyropeia to doubt of some of Lullie's Processes; For these Principles are to be found in one subject, and in divers having a Golden Nature, as Dunstan, Arnold, Guido, Ripley, Raimund, Glauber, and others do testi e, and more ways are to the Wood then one: For out of every or any particular Metallick or Mineral Species, may by due Philosophick preparation, be extracted the subject for the Philosophers Stone; and every Chymical work called particular may by purification, good preparation & funble fixation, volatifation, and exaltation, be made a univerfal work for Multiplication: Nay out of every Element, and Principle of and in Nature; and almost every abject ching whatsoever may be extracted a Sulphurous, Sol, Lune, or Mercury, enlivened for the I hilosophers work. St. Devogins affirms, that the faid first matter of Philotophers, is eisier to be touched with the hand, then difcerned or found by subtilty of Wit or ophistick imaginations, and faith, he told it & the Process literally to some, who nevertheless had not confidence therein, for the meannels of the same, and therefore left it without trial And certainly the Antecedent and Primordial Ens Auri, is in every Element and Principle, the which are never so timple, but out of each the other may be extracted; and we may observe a kind of demonstration hereof by our Mother Earth, who brings forth all things : For take any good and fit Earth, extract all the Stones, Roots, Salt peter, and what soever else is included, and being then left open to the Air for some time in a convenient place, it will not onely of its felf be impregnated again with new

salt Peter, Vegetables, Stones, Mettals and Minerals, but also with Animals, and those very Stones, &c. shall hold a Sulphurous Gold and Mercury, fit for a Philosopher to work upon, and to make a fit is edicine for any of the three Kingdoms of Nature, and this being after specificated with a fit Metallick, shall perfect the impure Mettals, to Sol, and Lune; and 'tis ilrange that fait Peter. a Mineral in the Earth, should have its root and Quarry in the Air. And verily every thing brought to such likeness in persection of Elements, and the three Principles, as to be Quintessential and fixt, are in community of substance with the principles of Mettals, and are in a manner universal, and may help to make the Stone for Transmutation of Mettals, as well as for the health of Men, &c. For the community of matter of all things, is in Sal, Sulpher, and Mercury, and the purity of the four Elements is in pure Water, and pure Earth, brought to a Quinteffential effence, and so are in community of substance with Mettals, and will be of equal nature with their principles, namely, in Sal, Sulphur, and Mercury; For the matters and principles of Generation, are in Sal, Sulphur, and Mercury, and these may as well be had by Art, above the Earth, as by Nature in the Mines, and so may be brought to a fixt Sulphur of Nature, which is as good an Earth for the work as may be; for Guido faith of the Earth, it is no matter so it be fixed. and Raimund saith, nought is required in this Art for transmutation, but pure Earth, and pure Water; and Ripley faith, Hair and Blood cannot be the Stone for transmutation, but Hements feparated from them may; and of \$\Pi\$ feparated from them. is little good, but if brought to Sulphur of Nature, it is as good Earth for it as may be; yet still mark, that it be brought to a community of Nature, and mult be fermented with cure real Gold: yet you'are not tied to go to so great a distance; for things neerer of kin are easier grant.

transmuted, and the neerest the best. Wherefore the Artiss may begin where Nature left off in her simple and single operation. And (like a good Husband-man with Corn) Sow the pure grain of Gold (not common Gold) in its pure Mercurial virgin Mother Earth (not common Earth) but a white Crude, Golden Water or Essence, brought to them by the help of Eagles, or else by the mediation of the Doves; and the man in his glittering golden Robes, may drink of his Nectar in a pure silver Cup, three to the Graces, or nine to the Muses (as Ripley intimates) and according to the old Mystical Law. Ter bibe aut toties ternos sic mystica Lex est. Drink Three, or thrice Three, which is a Mystery; And so the Marculine and Feminine, or O. J. & P. being in perfect health, and in their prime and Sperme, as one thing, willingly embrace, and joyn to spiritualize themselves into a Sprout, or living Seed to grow up to the highest degree of the power, energy, and virtue of J. and Gold, and of the spiritual Stone of Philosophers, and to do whatsoever else the Philosophers have need of. Nam Lapis Philosophorum nibil alind est quam Aurum in gradibus suis multiplicatum stante proportione qua fuit in Auroprimo. For the Philosophers Stone is no other thing, then Gold multiplied in its dedegrees, standing in the same Temperature or Proportion in which it was at the first: which must be nourisht with the Mothers pure Milk, till it can feed upon stronger Meats, and so gets vigour to Multiply. And then the Glorified King (Triply Crown'd) shall vanquish his Enemies, and redeem his Brethren and Kindred, in all or any Nations from their vile Corruptions: If they can but touch the hem of his Garment; or entertain him at his approach, as they ought; for 'tis alike to him, to raise their Essences, as to separate their Maladies. Yet you must,

First, Learn the Eagles that fuster up the Doves, And makes Diana taste of Venus's Loves, Where Cupid conquers Mars his surious Ire, And makes the Magnet draw the Calib's Fire; Which seems a Riddle, and's the Gordian Knot, And Herculean, labour for the Artists Lot.

Without the perfect knowledge of which, thou canst never attain thy end.

CHAP. II.

Of the Causes and Manner of Multiplication of Life and Seed; And one way of preparing Mercury for the Philosophers Stone, and others for making of Universal Medicines, &c.

In the beginning God gave his bleffing to increase and multiply; and commanded that each Thing from its like, should draw its Form; and so created in Nature a certain Chain, or subordinate propinquity of Complexions, between Visibles and Invisibles; by which the Superiour Spiritual Essences descend, and converse here below with the matter. Yet Nature hath, nor had but one onely Agent (hidden in the universe) which is Anima Mundi, working by its universal Spirit, through innumerable distinct. Concreates according to their Specifica, Forms and Seeds, which God the Father, at first Creation by his word and Idea (or Son and Holy Spirit)

First,

did Glance at once into the first matter, and so set Laws and Bounds in Nature: Of, In, and over all, which he is still president, upholding, strengthening, and ordering all the faid Powers, as his Instruments in every particular as well as in the general; fo that a Sparrow falls not without his Providence and Power; and fo kind by kind, produceth kind in all Natures, Three Kingdoms (Animal, Vegitable, and Mineral) by means of the faid Seed; For as Fernelius saith, Nihil est in ulla natura parte, quod non in se generis sui semen contineat. There is no part of Nature which doth not contain within it felf the feed of its own kind. God and Nature still use the same, and as a mean to unite the Form to its own Matter, and to raise firength and Appetite in the Patient, and to invite the active Virtue of Form and Life to work freely. Yet still its motions to tend to its own Specifick end as God had ordained; except it be misplaced or abused (as Sendivogiwexpresseth, or joyned to some unfit matter, which end being attained, the Life then feems Dead, or at a stand; and to Chained, Hedged, and imprisoned with Corporal Fences, that it can work no further upon that subject to its Promotion; but onely doth Organizare molem, and fets its Prison or House into the best order it can , Branching into feveral Members, that it may have the more room to employ its Faculties, evidently feen in Animals and Vegitals with various motions: But in Minerals (more oppress with matter) less apparent, and seeming slain by congelation, especially taken out of their Mines, and Mechanically used; and so onely preserves its bodily Being, till Revived with new Ferment, and Matter, whereby the Body is opened again to manifest its living, effential A oisture hid in the Centre, wherein the seed and spirit of Life is placed as Fire, and then revives and restores new operations, in the new adjoined nourishment or mat-And thus Nature by help of Art may transcend,

(and as it were) go beyond its felf; and so the Seed will still extend its power and Life, as long and often as it be thus opened and fitted with new matter and Ferments.

For Form is Light, the Source of central Heat, which cloth dwith Matter, doth a Seed beget; wherein Life, like Fire seeks it self t'increase, And E ernize, if Fuel nere do cease.

Helmone in Butler, and Sendivogine in his new Light, partly testifie the same. Now this Seed is no sooner produc'd, but it assairs to change the matter, and stamps its Character therein, and so presently the Matter lives, and the matter then Coworks together with the Form, to attain that end, to which the Seed implanted doth intend.

For all things live according to their kind, I heir Life is Light, as therein you may find.

Quantum quidq; habet Luminis, tantum habet & Nominis, (faith one) And thus much for Form and Sced

in general.

Know further now, That Netals in the Mineral Kingdom are thus produced. Their Sulphur unctuous, Coagulates, and fixeth a fluent moisture mineral called Mercury, the which is a dry humidity that flows, yet wets not hands, its parts are so Homogeneal, that the very Fire its self doth not easily separate them. It is of waters Progeny, yet far exceeds it in weight, and firm composure, which properties come not by chance, but by Gods Decree; Providence and Power, from its Specificq; Seed, and its hidden inward Agent, Form, and Life, from Animal Mandi, which the Water before had not; neither yet hath it parts diffimular (hand or foot head or eye) as Animals, or otherwise as Vegitables: but is all homogeneal, and of most firm parts and Root. Now Mer-

cary

eury hath most affinity with Gold, known by their equal weight, purity, firm composure, and easie mixture; next with its body and, spiritually living, and fixt together in with Silver, then Jove, Saturn, Venus, and last and least with Mars, which is a Secret to understand and though largely its powerful Virtues, and Tincture to impersect Mercury may be mixt and made amalgame, with all or Bodies, and Spirits to redeem them from Thraldom, any, yet it will not enter into any in the Root without fit preparation and great Art; but drive away one from the other, in the Fire, which is another secret, now the reafon is, for that it and they are Dead, or their Life hid, imprisoned, and Dormant within their Bodies (asis faid) and the Sulphur fixt, and sealed in the persect Metals, and earthly Fowl or Crude in the impersect, which Mercury abhors and rejects, or cannot Cope with, being it felf also in Fetters, bound to his good behaviour; and if you separate the faces of the latter, which are impersed, yet you have but a fluid Mercary from them like the common; and a Crude Sulphur, too remote to join with Gold, for Gold having passed its Encliantments and Caudities, scorns to be defiled therewith any more; wherefore common Crude Sulphur, will easier join with other impersect h ettals, then with Gold: but pure and fixt Sulphur, fooner and better with Gold then with the rest, and therefore if you would make use of the Sulphurs or Mercuries of the imperfect Metals, or the common. They must be each prepared and fitted with a living power, and so acuate as to become a fiery quickning Agent, before it can reincrudate, open and enter the body of Sol, whereby its own Water may appear, and its fiery Seed and Spi- Cadmus with his Earthly Men. rit of Life issue forth, and be made active to work upon, and in the faid Female living Mercury, it being Sols own Effence, Flesh and Bone, and its proper matter, Earth and Matrix (as is faid) wherein Seed will then quickly frudific and increase : for Sol though pure, perfect, and full of virtue initsself bodily) must be Reincrudate, Crucified, and die to Nature, that its Virtue and Tinaure lockt up, and.

and onely fingle in its felf Bodily, might become exalted heavenly mansions, and so extend and communicate more corruption, and Fire by imbracing one grain of his bounteous pure Spirit, and so be raised at last to him for Eternity. For so Death and Destruction of outward Form, will be but as a Back-door to the Soul and Spirits true Birth, and its Bodies eternal Life and Union, till it come at last to the highest persection, by its fulness of Tincture. Thus is the Philosophical Corner-stone, made a true Medicine, though rejected and scoffed at by many. And these are the effects hid from the voluptuous, Covetous, and Worldly-wife-philosophers, and revealed to Solitary, meek, humble Spirits, who forfake outward pomp and vanities, to embrace the fruits of Piety and Wifdom.

Now observe further, that every thing that is convertible into Gold, hath its Mercury and Sulphur, which either is, or may be acuate, and made fiery and living for a Philosophical preparation of and with Sol, and so both the common and Metallick Mercury may be thus fitted and prepared to wed with Sol. All which Mercuries (as is faid) beforehand in themfelves are dead; for Mercuries preparation is thus, viz. By a mineral with fable filver Veins, which is the Dragon born in Saturns Den, devouring

First then this Dragon double strengh' to Mars. Must be yet pierc't by him being God of Wars. Then both will Perish and become a Star, Where the young King is Born, who is Solar. Then mash equal Venus in's Blood, and let I hem joyn, till Vulcan take them in a Net,

Which

Which Mercury gently on his Wings must bear, Till he steals their Wealth, and Sols body tare; Wherein then Sol will freely shed his Seed, Ind this is all whereof we stand in need.

Which ordered right you cannot choose but speed.

If you can prepare your Mercury better, Do't freely, and care not for this Letter. For all Sulphurs and Mercuries may serve your turn, If pure and living join'd t' Earths will not burn.

CHAP. III.

Of the Subject and Marks of the immortal Liquor Alchahest.

Here Reader make a little pause, and take this shown hint for thy true instruction of the Alchahest and Macchabean Fire, burning in Water, and as a Serpent (or Latex) lying hid in the Cavernes of the Earth, and in other things and places; being nevertheless but one Anomolous Balsammick Salt, passing through the world, which almost every man knows and needs, though he observes not the marks to be that thing. I say, it is the Primum ens Salium, and hath a mark or cross affixt on it from the Almighty, which (as Helmont saith) the Adept do know, and every curious Philosophick searcher, may find to be a sure and certain token of its true Alchahestical Virtue, beyond any Demonstration: And indeed we must not seek, or think to nd that in a thing which God and Nature hath not implanted in it. For nothing can

give, what it hath not. But the vertue, operation, and power thereof, may be cleared and exalted by art. This mark then I say is not the mark of Cain, or any Bestial curse, but clean contrary, and can preserve life; so that none can kill it, though they would devour it; which mark till you find, you shoot at Rovers; and though the As have such an outward mark with Ignomy, yet Christ was pleased to ride upon it, and to grace the Cross after by his mighty power of sufferings on it, he having a Balsamick constant virtue of Patience therein over it. Some light is given of this mark and token upon it, both by Paracelfus, the glory of Chymists, and by brave Helmont his great Interpreter, but coucht close up from the Rustick observation in convenient places; yet their preparations are plainly fet down to be only simple dissolution and coagulation, with easie hear, till it come to its transmuted form, without any commiscible serment Heterogeneous to it self; but this Serpent biting his own Tail, by digestion and Putrefaction becomes Invenomed, and so by folution mortified into the fmallest Attoms possibly in nature: and then is raised, circulated, and revived for eternity to some higher Orb or Elixir, and so not possible to mix with any elementary impurity, or ferment to be transmuted, but seperates and preserves all and every essential concrete whereto it is joyned from corruption, and the causes of death without any diminution of its or their intire created virtue.

C

CHAP.

CHAP. IV.

Of the Salt of Tartar volatized, or Samec, and other Elixirs.

May tell thee here nevertheless. That though the proper subject of this foregoing Liquor, called the Alchahelt be but one Anomalous Salt, or first beginning of Salts, with such a noted mark, and John Baptist like, doth such great or mighty works, yet nevertheless the least Elixira. ted subject in the Philosophers Kingdom (though the lowest persected Salt) will doe such Alchahestical effects, and fome beyond, especially being rapt up (like Paul) from dians, who will then by her milder advice pacific his the Quaternary Elements, into the Christalline third Heavens above the fixt Stars and Planetary Orbs: For Paracellus his high prepared Samech, and every Alcalifate Incinerated wine of vegetables being brought to their full red embraces in her Mantle, up to the highest Mountains. preparation and perfection, are Alchahestical, at least Suc. from hers and his boisterous, pedantical, malicious enemies cedaneous, as a Circulatum minus; and also all other Balfamick Quintessential things, and Concretes in the three w niverfal kingdoms of nature. But more especially the true Mercurial Saline, and Sulphurous Elixirs of Philosophers wrought up and exalted to the bright Christalline or Angelical Orbs, influences in spiritual fusible liquid Forms, and appearencies are so universally Alchahestical, that I say they may do the same things, if not greater, and make better exalted Balfimick feperations and preparations, then the ordinary saline Alchahest. But the manner of preparation (& modes dispositionis) must be thought on to bring this to effect: For the degrees of Hierarchy are much conducing to and for the Glory of Angelical powers and influences: And yet the faid Alchahest (as a good forerunner)

runner) may prepare the way or Foundation to this grand Elixir. 'Tis true, the Alchalizate parts of Samech, and other Alcalyes, after their fufficient resolutions and pure fost apparelling for their first addresses to win their beautiful Cælestial Bride, and her beloved and delightful influences must have a hot and most pure affection (chac'd from Adultery, yet Fufibly melting with heat;) and then each of them with a strong clutch (like a Domestick Thief, nevertheless gently and at leisure) will take away his beloved out of her Chariot at fuch a time when he ands her in her greatest beauty, and most glorious pure active, and with a cleanly conveyance, in the cool of the evening, will carry her away with all her wealth and Jewels from her outward weak, and inward close attending strong Guarheat for the present, but being once fully marryed and n his possession, her love will be so true and intire, that her tender affection will fnatch and carry him on her wingwhere afterwards they will live in peace upon heavenly Manna in Paradice, and dress the Garden of Eden with new Plants, and may delight in all the fruits of life, having an Angelical Guardian and Gardener with a Flaming sword, to prevent and keep out all Rustick and Malevolent followers and purfuers.

And Reader, this greater secret may be here revealed; That some affirm, all the Concreats and things in natures, bree Kingdoms, (Animals, Vegetables, and Minerals) may be reduced to such a quintessential persection of the four Elements, and three Principles as to have a community of nature, and will make the matter for the Philosophers stone in any kind; but then they must be Fermented with Gold and Silver for Metals and Minerals, and fo may eaily transmute course Metals into Gold or Silver, and perect baser Minerals and Stones as well as they may exalt heir own Specifick kinds.

I might further enlarge with some rare Philosophick particular preparations in every kind or thing, and of the universal Spirit, and general Phlegmatick Menstruam or dissolvent, and of some sweet oyls and spirits of Balsawick, Salts, Sulphurs, and Mercuries, &c. both for Menstruams and Medicines; and to set forth Butlers Magnetick, Myssical, Physical, Anodyne Stone, with other Sympatheticks, Magneticks, &c. But it were against my intention of brevity, and I have sufficiently done in the general, for the Philosophers Stone and Elixirs, (instar omnium) comprehends all.

CHAP. V.

An Apologitical Peroration of Mans Mortality, Resurrection, and State for Eternity.

DErhaps here some may say, it is not easie to find or understand all written in this short volume, by solitary experiments, or publick Print, which I confest to be true; nor could I, till I had the blessing to converse with some Philosophick Authors, and had living words to demonstrate it; whereby likewise I selt and sound out Paracelsus and Helmont, in their concealments, which I have here given thee a Key to open; and if it may be any help unto thee, acknowledge it from God; if thou dislike it, thy time and charge will not be much prejudiced by these sew lines, and might he spent worse, but take it for good intentions, or how else thou pleasest, so thou forseit not thy Christian name by envy, or speaking evil of what thou knowest not.

And thus I hope in this short discourse I have sufficiently explained my Philosophical a nygmatical Scutcheons, and Epitaph, with the Alchahest, Samech, and other Elixirs. as also my adjoyning words and Figures, the rest I leave. (if thou be more curious) to be explained by the aforesaid Authors, and multitude of others better experienced in this Art: and if thou yet shalt blame me for thy want of apprehension hereof by these writings, or of my Figures and Epitaph, I am resolved to be dumb and filent like a dead man still; for if I deserve blame I ought to bear it quietly; if otherwise, I have been used to scandals and reproaches from Pharachs Court, to Jobs Dunghil, and can take it for a Glory to fuffer patiently; for I have fet down what the Philosophers and Adeptiss have said and confesfed, viva voce, and in Print; nor could I or they give this knowledge in the plainest words, without the peculiar inspiration of God: Wherefore if thou desirest this great blefling, ask it of him who giveth liberally and upbraideth not when it may tend to his glory. But be fure thou prepare thy felf by purity and holiness, with true mortification, as thou defireft thy work should prosper and thrive. And therefore pray affectionately, That God, in and through Christs spirit, may enliven thee from dead works, and seperate light from thy dark body and Chaos of sin, that so being truly baptized into him and his Righteoni. ness, by an Effential and Living Seed of Faith, thou maiest improve thy Talent, and mount through and above the quaternary defiling world into the Trivne power, and at last come to the quintessential, or Super celestial Central circle of Peace, and Heavenly Beatitude.

Wherefore now, candid Reader, if thou beeft not fatisfied with this work or these expressions, leave them for the Author, for the said Epitaph and Figured Scutcheons will serve me well enough for a Grave Stone (which was so chiefly intended at the first) where I may lye at rest, with or without any other Herauldry, or Applause; and wherein thou maiest plainly nevertheless read thy mortality, as on other Tombs, To prepare thy felf for thy long home of Eternity, for thy Body, Soul, and Spirit, must be seperate, and the four Elements thus corrupted from the Sal, Sulphur, and Mercury, generate Worms, &c. which after a full and perfect leparation, are again to be re united at the day of doom, for a quintessential, super celestial. and everlasting being: The good in Joy and Peace of the Holy Ghost, which had fermented the same by Righteoulnels in this life into Christs Body as Members, and was in all the Saints and true Catholick Church, the Hope of Glory. But the other that were Bad, left to their Bestial, Seniual, and Divelish Fermented Affections, to be tormented eternally, with and by their bad Spirits, and groffer Essences, for their Idolatry of Fleshly, Divelish, and Worldly vanities, with horror and everlasting anguish of mind and body, wherewith nevertheless they will be nourisht and enabled to endure for ever and ever. All which I have declared and cannot be easily hid from thee, though thou shouldst want Lyncem eyes, or the Philosophick Eagles eye, to behold the light of nature exalted to the highest degree of the Sun by art; which nevertheless I wish thou maiest find out by this or some other means; so it may tend to the Praise and Honour of God, and thine and thy neighbours Eternal wellfare, who am thy friend and true Lover of Art and Nature, and care not what thou faiest or thinkest of w.C. or twice five hundred.

Laurum Amice eligis Rus,

tot in j

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A BRIEFE OF THE

GOLDEN CALF.

OR THE

Worlds Idol.

DISCOVERING
The Rarest Miracle of

NATURE.

How in less then a quarter of an hour by the smallest proportion of the Philosophers Stone, a great piece of Common Lead was totally transmuted into the purest transplendent Gold. With other most Rare Experiments and Transmutations.

Written in Latin by Dr. Frederick Helvetim, And Printed at the Hague, 1666.

And now Englished and abbreviated for the ease of the Readers.

By W. C. Esquire.

Laurum Amice Eligis Rus.



THE

EPISTLE OF VV. C.

TOTHE

READER.

Reader,

Have taught Helvetius with his Golden Calf, our English Tongue, to perswade thee (by these experiments from a true Adeptist) Of the reality of the Philosophers Stone, & Univer-

530:02

To the Reader.

Universal Medicine, and consequently to esteem the Noble Art of Chymistry by which it is wrought; And I heartily will the laws were not so strict, nor the fnares so many, against the honest Pra-Rifers of this Art, but to punish the others more severely that abuse the same, then I question not the further demonstration hereof. But the Golden Calf and Fleece are sufficiently divulged almost in every language, and many rare English Philosophers collected by our worthy Countryman Elias Astemole Esq; in his Theatrum Britannicum. There is also published a Manuscript of a most rare Anonymon (probably yet living) who like a miracle of nature, attained the Elixir at 23 years of Age, 1645. And as a true Elias (or fore-runner) hath taught the fame, in his Book Entituled, Secrets Revealed, or an open entrance to the shut Pallace of the King. We have likewise the bright Sun of our age, and lover of mankind, 70hn Rodolph

To the Reader.

dolph Glauber, Basilius Valentinus, and Cosmopolite Sendivogius, brave Helmont, Paracelsus, with several other Tranflations in English, wherein many rare fecrets are revealed for the honour of this Art, Improvement of our English Nation, and to establish a belief of the said Stone. This Worthy Helvetius it seems, had formerly a misprifion of this Art, but by these demonstrations mentioned in his book, he was convinced, and as worthily recanted to prefer the Truth, and Gods Honour before his own Repute, by which he hath gained more repute amongst all vertuous learned men. Now if these Experiments shall gain the like credit with you (as I doubt not but they may) you will not any ways detract or scandalize this almost D ivine Art. theless I do not perswade thee (with the murmuring Idolatrous Jews to adore this Ass or Golden Calf (the workmanship of mens hands) though termed To the Reader.

the God of this world) Nor with 7a. son or Hercules to hazard thy self, or any Limb, for the Fleece, or branch of the Golden Tree; but diligently to read and confider these and other learned Authors to find a true coherence amongst them, and how with Moses, or these Elias Artista's to wash the Laton, and burn the Golden Calf, and not thy Books; but beware thou fling not away thy mony before thou understandest the Roots of Nature, and the full art to If thou intendeft the thing herein mentioned, least thou come off with loss and blaspheme the truth; neither flight these Reliques of the Fleece as common dirt or dust, but rather magnifie the great Creator, who hath not only given us this pretious Stone for our health and wealth, but withal a most glorious white Stone, clothed in Scarlet, viz. his Son Christ Jesus for the Example, Redemption, and Eternal Salvation of all men of that Spirit, in and

To the Reader.

and with whom are all bleffings for Male and Female, Poor and Rich. But methinks these bright Stars thus eminently appearing, with other manifest Tokens would perswade us that the time is come, or not far off, when the true Elias is or will be revealing this and all other Arts and Mysteries more plainly and publickly then before, though not perchance in or by any fingle perlon, but in some publick Administration of Spirit (like a second John Baptist in a Fiery Chariot) to prepare the way for a higher delign, by which men may forfake their vain lusts and pleasures, to follow this and other laudable Arts. And Exercise more Justice, Honesty, and Love to their Neighbours, (hitherto very cool and remis) till they come to be transformed into the perfect Image of Christ, in, by, and with whom he will Reign spiritually; or else may find the imart of their vices by their violent Fiery Furies, and the Stone out of the Rock

To the Reader.

Rock or Mountain, Dan. 2. 45. cut out without hands, to fall upon them in Judgment, till they and their Idols, Gold and Vanities be turned to dift, or of no esteem, and afterwards the truth of Religion in Righteousness to flourish and cover the earth, as the waters do the Seas, and then God will even delight to dwell in and amongst the Sons and Daughters of men, as the Members of his beloved Son, Christs body, the true Catholick Church and Christs Kingdom; Though in some small differing outward forms, and that this his Kingdom may come and hasten, is the prayer of

Your well wishing friend,

W.C.

Or twice five hundred.

Laurum amice elegis Rus.



THE EPISTLE DEDICATORY

Of Doctor John Frederick Helvetius:

To the most Excellent and Learned, Doctors, Dr. Theodosius Retius, at Amsterdam, Doctor John Casper Fau-sius, at Heidlebergh, and Doctor Christianus Mentzelius, at Brandenburgh, My Honoured Friends and Patrons.

Oft Noble and Acute Searchers into the Vulcanick Anatomy: I mould not be wanting to manifest the glory and riches of this ancient Spagyrick Art, which I have seen and done, by projecting a very little of the Transmitting

Powder on a piece of impure Lead, which in a moment) was thereby changed into the most fixt pure Gold, enduring the starpest examination of fire, so that none need doubt, but certainly know the first material Mercury of Philosophers is to be found, and is as a sountain overslowing with admirable essential it is not in my thoughts to teach any man this Art, of which I my self am yet ignorant, but only to rebearse the proceedings I have seen. For it is only the part

The

The Epistle Dedicatory.

of Bruits to spend their life in silence, and not to declare that which might propagate the honour of the most Wise, Omnipotent God our Creator: It being ungrateful for men, (who ought to participate of the divine nature) not to glorsse their maker. I shall therefore without slourishing, faithfully relate whatever I saw and heard from Elias Attista, touching this miracle. For truly I was not so intimate, that he would teach me to prepare the Universal Medicine throughout the Artiscial, Chymical, Physical Method, yet he vonchsafed such a rational Foundation in the Method of Physick, that I shall never sufficiently extell his praise. Receive therefore this small present which I officionsly Dedicate to you for admiration. Farewell.

N. E. E. D. V.

Your most humble Servant.

John Frederick Helvetius,

CHAP



CHAP. I.



Efore I describe the I hilosophical Pigmy conquering Gyants in this Theatre of Secrets, suffer me to transcribe some of Helmonts words, out of his Book of The Tree of Life, fol. 630.

I am confirmined (faith he) to believe there is a Stone to

make Gold and Silver, though I know many exquifite Chymists have consumed their own and other mens goods in search of this Mystery; and to this day (alas) we see these unwary and simple Laborants cunningly deluded by a Diabolical Crew of Gold and Silver, fucking Hyes or Leeches. But I know many Stupid men will contradict this truth. This man will have it to be a work of the Devils. another a hodge podge, another to be the foul of gold; fo that with one ounce of this Gold may again be tinged only one ounce of Lead, and no more; but this is repugnant to Kifflers attestation, and others as I shall shew you: Another perhaps believes rpossible, but says, The Sawce is dearer then the meat; Yet I wonder not at all, for according to the Proverb,

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Things that we understand not we admire: But things that please our fancy, we desire.

Now what will man do in natural things, who is fallen from the fountain of light into the bottomless pit of darkness, especially in this Philosophick natural Study. Nay, it they understand a thing, they de. spile it, not knowing that more is to be sought then is possessed. Wherefore Seneca said right, in his book of Manners, Thou are not yet happy if the ruder fort deride thee not. But whether men believe deride or contradict, there is a certainty of the transmutation of Metals; for mine eyes have feen it, my hands done it, and handled this spark of Gods everlasting wisdom, or the true Catholick, Saturnine, Magnelia of Philosophers (a very Fire sufficient to pierce Rocks) a treasure equivalent to 20 Tun of Gold. What seekest thou more? I believed it with the eyes of Thomas in my fingers, I have seen I say in nature, That most secret supernatural Magical Saturn known to none but a Cabalist Christian: And we judge him the happiest of all Physicians, to whom this Soveraign Potion of our Medicinal Mercury is known; or of the Medicine of the Sun of our Afculapius, against the violence of death, for which else grows no better Panacea in all the Gardens, But the great God reveals not promiscuously these his Solomonical gifts; for it feems to most men a wonder, when they see the creature, by an Occult implanted magnetical virtue of it's like, to be brought into a real activity,

As for example. The ingenerated magnetical, potential vertue, in Iron from the Loadstone; in gold from Mercury; in Silver from Copper; and fo con**fequently**

fequently in all the Metals, Minerals, Stones, Hearbs and Plants, &c.

But here I may deservedly ask, Which of the wifest Philosophers is so acute, to perceive by what means or obumbration the Imagination in any voman with Child doth tinge venomous or monstrous things; and dispatcheth its work within a very moment, if it be brought to activity by any external object, I believe many will say, it is a Morto-Magical divelish work; but such Bablers are afraid of the Resplendency of the Essential Light of Truth, wherewith their Owl-like Eyes are lamentably afflicted. But as I may officer, the Stars are a cause of this matter, though thou or I perhaps cannot comprehend their heavenly Influences; neither are the Plants which the earth affords to be flighted herein, although I or thou cannot rightly judge from their external Signatures, the effects of their ingenerated virtues, which they eminently shew according to their degrees of Power, in the healing and preferving of mens bodies. But are all men desective in their light of understanding, because I or thou are wanting in knowledge, how the Powers Created to one and the fame end may be brought into activity. Thousands of such things might be instanced, although thou dost not know the splendor in the Angels, the candid brightnessin the Heavens, the Perspicuity in the air, the clear Limpidity in the waters, the variety of colours in the Flowers, the hardness in Stones and Metals, the Proportion in living Creatures, the Image of God in regenerated men, Faith in true Believers, and Reason in the Soul: Yet is there in them fuch a beauty, which very few mortals have throughly perceived, or plainly known.

Now why should there not be such an admirable virtue

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virtue in the true Philosophers Stone, which truly I have seen and known to be so. Yet hereby I endeavour not to perswade the worthy and unworthy alike, to labour in this work. I rather dehort busie searchers, from this most perissons secret, like as from some Holy of Holies; Yea, let every discreet Student be exceeding cautious in reading and keeping company with Sophisticate salse Philosophers. Nevertheless to satisfie curious Naturalists, I shall communicate faithfully whatsoever was acted between Elias the Artist, and Me, concerning the nature of

the Philosophers Stone.

It is a thing much brighter then Aurora, or a Carbuncle, more splendid then the Sun or Gold, and more beautiful then the Moon or Silver; Insomuch that this most recreating light, can never be blotted out of my mind, though it should not be believed by Learned Fools, or Illiterate Asses, babling nothing but the gloss of haughty proud eloquence. For in this exulcerated old malignant Age, nothing can be fecured from slanderous Carpers; But all such Batts and Bratts do err from Truth, and in progress of time vanish, miserably enshared in their own errors, yet our affertion shall stand till the very end of all generations, being built upon the eternal foundation of Triumphant Truth. And although this Art be not yet known to all, the Adept do affert according to experience. That this natural Mistery is only to be found with the great Jehovah, Saturninely placed in the Center of the World In the interim, we account them happy, who by the help of art, are careful how they may wash this Philosophical Queen, and circulate the Catholick Virgin Earth, within a Magick, Physis call Christalline Artifice; Nay, as Khunrade saith, they aone shall see the Philosophers King crowned with

all the colours of the world, and coming forth of his Bedchamber, and glaffy Sepulchre, more then perfect in his external glorified fiery body, shining like a bright Carbuncle, or a compact, and fonderous transparent Christal; These shall see the Salamander cassing our waters, and washing therewith, the Leprouse Metals in the are, as I my self have seen. What shall I say? These shall see the hops of the Spagyrick Art, where this kingly art did rest and lye hid fo many years in the Mineral Kingdom, as in their fafest bosom. A sturedly the true Sons of this Art shall not only manifest such a river of Numition; in which long fince *Eneas* being washt, and absolved from his mortality, by the command of Venus, was presently transformed like to an immortal God, but also the whole Lydian River (called Pattolus) transmuted into gold, as soon as Mygdonian Mydas hath washed himself in the some. Also in a long Series they shall partly see the Bath of naked Diana, and the Fountain of Narciffus; yea, Scylla walking in the Sea without her clothes, by reason of the ferventrayes of the Sun; and shall gather the blood of Pyramis and Thysbe, by whose help the white Mulberries were tinged into red. Partly also the blood of Adonis, transformed by the descending Goddess Venus, into the Anemone Rose: Partly also the blood of Ajax, out of which did spring the fairest Flower of Hyacinth or Violet: Partly also the blood of the Gyants, struck by Japiners The inderbolt: partly also the tears of Althea, shed when she had divested her self of her Golden Robes, and laid them down: Partly also the drops from Medea's decocted water, out of which green things did presently sprowt out of the earth: Fartly also Medeas Potion boyled out of many hearbs, gathered three days before the Juli Moon, for the healing of her good old Father Jason: Partly

(6) also the Medicine of Asculapius; Partly also the leaves by whose taste Glaucus was transformed into Neptune: Partly also the expressed juice of fafon, by whose benefit he got the Golden Fleece, in the Land of Colchos, after he had fought generously in the Field of Mars, not without great danger of his Life: Partly also the Garden of Hesperides,, from whose Trees might be gathered Apples of Gold: Partly also, Hippomines running a Race with Atalanra, delaying and conquering her, by throwing down three Golden Apples, given him by Venus: Partly also the Aurora of Cephalius; Parely also as it were Romulus transformed by Jupiter into a God : Partly also the Soul of Julius Cafar, transfigured by Venus into a Comer, and placed amongst the Stars: partly also Pytho the Serpent of Juno, springing up after Dencalions deluge out of the putrified Earth. heated by the rayes of the Sun: partly also the Fire. whereby Medea lighted seven Candles: partly also the Moon inflamed by the great burning of Phaeton; partly also the dryed shrub or branch of the Olive Tree, new greening with berries as a new and tender tree : partly also Arcadia, wherein Jupiter was used to walk: partly also the dwelling place of Pluto, at whose entrance the three headed Cerberus did watch: partly also that Mountain where Hercules burnt all his Members he had from his Mother upon a Pile of Wood, when the Fathers parts did remain fixt and incombustible in the fire, yet was he not one jot impaired in his life, but at length was changed into the likeness of a God. Further, these true children of the Philosophers, shall at last enter into the Temple of the transformed rustick house. whole roof was built out of fine gold. Indeed I cannot do less then once more proclaim aloud with

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the Adeptists. O happy, and thrice happy is this Artist who by the most gracious blessing of the most high Tehovah obtains this art to prepare and make this almost divine Salt, by whose efficacious operation the metallick body or mineral is broke open destroyed and killed, yet its foul is revived to the glorious refurrection of the Philosophick body: Most happy, therefore is he who obtains this Art of Arts. to the glory of God, by earnest constant prayers: For certainly the knowledge of this Mystery cannot be obtained, unless drawn and sucke out of the Toun. tain of Fountains, which is God. I herefore every ferious Lover of this inestimable art should believe the chief of his business is, That with uncessant defires and prayers in a living Faith, he implore, and adore the most Soveraign grace of Gods Holy Spirit in all his works: for it is the solemn custom of God to communicate his gifts candidly and liberally, only to candid and liberal men, mediately or immediately: for by this only holy way of the practice of Piery, all Students of difficult arts find what they defire. But they must exercise solitary Philosophical and Religious pleadings with Jecovah,, with a pure mouth and heart: For the heavenly wildem Sophia embraceth our friendship, offering us her kivers of gratious goodness and bounty, never to be drawn dry. And most happy is he to whom the true kingly way shall be shewed by an Adept Possessor of this great Secret But I foresee this small Preface will not fatisfie my Readers alike; some perchance taxing me for prefuming as it were to teach them an art unknown to ny felf, when this hath been my only purpose to relace a History: yet I doubt not but this study of divine wildom, will be sweeter to some then any Nectur, or Ambrofia. I say no more, but

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conclude with that of Julius Cafar Scaliger, That the end of truly wife men is the communicating of wisdom: According to that of Gregory Nysses He that is good, Communicates willingly his goods to others, for the property of good men is to be prostable to others.

CHAP. II.

The Testimony of divers illustrious Authors of this Arcanum.

Irst, Paracellus in the Signature of Natural things, fol. 358 This is a true sign of the tindure of Philosophers. That by its transmuting force, all impersest metals are changed, viz. (the white) into Silver, and (the red) into the best Gold, if but the smallest part of it be cast into a Crusible upon melted metal. &c.

Item, For the invincible Afrum of metalls conquereth all things and changeth them into a nature like to its felf, &c. And this Gold and Silver is nobler and better then that brought out of the Metallick Mines; and out of it may be prepared better Medicinal Arcana's.

Item, Therefore every Alchymist who hathsthe A-strum of the Sun, can transmute all red Metals into Gold, &c.

Item, Cur Tincure of Gold hath [Astral Stars within it: It is a most fixt substance and immurable in the Multiplication. It is a powder having the red-

dest colour, almost like Saffron, yet the whole corporeal substance is liquid like Rosin, transparent like Christal, frangible like glas. It is of a Ruby colour and of the greatest weight, &c.

Read more of this in Paracelsus Meaven of Phi-

losophers

Item, Paracelfus in his seventh book of Transmutation of natural things saith, The Transmutation of Metals is a great natural mistery, not against natures course, nor against Gods order, as many falsely judge. For the impersect Metals are transmuted into Gold, nor into Silver, without the Philosophers Stone.

Item, Paracelfus In his Manual of the Medicinal Stone of Philosophers saith, Our Stone is a heavenly Medicine, and more then perfect, because it cleanseth all filth from the Metals, &c.

Secondly, Henry Khunrade, in his Amphitheater of the eternal wisdom.

I have travelled much and visited those esteemed to know somewhat by experience, and not in vain, &c. (Amongst whom, I call God to witnes) I got of one the universal Green Lyon, and the blood of the Lyon: That is Gold, not vulgar but of the Philosophers. I have seen it, touched it, tasted it, and smelt it: O how wonderful is God in his works! I say they gave me the prepared Medicine, which I most fruictfully used towards my poor neighbour in most desperate cases, and they did sincerely reveal to me the true manner of preparing their medicine.

Item, This is the wonderful method which God only hath given me immediately & mediately, yet fub-

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ordinately through Nature, Fire, Art and master whatsoever it will by the fire hence a Sonof art help (as well living as filent) corporal and spiritua nay perceive, why the Philosophers have given their watching and fleeping.

own hands shalt thou handle, and with thine eyes And further, in the same place it is fermented with fee the Azoth, viz. the Universal Mercury of the Metals, viz. The Stone being in its highest whiteness, Philosophers, which alone, with its internal and ex-s fermented with pure Silver to the white. But ternal fire, is sufficient for thee to get our Stone; no the Sanguine Stone, with pure Gold to the red. And vertheless with a sympathetick Harmony, being Marking the work of three days, &c. gick-physically united with the Olympick fire, by an

inevitable necessity, &c.

Item. Thou shalt see the Stone of the Philosophen (our' King) go forth of the bed-chamber of his Glassie Sepulchre, in his glorified body, like a Lord I have oft seen the Scone and handled it, and have of Lords, from his Throne into this Theater of the projected the fourth part of one grain wrapped in world: That is to fay, regenerated and more then paper, upon eight ounces of quink filver boyling in perfect; a Shining Carbuncle; a most temperate splent a crusible, and the quicksilver with a small noise predour, whose most subtile and depurated parts are into sond still from its. Flux, and was congeated like perably united into one, with a concordial mixture to yellow wax, and after a flux by blast, we found exceedingly equal, Transparent like a Chrystal, Come tight ounces wanting, eleven grains of the purest pact and most ponderous, easily susible in fire, like Gold; Therefore one grain of this powder would rofin, or Wax. before the flight of quick filver: yet transmute nineteen thousand, one hundred and eighty flowing without smoak, entring into solid bodies, and six parts of Quickfilver into the best Gold: so that penetrating them like oyle through Paper, diffolube his powder is found to be of Similary parts amongst in every liquor, and comiscible with it, fryable like Terrestrials, and doth transmute infinite plenty of glass, in a powder like Saffron: but in the whole impure metal into the best Gold, uniting with it, and Mass shining red like a Rubie (which redness is a sign to desends it from Canker, rust, rottenness, and death, of a persect fixation and fixed persection) Permand makes it in a manner immortal against all tornently colouring or tinging; fixt in all temptations tures of fire and art, and transfers it to a Virgiand tryals, yea in the examination of the burning Sul- nean purity of Gold, requiring only a fervent phur its felf, and the devouring waters, and in the leat, most vehement persecution of the fire, always incombustible, and permanent as a Salamander, &c.

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Azoth the name of Mercury, which adheres to bo-

Thirdly, Helmont in the Book of Eternal Life, Fol. 590.

Item, In his Tree of Life, fel. 630. I am confrained to believe there is a Gold and Silver making Item, The Philosophers Stone being fermented in Stone or powder; for that I have divers times made its parts in the great world, transforms it felf into projection of one grain thereof, upon some thousand

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grains of boyling quickfilver, to a tickling admiration of a great multitude. And further as before is rehearsed in the first Chapter. He also saith,

He who gave me that powder had so much at least as would transmute two hundred thousand pounds

worth of Gold.

Item, He gave me about halfa grain and thence were transmuted nine ounces and three quarters of quickfilver into gold, and he who gave it me was but

of one evenings acquaintance, &c. Besides,

The most noble expert manin the art of Fire, Do-Gor Theodor. Retsus of Amsterdam, gave me John Helvetius a large medal with this inscription, Theo-Divine Metamorphosis, &c. It was of Count Russ his making of Styria, and Carynthia in Germany, of which one grain transmuted three pound of quicksilver into pure Gold at all assayes.

Item, It is written that fixty years fince Alexander Scotus made such a projection at Hanaw in high Ger-

many, & C.

I cannot here pass by Dr. Kufter in an extract of

his Epistle.

First I found (in my Laboratory) an Aqua fortu, and another in the Laboratory of Charles de Roy; I poured that Aqua Fortis, upon the Calx of gold prepared after the vulgar manner, and after its third Cohobation, The Tindure of that gold did rife and sublimed into the neck of the retort, which I mixed with two ounces of filver precipitated in a common way, and I found that ounce in an ordinary Flux transmuted an ounce and half of the faid Silver into the best gold, and a third of the remainder into white of Salt from Knotner, the said Knotner having forgold, and the rest was the purest silver fixt in all examinations of the Fire; but after that y; was shortly after drowned, and Grill with his fatime I could never find more of that Aqua. fortis

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fortis. And I Helvetius saw this white gold. Item, Another rare Experiment done at the

Hague.

There lived at the Hague 1664. a Silver Smith, mmed Grill, well exercised in Alksmy, but poor according to the custome of Chymists. This Grill got some Spirit of Salt, not of a vulgar preparation, from one Caspar Knotner a Cloth Dyer, to use as he said for metals. The which afterwards he poured upon one pound of common Lead in an open glass, dish or platter, usual for confections or conditures; and after two weeks there appeared a most curious Star of Silver, fwimming uponit, as if it had been deiineated with a Pensel and pair of Compasses by some ingenious Artist. Whereupon the said Grill told us with joy he had feen the Signat Star of the Philosophers, whereof by chance he had read in Basilius : I with many others saw the same to our great admiration. The Lead in the interim remaining in the bottom of an ashy colour. After seven or nine days in July, the Spirit of Salt being exhaled by the heat of the air. the Star setled on the Lead or Feces in the bottome, and spread it self upon it, which many people saw. At last the said Grill took a part thereof, and out of that pound of Lead, he found by computation twelve ounces of cupelled Silver; and out of that twelve ounces, two ounces of the best Gold; and I Helvetius can thew some part of that spongeous Lead with part of the Star upon it, and also some of the said Silver and Now whilst this envious Silly Grill, concealing the use, endeavoured to get more of that spirit got what fort it was or else not finding it suddenmily dyed of the Plague; so that none could make further

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further benefit or tryal of the faidProgress afterward Indeed it would move admiration, that the Leads is ward nature should appear in such a noble outwar form by the simple maturation of the faid spir of Salt; neither is it less wonderful, that the Phili forhers score should so suddenly transmute all M tals to Gold or Silver, having its vertue potentia ly implanted within its felf, and raifed into an dive power; as is manifest in Iron toucht with the Load Scone.

But enough of this.

CHAP. III.

The sooner a thing promised is perfor med, the more grateful. I return to my predestinated Histo

He twenty seventh of December, 1666. in the afternoon, came a Stranger to my house at the Hague, in a Plebeick habit, honest Gravity, an ferious authority; of a mean Stature, a little lon face, with a few small Poek holes, and most blad Hair, not at all curled, a Beardless Chin, abo three or four and forty years of age (as I gueffel and born in North Holland. After falutation beseeched me with a great reverence to pardon h rude accesses, being a great lover of the Pyron chnyan Art; adding, he formerly endeavoured

visit me with a friend of his, and told me he had read some of my small Treatises, and particularly, that against the Sympathetick Powder of Sir Kenelm Digby, and observed my doubtfulness of the Philosophical Mystery, which caused him to take this opportunity, and asked me if I could not believe such a Nedicine was in nature, which could cure all Diseases, unless the principal parts (as Lungs, Liver, &c.) were perisht, or the predestinated time of death were come. To which I replyed, I never met with an Adept, or saw such a Medicine, though I read much of it, and have wished for Then I asked lif he were a Physician, but he preventing my question, said, he was a Founder of Brass, yet from his youth learnt many rare things in Chymistry, of a friend particularly, the manner to extract out of Metals many Medicinal Arcana's by force of fire, and was still a lover of it. After other large discourse of experiments in Metals, This Elias asked me if I could know the Philosophers Stone when I see it, I answered not at all, though I had read much of it in Paracelsus, Helmont, Bafilius, and others; yet dare I not fay I could know the Philosophers Matter. In the Interim he took out of his Bosome Pouch or Pocket, a neat Ivory Box, and our of it took three ponderous pieces or small Lumps of the Stone, each about the bigness of a small Wallnut transparent, of a paile Brimstone colour, whereunto did stick the internal scales of the Crucible, wherein it appeared this most noble substance was melted; The value of them might be judged worth about Twenty Tuns of Gold, which when I had greedily feen and handled almost a quarter of an hour, and drawn from the owner many rare secrets of its admirable effects in hu-

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mane and Metallick bodies, and other Magical properties, I returned him this Treasure of Treasures; truly with a most forrowful mind, after the custom of those who conquer themselves, yet (as was but just) very thankfully and humbly, I further defired to know why the colour was yellow, and not red, ruby colour, or purple, as Philosophers write; he anfwered, that was nothing, for the matter was mature and ripe enough. Then I humbly requested him to bellow a little piece of the Medicine on me, in perpetual memory of him, though but the quantity of a Coriender or Hemp Seed, He presently answered, Oh no, no, this is not lawful though thou wouldst give me as many Duckets in Gold as would fill this room, not for the value of the matter, but for some particular consequences, nay, if it were possible (said he) that fire could be burnt of fire, I would rather at this instant cast all this substance into the fiercest flames, But after he demanding, if I had another private chamber, whose prospect was from the publick Street, I prefently conducted him in to the best furnished room backwards, where he entred without wiping his Shooes (full of fnow and dirt) according to the custom in Holland, then not doubting but he would bestow part thereof, or some great secret treasure on me, but in vain; for he asked for a little piece of gold and pulling off his Cloak or Pastoral habit, opened his Doubler, under which he wore five pieces of Gold hanging in green filk Ribons, as large as the inward round of a small Pewter Trencher: and this Gold fo far excelled mine, that there was no comparison, for flexibility and colour, and these Figures with the Inscriptions ingraven, were the resemblance of them, which he granted me to write out.

D.8. Pag. 16.

Amen
Holy holy holy
is the Lord our God and
all things are, full of
his honour
Leo, Libra

The marudous
Wifdome of the wonderfull
Iehovah in the vniversall
Booke of nature I am
made the 26. of
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The wonderfull

God; Nature and
the spagyrical Art
make nothing
in vain:

To the Honour

f the Euerlasting, Inuisible

ivne only wise most high

& Consipotent, God of Gods,

hish holy holy Governor

and praise worthy

Proserver of all

Holy art thou
Oholy fririt, Halleluiah,
ffye opon the Divell
and never speake of
God without light
Amon.

I being

I being herewith affected with great admiration, defired to know where and how ne came by them. Who answered, An outlandish friend who dwelt some days in my House (giving out he was a Lover of this art, and came to reveal this art to me) taught me various Arts, First, How out of ordinary Stones and Christalls, to make Rubies, Chrysolites and Sapphires, & c. much fairer then the ordinary. And how in a quarter of an hour to make Creens Martis, of which one dose would infallibly cure the Pestilential Diffentary (or Bloody Flux) and how to make a metallick Liquor most certainly to cure all kinds of Dropsies in four days: as also a limpid clear water sweeter then hony, by which in two hours of it felf, in hot fand, it would extract the lindure of Granats, Corals, Glaffes, and fuch like more, which I Helvetins did not observe. My mind being drawn beyond those bounds, to understand how such a noble juice might be drawn out of the metals, to transmute Metals; but the shade in the water deceived the dog of the Morfel of Flesh in his month. Moreover he told me his faid Master caused him to bring a glass full of rain water, and fetch some refined Silver laminated in thin places, which therein was dissolved within a quarter of an hour, like Ice when heated: And presently he drank to me the half, and I pledged him the other half, which had not so much taste as sweet milk, whereby me thought I became very light hearted. I thereupon asked if this were a Philosophical drink, and wherefore we drank this Potion? He replied I ought not to be so curious. And after he told me that by the faid Masters directions, he took a piece of a Leaden Pipe, Gutter or Sistern, and being melted put a little such sulphurious powder out of his Pocket, & once

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again put a little more on the point of a Knife, and after a great blaft of Bellows in short time poured it on the red itones of the Kitchin Chimney, which proved most excellent pure Gold; which he said brought him into such a trembling amazement, that he could hardly speak: But his Master thereupon again incouraged him, faying, Cut for thy felf the fixteenth part of this for a memorial, and the rest give away amongst the poor, which he did. And he distributed so great an Alms as he affirmed (if my memory fail not) to the Church of Sparrenda: But whether he gave it at several times or once, or in the Golden Masse, or in Silver Coyn, I did not ask. At last faid he { going on with the flory of his master he taught me throughly this almost Divine Art. As soon as this his History was finishe, I most humbly beg'd he would shew me the effect of Transmutation to confirm my faith therein, but he dismissed me for that time in such a discreet manner, that I had a denial. But withall promifing to come again at three weeks end, and shew me some curious Arts in the Fire, and the manner of projection, provided it were then lawful without prohibition. And at the three weeks end he came, and invited me abroad for an hour or two, and in our walks having discourses of divers of natures secrets in the fire; but he was very sparing of the great Elixir, gravely afferting, that was only to magnifie the most fweet fame, and name of the most clorious God; and that few men indeavored to facrifice to him in good works, and this he expressed as a Pastor or Minister of a Church; but now and then I kept his ears open, intreating to shew me the Metallick transmutation; defiring also he would think me so worthy to eat and drink and lodge at my house, which I did profecute so eagerly, that scarce any Suiter could plead

(19) plead more to obtain his Mistress from his Corrival; but he was of fo fixt and stedsast a Spirit, that all my endeavors were frustrate: yet I could not forbear to tell him further I had a fit laboratory, and things ready and fit for an experiment. and that a promised favour was a kind of debt; yea, true faid he, but I promised to teach thee at my return with this proviso, if it were not forbidden.

When I perceived all this in vain, I earneftly craved but a most small Crum or Parcel of his pouder or Stone, to transmute four Grains of Lead to Gold; and at last out of his Philosophical commiseration, he gave me a Crum as big as a Rape or Turnip feed; faying, receive this small Parcel of the greatest Treasure of the World, which truly few Kings or Princeshave ever known or feen: But I said, This perhaps will not transmit four Grains of Lead, whereupon he bid me deliver it him back, which in hopes of a greater Parcell did; but he cutting halfe off with his Nail, flung t into the fire, and gave me the rest wraped neatly up n Blew Paper; faying, It is yet sufficient for thee. answered him (indeed with a mott dejected Counenance) Sir, what n eans this, the other being too ittle, you give me now less. He told me, If thou anst not mannage this; yet for its great proportion or so small a quantity of Lead, then put into the Cru. ible two Drams, or halfe an Ounce, or a little more the Lead; for there ought no more Lead be put in he Crucible then the Medicine can work upon, and ransmute: So I gave him great thanks for my dimiished Treasure, concentrated truly in the Superlative egree, and put the same charily up into my little Box; ying, I meant to try it the next day; nor would I eveal it to any. Not so, not so; (said he) for cought to divulge all things to the Children of Art;

which

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which may tend to the fingular honour of God, that fo they may live in the Theosophical truth, and not at all die Sophistically. After I made my confession to him, that whilst this Masse of his Medicine was in my hands, I indeavoured to scrape a little of it away with my Nail, and could not forbear; but scratcht off nothing, or so very little, that it was but as an indivisible Atome, which being purged from my Nail, and wraptin a Paper; I projected on Lead, but found no transmutation; but almost the whole Masse of

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any; for as for the matter, out of which our Magistery is made, I would have thee know there is only two Metals and Minerals, out of which it is prepared; but in regard the Sulphur of Philosophers is much more plentiful and abundant in the Minerals; therefore it is made out of the Minerals. Then I asked again. What was the Menstrum, and whether the operation or working were done in Glaffes, or Crufibles? He answered, the Menstrum was a Heavenly Salt, or of a Heavenly Virtue, by whose benefit only the wise Lead flew away, and the remainder turned into a meer men diffolve the Earthly Metallick body, and by fuch glaffy Earth; at which unexpected passage, he smi- a solution is easily and instantly brought forth the most ling, said, thou art more deatrous to commit Their, Noble Elixir of Philosophers. But in a Crusible is then to apply thy Medicine; for if thou hadft only all the operation done and performed, from the bethen to apply thy Medicine; for if thou hadft only all the operation done and performed, from the bewraped up thy stollen prey in Yellow Wax, to preginning to the very end, in an open fire, and all the ferve it from the arifing sumes of Lead, it would have penitrated to the bottom of the Lead, and transmuted then four days, and the whole work no more charge it to Gold; but having cast it into the sumes, partly by the sum of the vaprous sumes, and partly by the Sympathetick alliance, it carryed thy Medicine quite was of any great price. And when I replyed, the away: For Gold, Silver, Quick silver, and the like away of any great price. And when I replyed, the philosophers affirm in their writings, that seven or Metals, are corrupted and turn brittle like to Glass, him Months at the least, are required for this work. By the Vapours of Lead. Whereupon I brought him He answered, Their writings are only to be understood my Crusible wherein it was done, and instantly by the true Adeptists; wherefore concerning time perceived a most beautiful Sassron like Tincure stid shey would write nothing certain: Nay, without the on the sides; and promised to come next morning, by communication of a true Adept Philosopher. nor one on the sides; and promised to come next morning, brommunication of a true Adept Philosopher, not one on the fides; and profined to determine the fides; and profined them would flew me in the Morning, and then would flew me in the flew me in the way to prepare this great Magierror, and that the faid Medicine should transform flery, for which cause I warnand charge thee (as a the Lead into Gold. Nevertheless I earnessly prayer them.) not to sling away thy Money and Goods to the Lead into Gold. Revertifiers I earlierly professional from the interim to be pleased to declare only for much out this Art; for thou shalt never find it. To present instruction, if the philosophick work to which I replied thy Master, (though unknown snew-much, or required long time. My friend, my friend d it thee; So mayst thou perchance discover some (said he) thou art too curious to know all things hing to me, that having overcome the Rudiments, an instant, yet will I discover so much; that neither may find the rest with little difficulty, according to the great charge, or length of time; can discours he old saying. It is easier to adde to a foundation,

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then begin a new. He answered, In this Art'tis quite otherwise; for unless thou knowest the thing from the head to the heel, from the Eggs to the Apples; that is, from the very beginning to the very end thou knowest nothing, and though I have told thee enough, yet thou knowest not how the Philosophers do make, and break open the Glassy Seal of Hermes, in which the Snn fends forth a great splendour with his marvelous coloured Metallick Rayes, and in which looking Glass the Eyes of Narcissus behold the transmutable Metals. for out of those Kays the true Adept Philosophers gather their fire; by whose help the Volatil Metals may be fixed into the most permanent Metals, either Gold or Silver. But enough at present ; fori intend (God willing) once more to morrow at the ninth hour (as i faid) to meet, and discourse further on this Philosophical subject, and shall shew you the manner of Projection. And having taken his leave, he left me forrowfully expecting him; but the next day he came not, nor ever fince: Only he fent an excuse at halse an hour past nine that morning by reason of his great business, and promised to come at three in the asternoon, but never came, nor have the whole matter. Never heless late that night my left (who was a most curious Student and enquire and most beautiful Colours imaginable; yea, and the aster the Art, whereof that worthy man had discouns greenest Colour, which as soon as I poured forth into came solliciting and vexing me to make experiment and logor, it got the lively fresh Colour of Blood; that little spark of his bounty in that Art, whereby the the more assured of the truth; saying to me, unless this be done, I shall have no rest nor sleep all the night; but I wisht her to have patience till next more in the night wishes a short trial of turn again to show us the right manner. In the meas souch, the judged it most excellent Gold in the whole turn again to shew us the right manner. In the meas Touch, the judged it most excellent Gold in the whole time (the being to earnest) I commanded a fire

(23)be made (thinking alas) now is this man (though fo divine in discourse) found guilty of falsehood. And Secondly attributing the error of my projecting the grand theft of his powder in the dirt of my Nail to his charge, because it transmuted not the Lead that time; And lastly, because he gave me too small a proportion of his faid Medicine (as I thought) to work upon fo great a quantity of Lead, as he pretended and appointed for it, Saying further to my felf, I fear, I fear indeed this man hath deluded me, Nevertheless, my wife wrapped the faid matter in Wax, and I cut halfe an Ounce, or fix Drams of old Lead, and put into a Crafible in the fire, which being melted, my wife put in the faid Medicine made up into a small Pill or Button, which prefently made fuch a hiffing and bubling in its perfect operation, that within a quarter of an hour all the masse of Lead was totally transmuted into the best and finest Gold, which made us all amazed as leave, he left me forrowfully expecting him; but Planets Aruck. And indeed (had I lived in Ovids

world.

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world, and offered to give most willingly fifty Florens

for every Ounce of it.

The next day a rumor went about the Hague, and spread abroad; so that many illustrious Persons and Students gave me their friendly visits for its sake: Amongst the rest the general Say-master, or Examiner of the Coynes of this Province of Holland, Mr. Porelius, who with others earnestly beseeched me to pass some part of it through all their Customary trials, which I did, the rather to gratifie my own Curiofity. Thereupon we went to Mr. Brettel a Silver-Smith, who first tried it per Quartam, viz. he mixt three or four parts of Silver with one part of the faid Gold, and laminated, filed, or gramilated it, and put a sufficient quantity of Aqua Fort thereto, which presently dissolved the Silver, and suffered the said Gold to precipitate to the bottom; which being decauted off, and the Calx or Powder of Gold dulcified with water, and then reduced and melted into a body, became excellent Gold : And whereas we feared loss, we found that each Dram of the said first Gold was yer increased, and had transmuted a Scruple of the faid Silver into Gold, by reason of its great and excellent abounding Tincture.

But now doubting further whether the Silver was sufficiently separated from the said Gold, we instantly mingled it with fever parts of Antimony, which we melted & poured into aCone, & blowed off the Regulm on aTest, where we missed eight Grains of our Gold, but after we blowed away the rest of the Antimony, or superfluous Scoria, we found nine Grains of Gold more for our eight Grains missing, yet this was somewhat pale and Silver-like, which easily recovered its full Colour afterwards; So that in the best proof of fire we lost nothing at all of this Gold; tut gained as aforesaid:

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aforesaid. The which proof again I repeated thrice, and found it still alike, and the faid remaining Silver out of the Aqua Fortis, was of the very best flexible Silver that could be; So that in the total, the faid Medicine (or Elixir) had transmuted six Drams and two Scruples of the Lead and Silver, into most

pure Gold.

Behold I have now related the full History, from the Philosophical Eggs to the Golden Apples, (as the Proverb goes) and though I have the Gold, yet where the Philosopher and Elias is I know not; but wherefoever he is the Almighty God (protector of all Creatures) (helter him from all danger under hiswings: and bring him to Eternal bliss and happiness in his heavenly Kingdom, after the end of his full pilgrimage in this life, for the succour and relief of Christendome. and the whole world, Amen.

CHAP.

dixsi

CHAP. IV.

I betake me now to the Dialogue between Elias the Artist, and the Phisician, to express what is past, and all other passages.

God fave you Helveting? I have heard of your curious fearch after natural things, and read thy Books, particularly against Kenelme Digbys Sympathetical Pouder, where he glories to to heal all wounds at a distance. Truly I delight incredibly in all such things, which we see in this Lookglass naturally implanted in the Creatures, whether Sympathetick or Antipathetick: for the inexhaustible Treasures of the Divine light and Deity (abundantly granted us) may be perfectly known out of the Creatures under the Sky, or in the womb of the Earth, or in the Seas brought forth. That with all their gifts and powers (protentially in them) they might be be beneficial to restore health and help to mortal man.

Physician. Sir, You are the the welcomest Guest; for a philosophical discourse of nature is the only refreshing of my Spirit, and Salutiferous nourishment; come I pray into this Chamber.

Elias. Sir, It feems you have here a whole shop of the fiery Art of Valcan, and perhaps all Spagyrical Medicines, most exactly drawn out of the Mineral Kingdom.

Kingdom, But Sir? For what end so many Medicaments? when by a most few we may much sooner and safelyer restore the health of man, if the distemper be not deadly, either out of desect of nature, or putrisaction of any noble part, or the whole consumption of the radical hemidity; for in such desperate cases neither Galenical Cures, nor Paracelsical Tinctures can be helpful; but it is not thus in ordinary diseases, where nevertheless often men are constrained before their fatal Term, to travail out of this most sweet light amongst the dead, for want of speedy and potent remedies,

Phisician. Sir, I apprehend by your discourse you are either a Physician, or an expert Student in Chymistry, Verily I believe there are more excellent Medicaments, and an universal Medicine, which might prolong life, until the determinate end, and also cure and heal all distempers in mans body, but who can shew the way to such a Fountain, whence such a Medicinal Juice may be obtained, perhaps none amonst men.

Elins. Truly I am only a Founder of Brass, yet almost from my Cradle my Genius prompted me to search Curiosities in the stery Art, and I have diligently searched through the internal nature of Metals, and though now I forbear assidual labour and accurate Scrutiny, yet such labours and lovers are delightful to me; and I believe the most high, great and good God, will in this our Age afford his Spagyrick Sons the Metallick mysteries gratis yet, by praying, and labouring to attain them.

Physician. I grant God affords his commendable good things gratis, yet he hath seldom given or doth easily sell to his Sons this Medicinal Nestar for nothing.

For

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For we know certainly that infinite numbers of Chymists have and do still draw water through a Sieve, whilst they presume to prepare the universal Stone of Unilosophers, and out of the Books of triumphing Adeptilts, none can learn the manner of preparing it, or know their first matter. And whilst one fearcheth on the lowest root and foot of the Mountain, he never ascends to the highest top, where only he can eat and drink the Ambrosa and Nettar of the Macro-Sophists or Philosophers. In the Interim it is the part of a good Physician, for want of that universal Elixir, to keep a pure and sase Conscience, and apply to diseases such restoring remedies in which he certainly finds the effect and Virtue of Curing them. Therefore in all desprate Diseases I use such most simple Medicaments, that the Patients either speedily recover, or are brought into some way of their former better health.

For there are various kinds of Salts generated in the Glandules and Lymphatick Vessels, after the putresaction of this or that received nonrishment, which afterwards flourish out in various humours, and cause either internal or external distempers, For experience teacheth us, that as many constitutions or Complexions, so many diversities of Diseases, although it be the very same Disease in general. As we have experience in them who drink Wine, where divers operations presently manifest themselves.

For Peter having drunk Wine, presently begins to be angry and surious on the contrary: Paul seems to have a Lamblike timidity; but Matthew sings, and Luke

weeps.

Item. From the contagious Scorbutical poison, the Radical Juice of Peter in his Lymphatick Vessels and Kernels is turned into Acidity, which abstructs

the passages and Organs of all the whole body. From whence springs up under the skin discolourd Azure or Skie-colour spots; but in the time of the Plague they bud forth in the likeness of Cornes of Pep-

per

But the Juice of the same parts in Paul is changed into an opening bitterness from whence in the skin grow red spots under the Arms and Legs, like unto flea-

bites; but in the plague time Carbuncles.

But the Juice or humidity of the same parts in Mathew is turned somewhat sweet and easie to be putrified, whence bud forth under the skin watry Tumors on his Arms and Legs, the like almost you may see in Hydropical Patients; but in the pestilence riseth pestilential Tumors.

But of the same parts in Luke, the Juice is changed into a sharpe salty drines, whence come forth under the skin of his Arms and Legs, precipitations of the ordinary ferment of the sless, and such exsiccations as commonly sall out in the consumtive Atrophia; yea; most often into the true Atrophia: But in the Plague, come forth most ardent swellings, with

distractedness until death.

Behold my friend! No Physician, by one universal Medicine can Cure this only Disease of the Scorbutick-pestilential or Febrile-poyson, but indeed by means of a particular Vegetable or Mineral granted in nature from God, we may; for I can succour and handle all Scorbutical patients, with one Scorbutical Herb, as Scurvy-grass, or Sorrel, or Fumitary, or Baccabungia, called Brooklime or Red Coleworts, yea, much less can we succour them with one remedy compounded of all these divers species; for as much as there is such an Antipathy between Scurvy-grass and Sorrel, as there is between fire and water, and the same

Antipathy

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Antipathy is also observed between the Herb Fumita-

ry, and Baccabungy: Therefore

The Corrector of Peters Scorbutical, colouring Salty, and sower Poyson, is made with the bitter Volatile Salt of the Herb Scurvy-grass.

The Corrector of Pauls Scorbutick, tinging, falty and bitter poylon, is made with the fixt fowr Salt of the

Herb Sorel.

And the Corrector of Mathew's Scorbutick falty tinging sweet and moistening poyson, is made with the help of the fixt bitter and drying Sulphur of the

Herb lumitary.

But the Corrector of Luke's Scorbutical Tingent, Salty, sharp and drying poyson, is made by the help of the sweet moistening Mercury of the Herb Baccabungy, Brooklime r Red Coleworts: As out of the External signature of those Herbs is very easie to judge the specifick internal remedy, against these divers Scorbutical Diseases. Verily my seiend; if this be well observed, a prudent Physician will doubt of the universal Medicine.

Elias. I shall easily grant all which thou hast Argued, yet the sewest of Physicians observe this Nethod. In the interim it is not at all impossible that there is also in the Kingdom of Minerals (being the highest) an universal Medicine, by whose only benists we may essent and assort all which are recounted by thee of many Remedies out of the lowermost Kingdom of Vegetables. But our most great and good God for some weighty Reasons, hath not given this kind of magnificent Charismal gift or supereminent Science promiscuously to all Philosophers; but hath revealed the same to a sew, though all the Adeptiss agree that this Science is true, and that none ought to doubt of the truth thereof in the least.

Physician.

(31) Physician, Sir besides the mentioned things, there are yet other observations strenuously opposing the operation of an universal medicine; Partly in respect unto mens age and strength, Partly by reason of the Sex, and other circumstances, whilst there is a plain difference between the tender and ftrong: Either by nature or education, and between the male and the female; young man and maid; and between the beginning, middle, or end of the disease; And it must be known if the disease be inveterate, or but lately have invaded the party; and lastly, if the Ferment in this disease be promoted, or in another be precipitated: For the Effervency of the Ferment is made in the Stomack, or intestines, and indeed many contradictions are against the Universal Medicine, and few Phisitians have Thomas a Didymus Spectacles at their fingers ends.

Elias, You have argued very Philosophically; for fo many men, so many minds. And as sweet Mufick pleafeth not every Mydas ears, or the same meats and drinks please every Pallate: So the judgments of unskilful persons are very different concerning this Universal Medicine, both for humane and Metallick Bodies: And certainly the operation of this differs much from particular Medicines; Some whereof nevertheless are in a manner universal, or so efleemed, as the Herb Scurvygrafs, curing all forts of the Scurvy, marked with Azure spots; Sorrel, every Scurvy with red spots; Beccabungia (red Coleworts or Brooklime) Atrophia, or the Consumptive kind: and Fumitary Tumors of another kind: Especially with such Phisicians to whom the abovesaid observations are in high esteem. Besides there is a vast disference between the universal Medicine of true Phiosophers, which revives all the vital spirits, and the

particular

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particular Medicament of a flight cure; where only the venome of humours boyling against nature (in this man fowre, in another bitter, &c. and in one Saline, in another sharp) is corrected: . . nd if these corruptions be not presently removed by the usual Emunctories of Mouth, Nostrils, Stool, Urine, or Sweat; then certainly the Corruption of one, begets another disease; for every spark of Fire having food, and not quencht, will arise to the greatest con-But if there be a defect in the motions of the Vital Spirits, then this is impossible to be effected by particulars; wherefore it concerns every conscientious Phisitian to learn how he may promote the motion of the vital spirits, to a natural digestible heat, which is most securely and best performed by our univerfal N edicine, by which the fick are notably recreated; for as foon as this more then perfect Medicine removes the mortifying feeds, Nature is restored, and so lost health recovered; and that only by a harmonious Sympathy between it and the vi-Sicknesses, yea, of the very Plague and Pestilence; tential powers to become active. volent Influences.

but other practical Chymists teach how to seperate Lunatick to believe that any Medicine in the world he impure from the pure, and ripen the unripe could prolong life longer then God limits.

o make the bitter become a little sower or Acid Physician, Worthy Sir, I agree now cheerfully to

and the lower sweet, and so to turn tharp into mild ; mild into sharp, sower into sweet, and sweet into sower. Also I understand you say this universal medicine cannot prolong life beyond its prenxed time, but only preserves it from all venome and deadly sickness, which agrees with the vulgar belief, That the Life depends only upon the will of God. But passing by these things, my question is still, whether amans former nature may be converted into another new nature? So that a flothful man, may be changed into a diligent nimble man and a Melancholy man by nature be made a merry man; or the

like.

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Elias. Not at all Sir, for no Medicine hath power to transform the nature of man in fuch a manner, no more then wine drunk by divers men changeth the persons nature, but only provokes or deduceth what isin man potentially into Act; For the universal Medicine works by recreating the vital spirits, and so restoreth that health which was suppressed for a time. tal Spirits; Wherefore the Adept do call it the My. In the same manner the heat of the Sun never transfler, of Nature, defence of old Age, and against all mutes the Hearbs and Flowers, but stirs up their po-For a man of me-For this being a kind of Salamander, communicates lancholly temper is again raised up to his natural metor this being a kind of bander) makes a man live lancholy disposition, and a merry man to become till his last appointed time against all the Fiery Epi- merry. And so in all desperate diseases, it is a predemical Darts of the angry Heavens or their Male fent and most excellent preservative. Nay if there could be any prolonging of Life. Then Hermes, Pa-Physitian, Sir! I understand by your discourse, racelfus, Trevisan, and many others having had the That this Medicine doth nothing to the correcting of faid Medicine would never have undergone the Tyrandepraved or corrupt humours, but only by strength my of death, but have prolonged their lives perhaps to ning the Vital Spirits, and our Balfamick Nature; this very day: It were therefore the part of a made the part of a made the strength of the part of a made the part of the part o

(34丿 all you have faid touching the Universal Medicine, being no less regular then fundamental; Yet till I can prepare the same my self, it profits me not : Indeed some illustrious men have written of it so cautiously in dark Enygmas, that very few can understand their progress to the end; and if one could purchase all thefe Authors, this short life might be therein consu med, and not attein the thing. It remains therefore only to pray and labour, Ora & labora, Deus dat omni hora, Work and Pray, God gives every day.

: Elias, Seldom indeed can this Art of Arts be pickt out of Books without demonstration from some true

Adeptilt.

But waving this, let us come to Transmutation of Merals, by the most noble Tincture of which many have written, but 'tis true, few Disciples attain this Arcanum.

Physician, Your convincing Arguments, and my fore going Experiments, I believe all you lay; for Dr. Kuffler with the Tincture of one ounce of gold, projected on two onnces of Silver, transmuted as is faid; an ounce and half into the rurest gold, and a third of the remainder into white gold, and the rest was still the purest Silver imaginable. And Van Helmonte experiment proves the fare, But especially Alexander Scottes, and Count Russes Experiment, well known at Prague, and as here you may fee the inscriptions done before the Romin Emperont Cafar Ferdinand the Third; Where with one grain of Tindure were transmuted three pound of Mercury into the noblest pure gold. Yet I confess I never saw a true Adeptist, or projection made, and therefore cannot fo absolutely conclude these things to be true.

Elias, My Friend, The art will remain true, whe-

LIKE AS RARE MEN HAVE THIS ART SOE COMETH IT VERY RARELY TO LI EX HIBI: PRAGVE ETH COMMVNICATE A PART OF HIS INFINITE PRESENCE POWER TO VS HIS SACRED MOST ABIECT The Thickne/S CREATURES of that piece of gould

fount Rufz, uppermost Hill mafter in Steyer nd Carinthia (two Provinces of high Germany) ath with one only graine of Tincture transmuted ree pounds of Qinck silver into pure gold fixt vall assayes & proofee out of which was cast his piece of Gould

F.2. Fag .35.

Amen
Hely hely hely
is the Lord our God and
all things are full of
his honour
Les. Libra

The nurvelow

Wifderne of the wonderfull

Iehovah in the pninervall

Booke of nature I am

made the 26. of

August.

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The wonderfull

God; Nature and

the fragyricall Art

make nothing

in vain.

To the Honour

of the Everlusing, Invisible

trizme only wife most high

& Consupotent, said of Gods,

howholy holy Governor

and presseworthy

Profereer of all

Holy art thou
Oholy fririt, Hallohiah,
ffye open the Divell
and never freake of
God without light
Amon.

ther you believe or not: For Example. In the fire gular exalted sulphurous virtue in the Loadstone (by its only touch derives a sympathetick vertue into the sulphurous Iron to become another Magnet or Loadstone by its touch. So dorn it happen in the Philosophers Stone, in the which is all that the wisemen seek. Now in regard their writings are so numerous and dark: it is to be wished one Laconick short Epitomy were extracted out of all for the said Art to be clearly manifested in a short time, with little labor and e pence; and so a most easie Transite made to the best Authors. But look here, I will now shew you the true matter of Philosophers to confirm your belief.

Phisitian, Is this glassy yellow Masse it indeed? I fear you do but jest or ually with me.

most pretions thing in the world, the true Philosophers stone, none ever more real or can be better, neither shall any have another, and 1 my self have wrought it from the very beginning, to the very end. Then stepping into a more private Room he shewed me these sive pieces of pure gold, made out of Lead by the Philosophical Tincture, which saith he, I wear in memory of my Master: Now by thy great reading canst thou judge of what matter or substance it is made and composed.

Physician, Sir I cannot judge, but it seems you learnt it not of your self, but had a master instructed you to make it. Now I beseech you Sir, bestow a state crum of the same upon me, if it be but as much as a Coriander or Hemp Seed, only to transmute sour grains of Lead into gold.

Elias, I confess an honest good man first shewed me the possibility, and then the art and manner to pre-F 2 pare

(36) pare the Medicine, but to give thee any of this Medicine is not lawful, though I had for it as many Duckets as would fill this room; not for my esteem of the matter, which is of no price at all, but for other private confiderations, and to make it so appear, I would now through all into the fire to be confumed, if it were possible for the fire to destroy fire. Be not therefore covetous, for thou hast seen more then many Kings or Princes that have fought for it. But I must now depart, and purpose to come again at three weeks end, and then if not hindred or forbid, I will abundantly fatisfie thy curiofity to fee transmutation; in the Interim, I warn you not to tamper with this dangerous art, least you lose your same and substance in the athes.

Physician, Sir, What shall I do, if it be not lawful for you to bestow so small a part of your tincture, because of your Philosophical Oath, taken at your drinking the dissolved Silver in the rain water. Yet know I doeagerly defire to learn this, and I believe Adam (thrown out of Paradice for eating an Apple) would again defire this golden Fruit out of Atlantas Garden, though to hazard the destruction you pre-And though I have not yet ifeen transmutation from you, I thank you for your great friendship in forewarning me of the dangers, and shewing me what I have feen, and till your return, I shall delight my felf with what is discovered both of your Medicine and Person. But I fear Sir, if any King, Prince, or Potentate should know the same (which God forbid) they would perchance imprison and torture you, till you should reveal all the art to to the method to the state of t

Elias, I never shewed the Stone to any in the world, but to you, except one aged man, and hence. forth shall not to any; but if any King, or other, (which I hope God will not permit) should Rack me to pieces, or burn me alive, I would not reveal it to them, neither directly nor indirectly, as many circumferanious Physitians, Mountebanks, Vagabonds, and others pretend to do.

Phisitian, Good Sir tell me in the Interim, who are the best Authors, in regard by experience you are best

able to judge.

Elias, Indeed Doctor I have not read many books. but amongst those I have read, none more curious then Cosmopolite Sendivogius, The Dutch Borger Derwerel, and Brother Basilins 12 Keys, I can lend thee Sendinogine at my return, in whose obscure words the Truth lyes hidd, even as our Tincture lyes inclo. sed in the minerals and Metallick bodies.

Phisitian, Sir, I give you most hearty thanks for your exceeding kindness and love, Believing that marvellous and efficacious Essences and Tinctures, lies hid in Metals and Minerals under the external rinds and shells of their bodies; though I find few so expert in the Fire, to know how to pick out their Kernel Philo. sophically, for (as Isaac Holland writes) the outward body of every Animal, Vegetable, and Mineral, is like to a Terrestrial Province, within which excellent spiritual effences do retire and dwell, Wherefore it is needful that the fons of art should know how, by some faline, fit, sutable Ferment (pleasant and agreeable to the Metallick Nature) to tame and subdue, dissolve. eparate, and concentrate, not only the Metallick Magnetick virtue, wherewith to Tinge; but also Phi(38)

losophically to multiply the same, in their golden or silvery Homogenity. For we see that the bodies of all creatures are not only easily destroyed, but as soon as they cease to live, they hurry to their graves in puttesaction, viz. to their old Chaos and darkness of Orem: wherein they were before they were brought to light by Creation in this World. But also who or what man can or will shew us this Art in the Metallick Kingdom.

Elias. Sir I confess you judge right of the natural destruction of things, and if it be Gods pleasure, he can (as to me) send one (sooner then thou hopes) to shew thee the manner to destroy Metals and Minerals, in a true Philosophical manner, and to gather their inward souls. In the mean time implore the blessing of this great God, who doth all things as he pleaseth. To whom I recommend thee, whose watchful eyes are always open, over all his regenerated Sons, in and through Christ Jesus So be sure I am your friend, and once more Farewell.

Hus my Friend Elias taking leave, left me three weeks, and to this very day; nevertheless, (as a Spur) he impressed all these things deep in my mind, and Paracelsus confirmed them, saying, That in, with, of, and by metals spiritualized and cleansed, are persect Metals made, and also the living gold and Silver of Philosophers, as well for humane as metallick bodies

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dies. Wherefore if this guest my Friend, had taught me the manner of preparing this Spiritual and Celestial Salt he spake of, by and with which I might (as it were) within their own matrix, gather the spiritual Rays of Sun or moon, out of the Corporal Metallick substances. Then truly from his own light he had so enlightened me, that I should have known how Magnetically (by a Sympathetick power) in other imperfect corporeal metals, their internal fouls might be Clarified and Tinged, so that their own similary bodies being of like kind, might be transmuted into Gold or Silver, according to the nature of red Seed, into a red body; or of the white Seed into a white and pure body; For Elias told me that Sendivogim his Calybs was the true Mercuri d Metallick hu. midity, by help of which (without any Corrofive) an Artist might seperate the fixt rayes of the Sun or Moon, out from their own bodies, in a naked Fire, in open Crusible, and so nake them Volatile and Mercurial, fit for a dry Philosophick Tincture (as he partly communicated and shewed me before he went) to transmute the Metals For all learned Chymists must consent, that Pyrotechny is the mother and Nurse of many noble Sciences and Arts, and they can easily judge from the Colours of the Chaos of metals in the fire, what metallick body is therein. And truly, every day, metals and transparent stones, are yet so procreated in the bowels of the Earth, from their proper, noble, vapourous feed, with a spiritual Tingent Sulphurous Seed, in their divers Salty Matrixes; for the common Sulphur, (or the Sulphur of any pure or impure metal, whilst yet conjoyned with its own body) being mingled only with Salt-Peter in the burning heat of Fire, will be eafily changed into

(40)

the hardest and most fixed Earth: And this Earth is afterwards easily changed by the air into most clear water, and this water after by a stronger fire, according to the nature of either pure or impure metallick Sulphur admixed) is turned into Glass, coloured with various and very beautiful colours. Almost so likewise is a Chicken generated and hatcht out of the white of an Egg, by a gentle natural heat; and thus also from the seminal Bond of Life of any metal, is made a new and much more noble metal, by a heat convenient to a salty fires nature, Though sew Chymists know perfectly how the internal virtues of metals (always magnetically moving according to their harmony or disconsonancy) are distinguished; and why one meral bath such a singular Sympathy or Antipathy with the other metal, as is seen in the Magnet with Iron, in Mercury with Gold, in Silver with Copper, very remarkably. And so in some are notably found an Antipathy, as Lead against Tin, Iron against Gold, Antimony against Silver: And again, Lead against Mercury. There are 600 such Sympathetical and Antipathetical Annotations in the animal and vegetable Kingdom, as Authors have written

Thus Candid Reader have I here printed what I have seen and done, for with Seneca I desire to know only that I may teach others: nay if wisdom were given conditionally to be kept secret, I would reject it. If any shall yet remain doubtful, let him with a living saich believe in his Christ Crucisyed, and in him become a new Creature, through the most strict way of regeneration, and be fixed therein in hope, and use true love and charity to his neighbour, will his life be justly, chastly, and holity sinishe, thereby safely to sail through the wicked and impudent

(41)

Sea of this world, to the peaceable Haven of Headven, where is an everlasting Sabbath with true Christians and Philosophers, in the true Jerusalem. John Frederick Helvetins, Count Russ in Syria, and Carynthia in Germany, with one grain of Tincture, transmuted three pound of Σ into pure Σ at all assays.

GOLDEN ASS Well managed,

AND

MYDAS Restored to Reason.

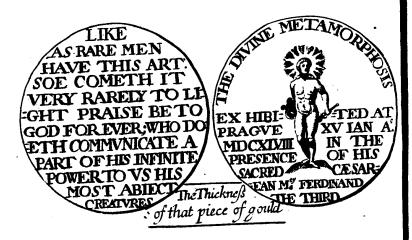
Or a new Chymical Light appearing as a day Star of Comfort to all under Oppression or Calamities, as well Illiterate, as Learned, Male as i emale; to ease their Burdens and provide for their Families.

WHEREIN

The Golden Fleece is Demonstrated to the blind world, and that good Gold may be found as well in Cold as Hot Regions (though better in hot) within and without through the universal Globe of the Earth, and be profitably extracted: So that in all places where any Sand, Stones, Gravel, or Flints are, you cannot so much as place your footing, but you may find both Gold, and the true matter of the Philosophers Stone. And is a Work of Women and play of Children.

Written at Amsterdam, 1669. by John Rodolph Glauber, The bright Sun of our Age, and Lover of Mankind, like a true Elias riding on this Golden Ass, in a Fiery Charlot.

And Translated out of Latin into English, in briefer Notes, 1670 by W. C. Esq. True Lover of Art and Nature, and well wisher to all men, especially to the poor distressed Houshold of Faith; The true Catholick Church, and body of Christ, Dispersed through many Forms of Religions, through the whole World, as the persed Israelites.



Count Rusz, uppermost Hill master in Stever and Carinthia (two Provinces of high Germany) hath with one only graine of Fincture transmuted three pounds of Quicksilver into pure gold fixt in all assayes & proofee out of which was cast this piece of Gould



THE

EPISTLE OF VV.C.

TOTHE

CHRISTIAN AND COURTEOUS

READER.

Job 28. 6. & 2 Esdras \$, 2.

Reader

Od who made Man out of Earth or Clay, and out of Stones could raise up Seed to Abraham, hath here sent thee Manna, and commanded these very Stones to yield thee Bread, in

To the Reader.

in these Calamitous times, or rather that which may satisfie thy honest and moderate wilhes more for Food and all necessaries (as was intended in the Fiction of Mydas) For every thing thou touchest by this Art may turn to Gold , and purchase whatsoever thou needest for thy self, Friends and Family, without borrowing, extortion, or fear of want, or wearing longer Ears then will become a rational man and argood Christian; And So thou maiest prove a true Fortunatus, or Providential Mydas, & procure thee a lighter heart then many that have a heavier Purse, which may be exhausted, lost or spent on their Lusts, and yet not satisfie their sears or covetous delires, though in present Plenty of Corn and Wine. Yea, if thou haft Grace and Wisdom, out of the very Stones in the Streets, or Jobs Dunghill, thou maiest raise the Golden Fleece, though in extract and Jobs **finall**

To the Reader.

fmall quantity, and mayest gain the Philosophers Stone, and withal make gold more plentiful then in Solomons days, and ride in Triumph over the World on this Golden Ass, by Glaubers new Chymical Light, without old Balams property. Quid non Mortalia pectora cogis Auri, sacra fames. Let this Art therefore breed in thee a holy hunger of God, rather then Gold, and improve this Talent to Gods Honour that sent it, and to thy honest Neighbours good; and sear not to be the poorer, though thou light thy Neighbours candle, by communicating fomthing of this Art, or the Fruicts thereof liberally, as thou wouldst be done unto; That so all may glorifie the Almighty giver for his great Treasures and bounty, and live together in Peace and Love, without Griping, Grudging, or Anxiety; whence may spring the true Golden Age, so long expected and desired

desired, with Halcion days; Neither needest thou be sollicitous for thine or their posterity, least they want bread, if thou givest them but these Stones with the use thereof for a Legacy. I have no other message at present, but to wish thee herewith to be content, and provide thee Treasures for Eternity, without taking notice of this mean messenger that brought it hither to thee, who though invisible or unknown, shall remain

Thy well wishing Friend

and Servant,

W.C.

Or twice five hundred.

L'aurum amice elegis Rus.

era en mingle vie

Total T.

POST-

To the Reader.

addadad dadadada

POSTSCRIPT.

O help thee here a little forwarder. Take four ounces (or what quantity of powder of Emery you please, such as Cutlers use, and is bought at the Ironmongers, or else good Yellow, Red, or Purple Talcum, or other good Stones or Minerals, Dissolve it in Spirit of Salt, of Glaubers cheapest making, Distill or Evaporate the Menstruum gently, or precipitate the Tincture by Lixiviat Salt, with or g or the properest Loadstone o, and reduce all by 2, but be sure not to be too hasty for a Regulus; But when you think it sufficiently washt and digested, cast it into a Cone for the first Regulus, Then with Glaubers Martial Discipline, To the Redger.

cipline, Mortifie the remaining sulphurious matter, and you have a courser Sol, and after a Lunary Body. Then begin again, and add the last to the first, and turn Ixions wheel in the Fire as oft as you please, till you find good profit.

Fobn



JOHN RODOLPH GLAUBER'S

EPISTLE

TO THE

READER,

Reader,

Atan with his Followers seeks nothing more, then the destruction on of Mankind, and to hinder him from the gifts and favour of God. Wherefore Idesire thee not to slight or G 2 judge

John Rodolph Glauber's judge of these things rashly, which thou knowst not; but first prove and try them throughly, and although you should fail (as it may eafily happen to the inexpert) yet blame not my writings or good intentions, but your own unfit Capacity, or inexperience; for I write nothing here, but what I have often effected, and can perform and prove true e-Consult therefore first very bour. with other more experienced searchers, whom I may hope have not all erred and lost their labour in so easie a work, that even a Boy of ten years old may understand it possible and Fecible.

Nevertheless believe not that I should set down here the manner of Extracting Gold in Lumps or great quantities for profise usage, but I shall rather take beed and beware of that.

Epistle to the Reader.

N.B. Now as I said throughout all parts of the World, and in every fort of Sand, Pebbles, and Stones, is held good Gold, excepting Lime-Stones, which alone seldom or never have any Gold, else in all Rocks of Greety Sand, Flints of whatever colour; also in Gravel, Scurfe, or Ballast on Mountains, Valleys, in the Bowels of the Earth, the Sea, Ponds, Pits, Rivers, and Floods, (none at all excepted) there is Gold to be found but Sand and Stones, hold most in bot Countries; and although they be white, clear, and shining, without the least colour, yet there is some Gold; Yea, even sometimes in Clay grounds, and in Artificial baked Tyles and Bricks.

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The first kind of Proof

Ake white Sand or Flints, wherein you think there is not the least Gold, to which joyn three parts of Minium. or any other pouder or Cal x of Lead Flux this mixture in a Crusible covered in a wind Furnace, or by blaft of Bellowes, and so let them flow well together for

one hour, and it will turn to yellow glass, then pour it forth least by delay it pierce the Crusible, and run among the ashes. Powder this glass, and mix therewith half its weight of Sal Alcali, or Soap, or Pot ashes: then put this mixture into an Iron Pot or Crusible, where you may first put Nails or other Bitts of Iron, then Flux this in the Fire, and the glaf Lead will be reduced into a body again by the faid Iron; pour out this into an ingot or Cone, and the Regulus of Lead will fink to the bottom, and the Flints or Sand (like Scurffe and Drofs) will **fwim**

(37) swim on the top, but the Lead will contract such a black roughness, that it will not easily flow. For the which take this remedy. Place this Regulus in a Wind Furnace, and upon one ounce of the melted Regulus cast a Dram, or something more of Salt Peter, and let them flow together; Then the Sal Nitre will draw the black roughness from the Lead into a Scurffe, which being poured forth and melted again, becomes tractable and white, and will eafily flow upon a Test, but if you have not the skill to effect this work; put your black rough Regulus of Lead into such a Crusible or Test, as the vulgar call Treibscerbe (which is like a large hard Crusible bottom) cover it, and let it purge it felf in the fire for half an hour, or at least for a quarter, and it will be white and tradable. But the washing or cleansing by Salt Peter is far better; weigh a peny weight, dram or scruple of this, and a like quantity of Lead, Telt them in a hard fixt Cupel apart, and this Regulus will hold a grain of Gold, and the Common Lead only a grain of Silver.

The Second kind of Proof.

Ake one part of white Flints or Sand, mix thrice I the quantity of Salt of Tartar, or any other Alcaly, and therewith fill a third part of a Crusible (but not more least it run over) let it stand half an hour to be glowing red, and it will turn to a white Pellucid glass, pour it into fair water, or rather into Lee; and the Sand or Flints will be dissolved into a

thick Oyl or Water. In this water digest for an hour or two, half an ounce of filed, rasped, or rather scraped Lead, and the Lead will extract a spiritual Gold from the said Water or Flints, and will thereby become yellowish; which take forth dry, and Test on a Copel, and you shall find a grain of Gold, but out of so much common Lead will be only a grain of Silver, which is the proportion to be found in any Lead; whence you may certainly conclude that white Flints and Sand contain in them spiritual Gold, the which being joyned with Metals become Corporal.

The third kind or manner of Proof.

Dissolve he or Lead in Aqua fortis, and pour it forth into Salt water, and all the Lead will precipitate and sall to the bottome, in a white Calx or Powder, mix three parts of this Calx with one part of powder of Flints or Sand, and add half so much Salt ont of Lees or other Alcali, mix them and put them into an iron Crusible, where old nailes or bits of Iron be put in, fill it to the top and cover it close for half an hour- to melt and flow, till all the sharp corrosive spirits in the Lead be mortissed by the Iron, and then the Lead will be reduced to a body as before, which cast into a Taper pointed Ingot or Cone, and the Regulus of Lead will sink to the bottome, the which must be washt and cleanfed by Salt Peter, or in a fixt Copel under a Tyle, till it purge out the dross or faces, then Test it, and as

much of the same Lead severally apart, and the one yeilds a grain of Gold, and t'other only a grain of Silver, as before is sufficiently expressed.

The true manner of proving all Flints, Rocky Stones, Pibbles, and Sands, &c. Legitimately and Infallibly; whether they contain much Gold or little; With a plain Reason for all.

Ake four ounces of Sand or Flints, or other Stones, neal them red hot in a Crusible, and quench them in cold water, and so they become tractable to be beaten or ground to powder. Put these four ounces of powder into a Glass Cucurbit or Retore, and pour thereon two ounces of -qua Regis, to moisten the said powders very well and thoroughly, and let it stand so in warm fand for half an hour, and the said Aqua Regis will extract all the Goldout of the Flints or Sand; To which pour on two ounces of warm water, and stir it very wel! about, then strain or filter it through Cap Paper, and the water will pass through the paper with the Tinchire, and leave the fand alone in the Paper; then pour on more warm water into the paper, and let it run through the Sand again, and so it will wash away all the remaining Gold and Tincture out of the fand, and carry it into the Receiver, which is likewife to be added to the rest; Then pour upon this impregnated water or Liquor, some ordinary lees or rather

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rather some spirit of Urine, and it will so mortifie the Aqua Regis, that the Gold will presently precipitate in a yellow Powder to the bottom; Cant off the water and wash the said Gold with more fresh water till the powder of Gold be sweet and persectly clean; after dry it very warily, else the faid Gold will fulminate with that force as to break the glass in pieces, and whatsoever else is about it. But if you mix a little powder of vulgar brimstone to the said Calx or Powder of Gold, and let it glow in a glased Crufible, then it will not fulminate at all. After this mix therewith some Borax and reduce it in a Crusible. And thus you may know what quantity of Gold is contained in the rest of the Sand or Flints of that nature. N. B. Unless perchance the said Sand or flints have Iron mixt, whereby then the Gold will become Pale and Brittle. Now in such a case you need not presently mix the faid cals of Gold with Borax, because both the Gold and Iron would be reduced together, and so would be adulterate, and disappoint you of your expectation in that Trial; But such mixt Gold must be separated from the Iron on the Test with Lead, and so your proof will be good and without error.

There is another fort of trial and proof of Sand, flints, and Stones, &c. But fince this way is easie and

sufficient, we shall rest herein.

N. B. Yet my Councel is, instead of Aqua Regis, to make use of Spirit of Salt, which will be cheaper, with and a for a Loadstone, and Antimony for the flux.

Now learn the difference of natural, corporal, folid Gold, and that which is volatil and spiritual, which is the Primum ens Auri, or first beginning of G ld. Consider therefore that corporal gold by corro-

(41)corrofive waters or falts, is eafily extracted and re-

duced, but the spiritual is not so.

But now the reason that corporal gold, by the aforefaid proofs and experiments, is always; extraded and drawn forth, and happens upon this account, for although in the faid white fand there may be no corporal gold at all, yet by the aforefaid proofs, some is extracted, though truly not much, nor more then the Silver was which the Lead contained which was used in the faid Trials. Note therefore that the faid filver in the melting, drew the said spiritual gold out of the faid flints, stones, or fand; so that thereby it became ting'd and transmuted into corporal gold; the which was very apparent hereby, for that no more gold was found then the quantity of Silver contained within the faid-Lead; and as it was in the other parcel of common Lead, used in that Trial; for if more corporal gold had been in the Sand or Lead, it must necessarily have exceeded the quantity of Silver in the faid Lead, for the Silver contained in the said Lead, mixt with the said Flints, could not fly away in the air, to leave room only for fo much corporal gold, and therefore the cause that the Silver remained not Silver (as in the common Lead was) that it was transmuted and turned to Gold, by the Tincture, and spiritual gold drawn out of the first Ens of fand, stones, and flints; and must be afcribed to the faid first Ens or spiritual gold contained in the faid fand, stones or flints.

Now I have written this book only for the extraction of corporal gold out of fand, stones, and flints, &c but we leave the spiritual gold for the I hilofophers, that they may make their Stone out

Wherefore, N. B. Whoever feeks to draw gold

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out of fand, stones, and flints, &c. Let them chuse such stones, fand, &c. out of which they may draw corporal gold, with good profit which the Womb of common, white fand, and flints cannot bear or bring

The reason nevertheless, I wisht you to take white fand or flints, &c. to make experiments and trals, was because every one might see, that in all kind of fand, good gold is contained, though out of all it cannot be profitably extracted, by reason the white fand and flints, &c. are often without corporal gold, but never without spiritual gold, by the which nevertheless silver may be tinged, and transmuted into good gold, as may plainly appear by and in the

aforesaid practice and tryals. But now the Philosophers seek not corporal gold but spiritual, and they will know where, and in what subjects the spiritual or first essence of gold is most plentisully contained, and how to get the same with ease. Therefore although the faid first esserve of gold be in white fand, and white flints, &c. yet the said Philosophers will not meddle with that so willingly, nor will any expert true Philosophers, tye themselves so to one subject, as not to use any other thing to get their Tincture; To whom it is well known that the first essence of gold is found in every thing throughout the whole earth; for whereever there is any Sulphur, there may be had the first essence of Gold to have their Tincture. But now in all Vegetables, Animals, and Minerals, there is a Sulphur certainly known and found, Therefore in all parts of the world, the matter of the Philosophers flone may be had every where: fo that the Poor may have the same without charge, no less then the rich, according to what the Philosophers doe proclaim,

proclaim, faying their matter is every were, and you may have the same in any parts of the world without money, and it meets you, and is trod on under feer, and cast out on the Dunghils; for so the true Philosophers do fay, and write. Also a true Philosopher will not require or need much Gold for his Medicine; for if he have but halfe an ounce which he brings to persection, it will suffice for his whole life, and be in in his power to multiply, and bring it to perfect ion as often as he please; and necessity shall require.

Southat it may easily be demonstrated, that not only Gold, but somewhat more rare (viz:) the true Tincture is in Stones, which the Ancients did intimate in these words. Auro quid melius faspic, &c What is better then Gold, a Japer Stone, &c. So

Paracelins exceedingly commends Red-Tale, Granats, Antimony, and Lapis Lazuli; expressing further, that the Tincture or first Essence of Gold may be gotten out by sublimation, &c. Take notice also further, that the tirft Effence of Gold may be found in any other small or meaner stones, and amongst the first and chief of these, viz. the Blood stone Sythydu, Magnesia, Pedemontana, Emery, and such like.

In the which also it is so fixt, that to possess it there needs no other art, but the manner of extracting it. and giving it ingress by Gold. On the other side, the fifth Ems of Gold, in the Vegitable, Animal, and Mineral Sulphurs, Marcasites and Antimony are had in plenty but are so Volatil, that those little stones are to be preferred.

But now in brief I shall shew, that in stones (of which hot Countries hath most Gold) there is not only fixt Gold, but also Volatil; whence the true Tin-

dure

(44)
Aure may be perfected: For whoever can make the first Essence of Gold that is in stones Volatil, and gather it by diffillation, doth get a graduating water by which our unick fluid Merenry or Quick-filver may be coagulated to good Gold. And whoever can joyn, and marry this Volatil first Effence of Gold to Corporal Gold, and this with that to be made one, and procure Ingression, he may hope for far more good, and may expect undoubtedly to enjoy the same to a better use and profit : For that the first Essence of gold is more useful and needful to prepare

the Tinctures then Corporal gold it self, as not a few Pailosophers have signified by the following words who say, Gold and Silver are not made by them, unlest

this first Essence do effect ic.

The first Ens also of Gold, which lies hid in all Vegitables and Animals, doth Coagulate Mercury, even to Yallowness, but not constant and fixt; but if it be made fixt, it also fixeth and Coagulateth with constancy, but doth not so before. It remains therefore most assured true, that where ever Sulphur is found there is also the first Essence of Gold, and where the first effence of Gold is, there is also the Tincture, wherefore, being Sulphur is found in every thing of the world, to the eastHerb, stone, and Bone. It follows that also out of like Tale, wherein are found some stones, in which any little He b, piece of Wood, little Stone and Bone Red for duskish Tale appears, even as in all &c. the rane Tin hure may be prepared.

ow this our new light doth not profit him that sels. is blind, and will prefume and resolve to be so

Hill. and also make first part of my Spagyrick Phar. macopeia

How Sand. Flints, and the like impregnated Stones may be known, whether they contain little or much Gold.

Lints, Sand, Stones, &c. that are White of all forts contain the land forts, contain the least quantity of Gold, and yet are never without some Volatil, though not to be extracted with profit; but most commonly the Yellow and Red have most Gold, yet not always to answer the charge in dissolving and extract-

Yellow, duskish, and Black commonly hold much, and where through White, also Yellow Sand and Stones, where Lines are found (like Veinsthrough them) especially if they shine clear and glister with

many little sparks of o close together.

Likewise that Sand is rich with Gold, which appears Tale Gold is found but yet in some more some

All Flints and Stones in Brooks, called Bartenston. which though appearing white externally, yet after ly ore of this you may find in my third Century they are made red hot in the fire, and broken in water, appear Yellow like Gold, are sufficiently

Green, Yellow, or Skie coloured Stones, trans-

Hon

(46)

lucid like Horn (Vulgarly called Horne-stone, are

also for the most part rich.

Also all reddish, Black, and dark, dusky Flints, have always Gold, but for the most part mixt with Iron, which therefore frustrate the Vulgar Labourants Menstruun, and so makes it useless:

All Quarz: Quarries, the coverings of Mines, and also SaphirStones, or other in the Earth in Veins like Metals, or open to the Air or Water, being Coloured, hold

Gold.

The Blood-stone, and that which is of kinto it, Emery, Granats, and Lapus Lazuli, do all hold - 1

Gold. The Granats hold Corporal Gold, and the first Effence of Gold, some much and more then others, and others but a little: But these aforesaid Stonesace fo hard, that strong Waters (as Aqua Fort) cannot work upon them, yet some remedy may be found to extract them.

In all transparent Amphitams, Sapphirs, Rubies, Amathilts and afinths, is the fielt Effence of Gold, organization of the second but hard to be extracted.

All (Fluores, Oars and Flowers) used in the Mines of @ and Correduce them to a flux, whether Violet or Purple coloured, Yellow, Red or Green, are endowed with unripe Volacil Gold, which if you heat red hot, will vapour a king bracees, Yellow, or Red fumes, and a Snow-white Colour will remain on the Rones. Now if any cantrel how to lave those flying fumes, he may with it Coagulate Mercury into Gold, In like manner by means of Distillation, a Green water may be drawn out of all such like stones, in the which Mercury will Coagulate it felf into Gold This Green water also the ancients have called their

(47) Green Lyon, which devours the o or Gold, and pre-

pares a Tincture for) or Q.

I would fay more of this matter, but shall refrain for the covetousness, and wicked men, who seek nothing but the ruine of their neighbour, and to live in pomp and pleasures, who as unworthy, God will have wander in darkness, without this Knowledge. Wherefore let all that by Gods Grace have any illumination, beware the communicate nothing to wick. ed men, though they seem Angels of Light: Nufquam tuta fides, There is no faith to be found on Earth. Soli Deo tu confidat, promissis bominum diffidas, Deus S lus fidem servat, a Mundo fides exulat; which is, In God shalt thou put thy trust, mans promifes distrust as Dust; God only keeps his promised plight; but from the world all faith takes flight. Wherefore I say, let all well-minded men beware of Luxurious, proud, vain, and covetous persons: for these Vices proceed from the Devil, and return again to him, and one can hardly find an honest man, though fought with Diogenes his Lanthorn, amongst many: For which cause I shall e're long publish a short Tradate of evil and wicked men, viz. How and whereby to know them by their outward fignatures and form, for virtue and vice? And had I known this skill before, it had been a great advantage to have made me beware of fuch diffembling Impoltures.

If any shall hereby reap any benefit, let them give God the praise, and be mindful of the poor: If otherwife, let them believe they are yet unworthy to have fuch things communicated to them; for truly I have written here so plainly and truly, as no Philosopher

ever did before me.

But now nevertheless I confess I have a more easy way for these things, viz. for extracting Gold

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out of Sand, &c. and fuch as never was known before to the World

1. My first Method is with a water of small charge or price, which may be had in plenty without Distilla-

2. My second is a singular Metal, of which Chauldrons may be made, in which these Stones and Sand, with this small prifed water are boiled, and yet not corroded or confumed thereby, and after the water shall dissolve any Gold out of the Sand or Stones, then you may draw forth the fand and water with a Scoop or Bowl proper for this use, with holes in the bottom, and a wooden basket strainer thereupon, and so the impregnated: water or Menstruum, with the Gold, may pass through, and leave the sand or slones behind in the scoop or bowl with the strainer, then pour on more warm water on the faid fand, to wash out the remaining Gold and Tindure, and after all is washt out, throw the faid fand or Rones quite away, as ufeles.

3. My third compendium is, to pour upon the faid clear Menfram, which hath the Gold or Tincture, another fingular fort of water of small price, whereby all the faid Gold and Tincture (at such a height and quantity) in the folvent, will be precipitated to the bottom; and for the clear solvent being freed from the Tincture, must be Canted off to-ferve again for the like use, as preserving still its own frength and virtue, without any abatement or diminution what soever, either by the faid water precipicating, or by any other ways whatfoever; and if any be lost or spilt by the usage, it may be easily repaired, by getting more of the same, without much trouble or

charge.

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Now if any fhould mix any precipitating Lixivias Liquor or Lees with the faid folvent, contrary to its Nature, and thereby mortifie the folvent by precipitating the Gold (which is done in other processes, and is used in and by my former experiments and trials in this Books about the white fand and stones. &c.) what dammage and loss would come thereby: for every time there is occasion to use it, our disfolvent should be destroyed, and the extraction thereby become very troublesome and chargeable; especially being done in Glass or Earthen Cucurbits or bodies but this way all things cost almost nothing, and may be done in greater Vessels, and cheaper, and the said waters be without loss. And this kind of extraction may be compared like the making of Salt Peter, where the workman having extracted the Salt-Peter, throws away all the ashes and dirt, and puts more natter into the (Cupam) Tubs or Bowls, for he like common water to extract more.

14 Our fourth Compendium is that precipitated Calx of Gold, after the filtration in a bag, is taken but, dried, and by a good, cheap, and fingular good matter flux it, is reduced to a body; and so o part of the faid Gold will be lost or diminish-

In these four Compendiums for the extraction of Fold, will come profit, but not so much other

Now let none marvel why I reveal not here any of hese four Compendiums; I have been enough bitten y the envy of other men : For where they could not nderstand my writings by their own dulness, though ad plainly enough expressed the matter; and so could ot perform the same; they then publickly brought scandal on me, and reported, that whatever I writ

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were lyes; Nay, some others have seen the thing performed, and yet afterwards for hatred and envy

have flighted it and me.

But however whilft I live, (by Gods Grace and Providence) I shall be helpful to my neighbour, by using my Talent to serve them, and like a most bright shining Light will shew the wonderful great mystery of God, to the Ignorant and simple people, against the will of all the enemies of Truth, though they free and vex never fo much at it, I have resolved so to do; Yea, behold though my adversaries should all confpire and wholly devour me alive, they should swallow but a mean or lean Morsel of Earth; for Glauber should be and remain Glauber still, till the consummation of the World or Ages; now if these men were of the ancient stamp and frame of faith and virtue, they would not detract and scandilize their Innocent neighbour, without deserving ill at their hands.

Let these things be sufficient at this time concerning the extraction of Gold out of Sand, Stones, and

Flints.

Now further I fay ; although every one should uk this Extraction of Gold for their Imployment or Trade, yet the one would not be a hindrance to the benefit of the other, by reason Stones and Sand are obvious to every body in all Countries, as also the Salts that are useful to extract the same are plentiful, so that nothing is wanting but a lover of the work to fethi hand unto it

Paracelsus in his book of vexation of Alchymis faith, That more Gold and filver is found upon the Earth, then in the Bowels thereof, and that out times a Countrey Clown throws a stone at a Cow which is worth more then the price of the Cow, and

(51) it is most certain true, and will remain true; for a lye cannot degenerate or exalt it self to a truth; but in its time hereafter shall be punisht in eternal darkness with the Devil (as the father and original of all liers) without doubt Democritus his Langhter, and Heraclitus his Weeping came from the contemplation of mortal mans eager pursuit after Gold and Silver through great Anxities, Labours, and Troubles with loss of health and hazard of Soul and Body failing many times through the vail Ocean for it, and tearing open the earth to rush and sink down therein to fetch out Gold and Silver, which is so plentifully and easy to be had upon the superficies of the Earth in every Region and Countrey, as that its (arlágnesa) abundance may be had.

Solemon writ not from the purpose saying that great virtue was in Herbs, Woods and Stones: For that which is fixt in Stones is Volatil in Herbs. As in my little Treatise Printed 1663. demonstrated: lakhough the first Ens of Gold (whence Gold may be

made) be in both.

We read also in Esdras there is much Earth to Vessels or Pots: but a little ponder or dust to make Gold. And all forts of Earth are not so rich to gain by Extraction of Gold, nor it is to be thought that all Stones and Sand and every one are so rich in Corporal Gold as to yield any profit; yet they fill contain the first Ens of Gold, or yield such a Calx, by which (or the help thereof) good Gold may be made; the which Calx or Pouder, if we knew how to extract and order, we would make greater accompt, and esteem it more then of Gold it self. Now since such an Aurisying, or Goldmaking Pouder is so largely extended and diffused in Stones and Sand, &c. Yet it is not easy to beat it or force H 3

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force it out with a Hammer, but only by a peculiar Art, is to be extracted, and perfected; thereupon the blind multitude of covetous Gold hunters will not believe it no more then Ignorants, who knows nothing of the Art; and yet this art hath been always c steemed amongst Philosophers as their greatest Se cret of Secrets, and to bath been preserved amongs them.

Also where Paracelsus writes of the first Ens or Essence of Gold, he tells us it may be drawn forth by sublimation; and Basilius Valentinus also tells us, That the preparation of the Universal Tincture, may be compared to the distillation or extractionol the burning spirit of wine from the Lees, and may so be obtained; Oh friends, this is truly a sufficient clear comparison; for as in a great quantity of Lee of Wine or Beer, a little of the good spirit is hidden and the refidue is a useless mud ; and yet that little quaritity of spirit is drawn out with profit by means of Diffillation out of that great quantity of mud or Faces, and is thereby concentrated into a little room, and withall is lo virtuous and piercing a spirit that one spoonful thereof is more worth, then the whole Runlet or Vessel full of Faces. Now by such ways the which a very small quantity (if but as big as a tain of useless and unprofitable dead Earth.

ver, and are sufficiently rich; and if you heat or break them to pieces, you will find within some of them some little holes, pits, or concavities, with a vellow or fusky dark powder, which being melted with Borax will yield a filvery Gold, I must avouch and affirm I never faw or knew any mortal man, that understood or observed those stones before, much less the golden powder hid in them; which without doubt is by reason of mens carelesness to find out

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the Physical great mysteries of God.

Here now I must admonish all men, that it were of great consequence and concernment for Parents to place their Children to be trained up in their youth, with some honest Artist, or workman to teach them that, which in case of necessity might gain them an honest and commendable livelihood. But the rich having a plentiful estate, think they shall leave enough for their Children, never to want, yet if one misfortune or another happens upon them, or upon their Children, as Burning of Houses, or Ships, or Goods lost by Pyrats or Thieves, or Creditors fail, or Ships miscarry, Then whither to turn or what course to take they know not, but only to fly away, or live like Vagabonds, or fill a Gaol; and all this or means would the Philosophers have us draw forth for want of some laudable Art learnt in their youth. and extract the Primum Ens or Form of Gold by And thus they become desperate, The one forfakes art, out of Stones and Sand, though dispersed and Wife and Children to Travel to the Indies, where diffused far abroad in them, and so to concentrate not a few are devoured by beasts or Canibals, some their virtue and Tincture into a small compais, of drowned or starved, others sell themselves or become Souldiers, and like mad Dogs at last are slain; O-Pea) is of more worth and value, then a great Moun there after they have fpen their means cannot subfift or provide for their family, and so become vici-Further, I would not conceal this from thee, that your livers, and have a miferable doleful life, till they throughout all Germany by, and in the Rivers are perish and go to hell. All which might have been found stones, the which abound with Gold and Sil avoided by learning some good mechanick Arts in

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their youth, or flourishing conditions. But when difficult and raging times approach, or that too many be Of a Trade in a City, the one beggers the other, and so there is no semedy but physick which may likewise fail. But a Physician might learn something else that would get a livelyhood, besides his practice, Then he need not make so many visits to gape for his fees of his poor distressed Patients: And so the Lawyer need not for base Profit sell the Law or their Clients Cause to prepare himself a seat in Hell, where afterwards to dwell for ever. Nor the Divine be afraid of his Patrons, or Benefactors, and so sooth them up in their sins, but preach the truth to all without flattery, and so prefer Gods honour, and the peoples real good, with a true zeal before his private profit, to the hazard of his foul. So also of all the rest.

Now having declared or toucht this matter, I am passing and go away sighing and mourning, That the Genuine Hermetick Philosophy and Medicine, is so little practiced or esteemed, as also the natural true Alchymy (and not adulterate) which genuine Art is the Queen of all Arts, and shall remain so to the

worlds end.

When as therefore this art of extracting fand and stones, is so great a treasure and useful as we have heard, and carelefly kickt by men at their feet every where; why do we not rather extract them to nourish our selves and families, and desend us from the injuries of the times, handsomly and honestly. Why do we not I say leave the Indies to their own Inhabitants, and mannage our own Countries or earth in Europe where we dwell, where is abundantly sufficient to sustaine us, for whatever we want ; cannot but again and again ingeniously confels, that

(55) ifit were possible to renew my youth, or call back but ten years, I would not neglect publickly to profess and teach the true Philosophy. Medicine, and Alchymy. and so make it to be known demonstratively. But the fand of my glass is almost run, and my day far spent, fo that I cannot undertake these so laborious pracices, but must leave and resign the same to other more in their prime of youth and strength, whilst I am fading and vanishing hence. But all the good I can do whilft I live by faithful writing, I shall not neglect for my neighbours profit and advantage, And (God favouring my purpose) I shall shortly publish unheard of

Secrets; here now it only rests to set an end to this

Tractate.

AN

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An Amonition to the Courteous Reader.

Hatfoever I have written in this little Book of extracting Gold out of Sand, Stones, and Flints, is so true and certain that there needs be no question thereof. Yet I may tell thee, as soon as this Treatice came under the Press, another way of extracting Gold out of Stones came linto my mind far better then the former. By which gold may be drawn out and extracted much sooner and better: because to this my new way, there is no need at all of Kettles of Copper or Brass, &c. but great quantities may be extracted without boyling in or with fuch vessels, but in others that are every where to be had; fo that one man in this new way in one day may easily extract the Gold out of a thousand (CID) pounds of fand or stones, &c. so that I cannot chuse but communicate this also (which is far beyond the former) If I shall understand, this may be generally profitable, and gratefully accepted in these bad times and fear of worfe. Whereby to be publickly fervice. able to my Country, and future generations. And fo I commit all to the guidance and protection of the Almighty,

Anno Dom. 1666. 26 July,

JEHIOR יוהי אר OR

The Day dawning;

Morning light of Wisdom:

Containing

The three Principles, or Originals of all things what soever.

Whereby are discovered the great and many Mysteries in God, Nature, and the Elements, hitherto hid, now made manifest and revealed.

To the Honour of God, the love of our Neighbour, and to the Comfort and Joy of the Children of Wildom.

In the 4. Book of Esdras 6. v. 10.

The Books will be opened before the Heaven; insomuch that they all shall see.

Zachariah 14.7. At the time of the Evening it shall be Light. TOTAL SECTION SECTION OF THE SECTION

THE

EPISTLE

To the honest, sober

READER.

Curteous Reader,

His Spring or Dawning of
Wisdom, was published
some years since; but being out of Print, and something better improved by the Author,
and sutable to Pythagoras his Metaphysical

532:02

Epistle to the Reader.

physical and Physical Figure, my smaller Philosophical Epitaph and Figures, I thought good to make them with the rest into one small Volume, where much light of Divinity and Philosophy will appear, concentrated and multiplied to any ingenious Spirits. It is Gods greatest bounty to give light and Eyes to see, not only the Corporal, and Temporal; but the Spiritual and Eternal Light of Wisdom. habet Luminis, Quantum quidq; The more Light tantum & numinis. the more of God who dwelleth in Light, and in his Children, who are Children of Light and Life: For this is the Condemnation and death, That Light is come into the World, and men love Darkness rather then Light; because their deeds are Evil. This these therefore as a Trumpet, days may awaken, teach men what God, the World, and Devils are, that so their Souls and Epistle to the Reader.

and Spirits hereby quickened and infired, may the better know themselves. and arise from dead works of Sin and sensual vanities (the first Resurrection of Grace) to be sure to rife again with Christ in the Kingdom of Heaven in Glory: For many talk of Heaven, and being in its Glory with Christ; which have it not within them, or defire to be there with such mortified pure and peaceable Company as go thither; who rather have Hell, and feed on it, and delight in it, and such company, which the better to distinguish and restect upon the the may and Company for Heaven, take these four Observations. To do Evil for, good, is devilife; Evil for Evil, Natural, Sensual and Bestial; Good for Good, Humane; and Good for Evil, Divine. The Wisdom therefore from above isstill Pure, Holy, and Good; gotten by martification on the Cross of Christ, and brings Joy and Peace in the Ho'y Ghost for the Kingdom of Heaven; but hor-

ror

Epistle to the Reader.

ror, amazement, and misery attend the rest, who live not after the Gospel of the Cross of Christ (which is the power of God to Salvation) but after the Flesh, and do evil to serve To know and fear God the Devil. therefore is perfect Righteonfness, Wisdom, and Eternal Life; so that the Patriarchs and many termed Heathen, not having the outward name of Christ, may have his Spirit and Essential name, and be better members of him then we who live not thereafter: For (as the Scripture saith) he was the Rock of Ages, was slain from the beginning, and hath enlightned every one that cometh into the World, and was But most men do not before Adam. know nor fear God; but superficially believe there is a God, and therefore talk of him as Parrots, and sometimes worse by Lyes, Oaths and Curses, &c And therefore have no true faith in him or his Son: For did they truly know and

Epifile to the Reader.

and confider him still in his propertypand marks, to be Infinite, Wife, Omnipotent and Omniscient (just as well as merciful) and that he is able to destroy them in a Moment, in the very Act of fin) then would they fear him, (the first degree of Wisdom) and so after Christs Example avoid all occasions and appearance of sin, as they can and will do in some Acts for a very Childs being present: And so would believe that he who made and Created the Eye and Ear, and gives it Life and Sense in the instant of its exercise, can both fee and hear as well as any Eye and Ear, which can fee or hear nothing at any time without his help; and likewise that he is as really present (though invisible to the ontward Sense) as any Creature can be which he hath made; yea, and that he knows our very secretest thoughts too, in whom we live, move, and have our Being. But I am not in a Sermon, but an Epistle; nor would I longer

Epistle to the Reader.

binder thee in the Porch from entring into this glorious building of high timbere

thou mayst find an beavenly Manna; and sumptuous Mansion or Eternal Tabernacle for thy felf, not made with

bands and so I take leave to be

Thy Christian Friend and

Servant, W. C.

CERRY FRANCE

July 3. 1672,

QAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA TTTTT

THE

PRFFACE

TO THE

Lovers of Wildom.

Loving Readers,

that all understanding and Wisdom cometh from God, and all good things we receive from the Father of Lights: and that Wisdom is nothing else, but the Breathing of God; who sends his Spirit, and teacheth men what Wisdom is, the Truth and true Knowledge. Syrach

The Preface.

rach. 1. Jam. 1. Wisd. 7. 25. Job 32. 5. Wifd. 9. 17. John 20. 22. Acts 2. Pfal. 94. 10. Syrach. 38. 6. Exod. spirit alone, which is in Men, An-

This Knowledge confifts chiefly I. To know God. in three things. That which God 21 Dur selves, 3. bath created.

After Wisdom and Knowledge, followeth Judgment; namely, to discern Good from Evil; Light from Darkness Truth from Falshood: Upon judgement and understanding followeth Election and will, to doe the one, and to shun the other.

The Knowledge or Understanding of all things is threefold; Namely, 1. Of Men, 2. Of Angels, 3. Of God. The understanding (or knowledge) of Men is but in part. Knowledge of Angels is in fear and of them, because their Spirit is not trembling; But Gods knowledge alone is perfect.

Wildom, Knowledge, and the examining

The Preface.

amining thereof, cometh from the gels, and God. For the spirit searcheth into all, even into the depth of God. 1 Cor. 10. 11.

The Wisdom, Knowledge, and Understanding of men is three-fold, after the spirit of the lame: Namely, The spirit of men generally in this world is Foolishness in Gods eyes, for let men be never fo Learned and VVile, yet the perfect and true wisdom is hidden from them, because they do not know themselves, I Cor. 1. 2. Mat. i 1. 25. Some of these wise men are called Philosophers, according to the Spirit of Sects boalting of the holy Scripture, of God, and of Christ: but they have no knowledge of God, but they are only mens of pinions of God, and of Christ; and are carnally and earthly minded, full of errours and confusion.

Lastly,

The Preface.

Lastly, The Spirit of Gods holy Ones, who being godly and spiritually minded, are taught of God.

The VViidom and knowledge of the first is sull of folly, darkness and Ignorance. The wisdom of the second is sull of misseading Philosophy, and continual contentions. The wisdom of the third sort of men who are Godly, is but in part, although true and good. Rom. 1. 29. Ephes. 4. 18. Colos. 2. 8. 2 Tim. 3. 4. 1 Cor. 13.

Truly wife men dive into the best gists and perfection, which are of three sorts, Charity, Prophecy and

Examination.

Love and Charity are the Center, and contain the circle of all godly virtues and have Faith and Hope, but Prophelying hath all knowledge, wildom, and doorine. Lastly, examination containeth all understanding, judgment and discretion. In these

The Preface.

these three things all is contained that belongeth to wisdom, the Center whereof is the word of God.

This is that which all men ought to study, and should communicate to others according as they have received a gift of the Spirit of grace; That God the Author of all good, may be gloristed: and that none do boast of gifts and extol himself above others; but rather be humble: And then none ought to quench the Spirit, neither in himself nor others; but rather to stir it up: And lastly, let no man despise Prophecy, that he may not oftend God, his neighbour, nor scandalize himself.

Love forbeareth all: The wifdom of the spirit searcheth all, and

Examination tryeth all.

Since we have undertaken, through
the admonition of the spirit, to speak
of wisdom (as much as our knowledge in part may afford) Therefore

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The Preface.

Lastly, The Spirit of Gods holy Ones, who being godly and spiritually minded, are taught of God.

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Truly wife men dive into the best gifts and perfection, which are of three sorts, Charity, Prophecy and Examination.

Love and Charity are the Center, and contain the circle of all godly virtues and have Faith and Hope, but Prophefying hath all knowledge, wildom, and doctrine. Lastly, examination containeth all understanding, judgment and discretion. In

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The Preface.

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Love forbeareth all: The wifdom of the spirit searcheth all, and Examination tryeth all.

the admonition of the spirit, to speak of wisdom (as much as our know-ledge in part may afford) Therefore

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The Preface.

we intreat the Reader in Love olde those whom we displease common are offended) would talerate usein love. As knowing that misementalso must bear with fools; And things spoken of in this book may not present. ly be rejected, but rather be suffered to stand, remembring that God also is patient unto Sinners But if any one do think himself wise, det him thewathe spirit of Judgment; and leb himediscern thus sleaft he judge himself also. For we hold that we also have received a gift of the Spil ritiof grade, which wanville not full for toldye; but to the praise of the Lord we will put it outcto nie, out of lawe to the Children of wisdom; although not as an instruction, about as a good tellimony to our delices that whe hawbare beived a gift sofiche the administration of misky hit ton biride The reason that induced unbowle writing of this book is the cause we OW hope

The Preface.

hope to be Beneficial to the children of wisdom. It may be we have publish the like twelve years ago, the Title of it being Aurora Sapientie: yet fince it hath been desired by some again, I have not altered the Title, hoping that it is not a little mended and corrected. I have set it out briefly, that it may neither be tedibuse to the Reader, nor chargeable to the Buyer, nor yet painful to the Printer. Benevolous Reader, take alling good part, and thus we commend the wellwishers to Gods gracinous ptotection.

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THE CONTENTS

Of the several Chapters of this Book.

F the Books of wisdom, in which the fame may be learned, how, and in what manner? Chap. 1. Of the Principles and Beginnings of all things, as al-Souf God himself; and of all what soever. Of the First Principle of all things which is God 13 Of the second Principle, which is Mature. Of the third General Principle, namely the Elements. Of the three Special Principles, Spirit, Wind, and Of the particular Principles, Body, Soul and Spirit. 7 Of thet Etements and contraty Liements in the Cration. Of the Principle or Original of that evil one, and of the Angels. Of the difference of the Light and Darkness, as also of the Light and Fire. Of the Principle of the Fire, and its Mystery. Out of what, wherein, and whereby all things good w bad do subsift, passaway, and yet how they last for Of the Creation of the World. 13 14 Of the particular Creation. Of the Mystery of the Word. 15 Of the Mystery of the Created lower visible things-16

Of the Creation of Man: and of his Anatomy.

Of the Image of God, after which man is Created

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AURORA SAPIENTIÆ

Morning Light,

O R

Dawning of Wildom.

E take the liberty according to the gift of the Spirit, to speak briefly of Wisdom, in this little Treatise, without any prolixity. And because we made mention in the Preface of a three-fold s. Knowledge, as of Men, of Angels, and of God; now me will speak here that Wisdom also is threefold; as I The Natural of all Created things. 2. The Wifdom of Faith unto Salvation. And 3. The Secret and Myfical wisdom, which generally is unknown: and that we call, vera Philosophia, Theologia, and Theosophia Of these three we will speak as briefly as may be possible. The Spirit of the Lord be upon both the Writer and the Reader. Amen.

JEHIOR,

Morning Light of VVisdom.

CHAP. I.

Of the Books of Wisdom, in which the same may be learned; How and in what manner?

Here are chiefly but three Books in which all Wisdom is contained. Namely, f. The whole Nature and Creation, the be great Book of Heaven and L. D. 2. The Book of the Holy Writin the Letter of the Holy word of God. 3. Man himself. The only Center or Principle of these three is the word of God, which is the book out of which these three books have their Original. The

Chap. 1. Of the Books of Wildom, &c.

The first book of Nature contains seven other books which are the seven. Elements, of which it particular

These seven Books have three other books opposite, which are the three contrary Elements, of which

also hereaster.

The second book, the Holy Writ is divided into three other books, as into the Law of the Old: Into the Gospel of the New: and into the Eternal Gospel of the everlasting Testament and Covenant, which comprehends the book of the Revelation of Jesus Christ.

The Third book of Man is only one book, and is feeled to the blind, but opened to the feeing. In this book is hidden, feeled; and also manifelt and opened all Wisdom: and man is called the Image or Honour of God: (o which below) and man cannot be called by any other name, I Cor. II. 7.

Out of the first book we learn Philosophia the natural Wisdom in and about the knowledge of created natural things which are of the Elements: and we learn this wisdom out of the three Principles and seaven Elements; and discern the same from the three contrary Elements, else we cannot find the truth of the Natural Wisdom.

Out of the second book we learn Theologia or Divinity, the wisdom unto Salvation; and that in the three foresaid books through the seven spirits, Island 11. and we diffiguish it from all humane glosses, and books of Prophane ones. For the book expounds it self, and needs no humane interpretation, but only hath need of Faith, which apprehends all things.

Out of the Third Book, which is Gods Image, we learn the true knowledge of God; as also his be-

Chapi 1. Of the Books of Wifdom, &c:

ing and effence, and his whole Mystery: in so much is he that desires to know God, must learn to know him in his image, and that perfectly; which perfect knowledge is this, That God is man, and that he is the man, who is of God; and God is in him.

This is the wisdom, that is mystical bitherto, and set is manifest but only to the wise: and is called Theosophia; because God doth no where so clearly manifest himself as in man, who is his image, or homour, or glory, 1 Cor. 11. 7. Therefore man needs not to go far; but only into himself, to learn the true knowledge of God, and to seek after God in himself; and himself in God. If he do not thus, all is vain, and no where else any wisdom to be sound. Alls 17.27. Luke 17.21.

Seeing the three other books proceed only from the one Book, as the word of God, therefore all three do tellific unanimously of this book ὁμωλογυμίτως, namely each in its letter, wisdom and testimony, but none to clearly as man doth. This is that treat, whole and perfect Library of wisemen, wherewith in ju-

flice and equity they may be contented.

All wisdom and knowledg, with their mysteries in these books, we may not learn any where else, but only through the same Spirit, who himself hath penned these books, made, and testified. He therefore who is desirous to study these books, must from the bottom of his heart acknowledge and consess his own blindness, folly and ignorance; and must pray unto the Father of Lights, for illumination, wisdom and understanding, that he would send his holly spirit which may lead us into all truth, and take us was from all soolishness, and salshood, and may bring us to the Light of Gods glory.

Which may not be done by any other means, then through

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Chap, a. Of the Books of Wildem, &c.

through a love to God, and to mans own falvation, and through a holy life without all Hippocusite, and through the Light that comment from whove, and not from beneath, from man and his wisdom, which all those mult learn to deny, that defire to learn the wisdom of the holy ones.

We will speak thus; That hitherto all these books were sealed up, but are now opened in the end of the World according to the Prophecy, 4 Est. 6. 20. Dan 12.9. Zach 14.7. And if wise worldly men are offended at this; they betray themselves; that the wisdom of the holy one is not in them

The books of wissom testific unanimously of the word by which all things are created, and in which only all wissom doth rest, and which is the beginning of all beginnings, in which is all, and without which nothing is, which is all in all, God blessed for ever, Amen.

CHAP. II.

Of those principles and beginnings of all things, as also of God himself, and of all whatsoever it be.

He Principle of all Principles, and beginning of all beginnings, as also of God himself, is only the word, according to the testimony of the divine truth and word it self, John 1. Now the word may not be defined otherwise, then that it is a Spirit, Breath,

Ch. 2. Of the principles and beginnings, &c. 5

breath or voice of God, yea God himself in such a subsistence, essence and being, as namely, How the image of Cod doth represent us according to the similitude which is man, as that he is a quic ning spirit, a spiritual Adam, and heavenly man, which is God the Lord glorined and magnified for ever, Amen.

Now we hold altogether that this is the proper definition of God, and no other, which the holy writ clearly fignifieth. 1 Cor. 15.45, 47, 48. who according to his Image and Similitude. hath created a spiritual Adam, and Terrestrial man; when God said, Let us make Adam or Man after our image, after our Similitude, Gen. 1.26, 27.

Now the word being the Beginning of all Beginnings, there is contained in the same the Light, Life, and Love. The Light affords the Revelation of God, for God is Light, and dwelleth in Light, and is the Father of Lights.

Life is the virtue and power of God, and a quickning Spirit, who hath, createth, and preserveth

Love is a Testimony of God, in which is the Father, the Son, and the Holy Ghost; in one word which is called Jesus (brist, the spiritual Adam, and heavenly Man, Atessias, who is Essential, Alpha and Omega, All in All, the Beginning and the End, the First and the Last, Blessed and Praised for ever. Amen. Rev. 1.22.

Now the word being the true Principle in God himself, then consequently all proceedeth from the word, out of which do chiesly manifest themselves three general Principles, in which Principles, with and through which, all things are contained, and are these, namely, God, Nature, Element.

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Now

After these three general Principles, proceed also three special Principles, namely Ghost, wind and water. Now every world hath its proper Ghost, Wind and Water in their Kind and Nature. All things Created out of the divine world from above are Cieated out of Water and Spirit from above, through the wind and breath of the Omnipotent God; for to the Divine world is properly competent the Spirit; to the Angelical is properly competent the wind, and to the Elementary world is water proper.

After these special Principles, follow lastly particular Principles, each of which hath its proper Being, out of which, in which, and from which it consists: But these three Principles proceed from the former, and are Spirit, Soul, and Life, and Body: All bodies are out of the Water: All Life and Soul out of the Wind: And all Spirit out of the Spirit. But concerning the Angels, their Body is out of the Wind of the Angelical World, their Soul and Life a Fireslame, and their Soul a light of which elsewhere:

These are our Principles in the Wisdom, out of which all things have their Original: Whether other Principles may be shewed unto us, we do much doubt.

doubt.
The Primum mobile, first mover of all things is the Word, for in it is the Life.

The Secundam mebile, Second mover of all things,

is the Spirit, through which all things are Cre ated.

The Tertium mobile, Third mover is the Wind, and these three moving Principles are the Perpetnum mobile, everlasting mover of all things, by which all things move, live, and have their Being.

But these three do rest upon the Water bodily; out of which the World is and all things are: And in the Air; according to the Life, wherein all things are: And in Heaven, from which all things come from above after the Spirit; but the Spirit from God, from which he cometh and returneth thither. John. I. 4. Psal. 104. 30. 188 17. 28. Escles. 12. 7. But all these come together on and in the Earth, as in the heart of the world. Wisd. 1. 7.

In these Principles, out, with, and through the same, subfiss all things: And without these nothing can subfiss, that is, or hath a Being, and are Light, Life and Love; God, Nature, and Element; Spirit, Wind, and Water; Body, Soul, and Spirit, and that

in the Word.

K₂ CHAP.

Of the first Principle of all things which is God.

Od, being the beginning of all Beginnings; as from which all things proceed, then his beginning is from no other: He is without a beginning, because he is not from another; yet though he hath his beginning from no other, he representeth in himfelf his beginning to all.

This beginning of God is not a beginning to God himself, but to us; for he himself is all in all. Now that he might shew himself to us men, to testific and instruct us of him, therefore God sheweth himself in his beginning, which is the Word, which is God himself.

Now through this VV ord is shewed to us, testified and taught that, and what God is, and who he is: But without word or speaking may be neither Doctrine nor Testimony, nor a presentation; as Reason doth make it manifest. Therefore the VV ord is the beginning of God to us, out of which all Testimonics, Names and Relation of God do proceed; as out of the depths of God, which consist in their own proper Spirit, wind and water.

Ch. 3. Of the first Principle, &c.

The name of God is but one, according to the Essence, which no man knoweth, but only he upon whom he is written, with the living Letters of the Spirit of God, and his VVord Essentially, which is Christ, and those that are of his Being. These are they in whom the VVord dwelleth Essentially, and that see his Glory in a Light and Eye that no body else can see. All the names of God come together only in this one name: For the whole sulness of the Godhead dwe leth in him bodily, who is called Alpha and Omega. Zach. 14. 9. Col 2. 9. He that seeth him seeth also God, and the Father, and the livin! Word, and the quickning Spirit. John 14. 9. I John 1. I Cor. 15. 45. Even so he that seeth man, seeth also with the Body, the Soul, and the Spirit, which are in their Nature invisible

The Testimony of God confisses in three: Namely in three witnesses, which are the lather, the VVord, and the Holy Spirit. Now as the name proceeds from the word, so doth every Testimony of God, and restet only upon the dear and true witness that is called Amen; Which is the beginning of Gods Creatures. Rev. 3. 14. And the Testimony of God stands thus. God Father, Word, Holy Ghost, Amen, which is Christ.

Now because no body can testifie of God, but he himself alone; and all Testimonies of Truth must be justified by three: Therefore God also testifieth of himself by three; but they are not three persons, But one onely person, and one only God; even as in one Earthly mans Body, Soul and Spirit cannot be three distinct persons, so in God are not three persons.

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10 Chap. 3. Of the first Principle of ull things,

But this is the Testimony of God to us in the Name (non in Nominibus, sed in Nomine) of the Father, Son, and Holy Ghost which consist in the word, which three are one thing and one: But this Testimony none acknowledgeth save he that hath it within himself Essentially, that is, that hath the Spirit out of God, and is annointed and sealed with it. This is the Testimony of God with one word, tirough which we are Sons and Heirs of God. Rom. 8.

Lastly, The Revelation of God confilts in feven Powers, which are the seven Spirits of God. Rev. 1. 4. Chap. 4. 5. Chap. 5. 6. Zech. 4. 2, 10. And rest upon him who is called, and is fesse; who is of no other; but out, through, in and of himself, is is felf subsisting, in whom is all, who hath all; Also the fulness of the Godhead. Rev. 3. 1. Isa. 11. Col. 2. 9. For through him all things are Created in Heaven and in Earth, and by him all things are preferved, by him also all is Redeemed and reconciled; He Reigneth over, all, and hath all under his Power, through him all lost things are restored at his glorious coming; He also holdeth Judgment over all flesh, over quick and dead; And lastly he will make old things new, and will abandon and put away all old things Everlastingly.

Therefore the Mystery of God confists in One, Three and Seven; and according to this Mystery all other things are Created and confist in One, out of Three; through Seven; and are thereintessified, learned, manifested, or justified; nothing at all excepted whatsoever it be; and that for this Reason That God in his mystery may be learned and glorified in and on all his Creatures.

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Herein consists now the Mystery of the VVisdom in its measure, number and weight, as in One, Three, and Seven, whereby all things are numbred, measured, and weighed, so persectly, that nothing can be added to it, or diminished from it. For all the works of God are persect, and testisse of the Creator, according to the Mystery of the wisdom; namely, that by the works may be known Him, that made them, that what and who he is in his Mystery,

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CHAP. IV

Of the Second Principle, viz. Nature.

all things, and stands betwixt God and the Elements, through which God worketh into the Elements, at, through, and by means, and is in its consideration even as Angelical, whose beginning is out of God a forth-blown Breath, V Vind and Air of the Almighty, in which consists the Soul and Life of all Created things, and every living Soul, and is concentred and sastened together essentially, bodily, and self-subsisting in the Tree of Life, even as God in Christ, and the whole Elementary world in Man.

This second Principle is not everlasting according to the beginning, yet eternal according to the end, even as the Angels are. It is not Created out of nothing, as this world; but proceedeth from God, even as the Life from the Spirit, as a Breath, VVind, or Air doth proceed; and is also the breath of Gods VVord in which is Life thus, that the speaking of the word is a living Eternal Breath, and is distinct from God, as a living breath or Soul from the quickening Spirit.

The living breath, Soul or Life of all things is according to its Original out of the Nature, but the

Che 4. Of the second Principle, viz. Nature. 13
Spirit out of God, namely after his measure, and the body out of the Elements. The Spirit as the Soul, or the Life are distinct thus: As God, who is Eternal Life, and the quickening Spirit himself, and hath Life from no other, because himself is the Spirit: And as the living Soul, having her Life not out, from, and by, or through it self, but out of the Spirit, which maketh things alive, whose breath is the Life. Now that is soulish which hath its Life not from it self, but from the Spirit, and which is not a Spirit, but only a breath.

All things whatsoever are in their Being, have the sood of thir Souls and Life out of Nature, and that from Heaven through the Wind and Air, from which all that hath breath doth live und feed, as through the forth-going breath of the VVord contained in the second principle; for the word of God feeds every Spirit, Life and Body with its breath or blowing upon; because Life is in the word, which beareth all things by his power, even as it hath Created all things.

Now as all things confist of Body, Soul and Spirit, so they have three forts of food to their ilse & substance, the bodily food to the body, out of the Elements, as from that which cometh out of the waters, and out of the Earth, whence also the body doth come, is taken and is made. The soulish food to the Soul & Life in every thing out of Nature, through both the Life and Soul doth bome. The Spiritual food to the Spirit, and that from God, at from whom the Spirit is, namely each Spirit according to its measure, and to the Spirit in every way this food cometh from Heaven, through the Spirit and Light, as from the three Spiritual Elements, from whence also the Spirit did come.

Nature

14 Ch. 4. Of the fecond Principle, viz. Nature.

Nature doth affemble it felf in her Spirits Life,; and

body to the wind, Air and water.

The Angelical world in its body is no earth, as the Elementary is, but it is the right body of the water, out of which it subsisteth, and that body is here beneath with us ICE, but above it is an Angelical earth like unto a Christal. And in a word, it is a most noble Salt of Life, service, or constant, or sirm over all, and is the Paradise in it self. It is an Angelical Air, which doth not setch breath there as the living Soul, for the Life of Nature is Eternal in regard of the end; but it liveth and moveth in the Virtue of Gods word Eternally, sine respiratione, or without breathing.

Therefore death cannot Reign in the Angelical world over the Nature, and over the Tree of Life, but is rather overcome by it (how much more by God) for the Tree of Life stands unmoveable: Therefore by the breaking of the fruit of this Tree, at the glorious coming of Christ, all shall come from death to life, and shall be freed and redeemed from death, Devil and Curse. Lastly, in its Spirit also it is of an Angelical Spirit, by the power of the word and Testimony of God! Thus namely, that the Dragon hath no power over it; but is conquered by the Spirit of the same, is cast out, and quite extruded and cast away: How much more then by God. Therefore seeing the Nature in her Spirit is the wind of the Almighty, and a going forth of the Light in which God dwelleth, and cannot come to that evil one, or may not fall into an evil, neither may it be blafted or poisoned by the breath of the old Serpent.

7 he Divine world in its being is compared to the most noble body of the water and earth, as it were to a Heavenly body which is and are an Essential Spiritual Salt, as the most noble and pure Gems, precious

Ch. 3. Of the second Principle, viz. Nature. 15 stones, and glistering Gold. In its Life it is the breath of the Almighty, a Soul and Life proceeding out of the mouth of God in and to an Eternal Life, and in its Spirit, the Spirit of the Lord it self, who is God praised for ever. God is the Spirit, the Nature is the Soul or the Life, and the Elements are the Body: But be it known, that each world hath its proper Nature and Element, and that the one world is never changed into the other, neither can it be altered, nor one Principle general into another. Now each Principle hath its proper Spirit, Life and

CHAP. V.

Of the third general Principle, namely of the Element.

Od himself is all in all, out of him are all things according to the Spirit, by him are all things according to the word, and to him are all things according to the Providence or Confidence. Rom. 11.36. Wifd.17. Chap. 12. 1. Gen. 1. John 1. Pfal. 104.27, 28. 136.

in God, who hath his own Nature, and the Elements also are not all, but something only; which is a Salt. This something is from God after the Spirit, from Nature after the Life and Soul, and from

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Chap. 5. of the third general Principle,

the Spiritual water after the body. And again, the water out of the Salt; each world is, and doth flow out of the other,

The Nature stands to the Angelical world, and is a flowing out of the divine world; and the Elementary world is an overflowing of the Nature and Angelical world.

Lastly, Man cometh forth out of the three worlds, and is the concentred or conjoyned Centrum of all the

There are seven Elements or Powers of the world, as Spirit Wind, Air and Water; Light, Heaven and Earth, and are such, by which, in, and through which this world consists and subsists, and without which it cannot fubfist.

These seven Elements are Created out of such a one, which in the Elementary world are all in all, and are incorruptible; namely Salt, which is an excretion of Nature, Execrementum quasi sobrie sumptum, whereby in this world all things bodily subsist, and are preserved. Now there is a threefold Salt, namely, a Spiritual, foulish, and a Bodily and Palpable. Bodily is fixt and permanent, both in Water and Fire: Whence we know out of whar, wherein, and whereby all things stand firm and constant, both in the Water and the Fire, that they may not be drowned, and wherewith they are closed up. The Soulish Salt is flying; because life and Soul is in it, and the growth of all whereby all things receive both body and life: but when it cometh down again, and turneth to the fixed Salt again, then they receive Life. But the Spiritual Salt is a right true effence, and in this world the most noble Being of all Being (Spiritus universi) the Spirits of the Elements, and their Light, and Heavenin its Essence.

The Spiritual Salt dwelleth in the Spirit, Light and Heaven, and giveth to the body of the Refurrection, as Spiritual from the Spirit, Light and Heaven.

The Volans or flying Salt dwelleth in the Wind, Air, Rain, and Dew, this giveth out of wind and air to the

body after death,

The fixed Corporeal Salt dwelleth in water and earth, out of which this our body doth subsist: But Salt is the right fixed Salt, and the right water of Life, which is a dry water, and together water and Earth. in which the air and wind is fecretly hid, and also the Heavens, Light and Spirit in its depths, which are then the seven Powers of the Element and world: and all feven may eafily, undeniably, and manifestly to the eye be demonstrated, if the same be Anatomized.

This only Element of all Elements, is a Power of all Powers in this World: The Salt is an Excrement of Nature by the Word of God, and is bodily a seed of the water, and all Elements from whence the waer did spring, or proceed, or flow, by the breathing of the Spirit of the Lord for a feed to all the world and abundantly increased by the moving of the Spiric of the Lord; so that the whole Earth is sormed out

The fixed Salt is threefold, as in the Earth, in the Water, and in Heaven. The flying Salt also, as in Rain, Water and Dew, Air and Wind. The Effential also is threefold, as in the light Spirit, and upper for out of them them the world did subsist, which is remarkeable, always the one is hid in the other. The lying Salt is the Key, and openeth with it, descending in the Spring, that every thing raiseth from the dead. greeneth

18 Chap. 3. Of the third general Principle, &c greeneth and groweth, and with its ascending in the Harvest shutteth them again.

The Elements are threefold, namely, Spiritual Soulish and Bodily. There are three of the Spiritual Elements, as bodily, the Heaven; Soulish the light, and Spiritual the Spirit. The Soulish are twofold, as Wind and Air. The bodily also, as Water and Earth: Always the one is hid in the other, and the one always comprehends the other six in it; and always the one of them is bodily manifest, visible, and knowing, or palpable, but the other six are hid in it.

Each Element also in it self is threefold, as spiritual, foulish and bodily. The spiritual earth is, and are the Precious stones or Jewels, and that is the body of the Spirit. The soulish earth is the gold, the spiritual water bodily are the Pearls, the soulish is the Amber, afterwards the Corals bodily.

In all these dwell many Powers, especially is out of water and spirit by means of the Fire, they are made new and spiritual. All Elements are in the one with all their Powers, which is a spiritual Rock, out of which the water of Life doth spring to all Creature, and ebbeth and slowethin the whole world, and silled up Elementarily all in all. And when in the end of the world, this one is taken away from them, then all the Elements are consumed in and by the sire.

CHAP. VI.

Of the three special Principles, Spirit. Wind, and Water.

The three special Principles, as far as they are Principles, come according to their Original, as the spirit from God, the wind from the Nature, and the water from the Rocks and Wells of the Element. Every body in the Elementary world is out of the water, even also Heaven and Earth. All living, soul and breath is from the wind, in all bodies, and all spirits are from the spirit: The spirit hath by it the light and Heaven, the wind, the air, the water, the earth. Now as every thing hath its original; so it is of the same sed, nourished, and thither it returneth again.

Now the water is a gathered, concentred, and bodily palpable air. The air is a fost sensible bodily gathered wind. And the wind is a living gathered spirit. But the spirit is such an out-spoken word, which Createth and maketh some living thing; so that it stands there essentially, where it was before. Pfal. 104. 20. 30.

In the beginning of the Creation, the spirit moved on the water; by which moving is understood the wind, by which the spirit hath breathed on the waters, and made them sertile for the Creation of the world.

Now by the three special Principles, as spirit, wind and water, which are Elements alfo, all Creation is finished, not only because they are the means by which the general Principles do work; but also because they contain in them the right feed of all things, and the same in the only true Element of which we made mention afore. For these three bear in their body all Salt and feed, fixed; and flying, and effential; as also Heaven and Earth, with all that is therein, and bring forth into the world, each to its proper felf-subfishing,

or fubstance. Now as all is produced out of the special Principles, according to the Creation and Nativity: But the fin with the curse and corruption hath made all evil; so must all that is born anew return to water, wind, spirit, and out of the spirit and spiritual water, must by the wind be born anew to the Image of the Coelestials yet fo, that in their glory they be no other then Angelical and divine, and bear the Image of the Ceelestials This new birth goeth out of the upper waters, and out of a Coelestial earth to speak Elementarily, and are nothing else but falt. There is another birth also that goeth out of the fire, and is done in pain and torment. The new birth out of the water, and through the water is done in drowning by water to death, Spirit, Wind and Water.

That out and in the earth is done through death and Corruption: The birth out of the fire, as a contrary element, is done in and through the fire in Hell. Every new birth and regeneration is done through the spirit, as also every Creation and alte-

The new high our of the water is done, when water is to be poured upon that which shall be new born: which the bad contrary elementary doth drown, kill, and reduceth to nothing: And on the contrary flirreth up the good, draweth it out and maketh it glorious, and diffinguisherh the good from the bad, rejecteth the bad, and chooseth the good, and keeps it.

The new birth out of earth is done, when a thing is reduced to its proper, earth, dyeth and putrifieth therein, then afterward cometh forth again, and rifeth out of the earth with a new and spiritual body, and parteth with the naughty and corrupted.

The new birth in the fire is done, when all is cast irto the fire, and that which doth not hold fire is confirmed by degrees: and only that which is spiritual remaineth and is faved : and then afterward the new birth with a spiritual body cometh forth: 1'Cor. 3 13, 14, 15. 1 Pet. 4 6. Although we speak here Physically, and Elementarily; yet understanding men will judge Theologically, and the Wife may fearch Physically, how every thing bath its true Earth, Water, and Fire, and so mark and observe this mysterv.

Now is the Spirir, Wind, and Water, by which all, things in the world are effected. These the word sendeth forth to all Creations, Births, and Altersa tions. These are never quiet, for they are by and

Chap. J. Of the Particular Principles, with the Word, the Perpetnum Mahile, as above was mentioned, and co-operate continually into the Light. Heaven, Air, and Earth: which four Elements stand still unmoveable into which the three special Principles do overflow with their body, soul, and spirit, as to the Water, Wind and Spirit; and work out all, and smith the same. The water is as it were the Element, the Wind is like as ingelical, and the Nature, and the Spirit is Divine and

CHAP. VII.

Of theparticular principles, Body, Soul, and Spirit.

confifts in a threefold Trinity; and always one produceth another and stand always orderly in their subordinates, and agree together, that they make upatrue and whose Harmony, and are enclosed at last in the Light, Life, and Love. The Body of all them is, and consists out of the water, also the Earth, the Water out of the Wind; the Wind, out of the Spirit; and the Spirit of God of the Spirit; and the Spirit of God of the Spirit; and the Spirit of God of the Spirit; and Earth; a Soulish out of Wind and Air; and a spiritual, out of Heaves, Light; and Spirit. So is an Elementary hody, an Angelical, and a Divine, very well to be distinguished on man.

Further the Soul is corporeal out of the Air from whence it is fed also: and soulish out of the Wind: and Spiritual out of the Light. The Spirit is Corporeal out and from the Heaven: Soulish out of the Light: and spiritual out of the spirit of the Ele. ments, out of the Nature, and of God, according as the Creature is. Out of these three general Principles. Man hath also a threefold spirit according to his measure, and is the perfect est creature: Always one body dwelleth in the other: and as foon as one body is diffolved and broken; in the same moment a-nother and more noble body is manifest, and that in all things. If now the body becometh nobler, needs must the Spirit be more noble, high and glorious. But this is the body, after which the wife do feek, Namely, the Sale which containeth all in it felf. This body they drown in a Water, which floweth out of the Centrum of the Vegetables; and draw out all vertues, which afterward come together in a celestial spiritual body, and afford that precious jewel. All things that are killd and dye naturally, are drownd in a cold Saturnine Water, for all natural death is done by coldness; but what is kill'd in the Fire without a Saturnine Water is not fit to Nature for a better state. Only the Salt we feek in the fire, and then through the Water, and afterwards cleanse and purific it with the Baptism of Fire and of Water. We should therefore fix our thoughts on the water, and use the fire very carefully, because it is a contrary Element, before which nothing can subfift, but only the

This is the true body of all Elements, and of all things in the whole world, if that be taken away, then all perisheth quickly, and the Gold it self also in the fire. This is the right Heaven, wherein dwell all

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powers,

radise.

Now the foul according to the highest degree, is out of the nature: According to the second degree, from the Light; and according to the third degree, out of the *Wind*. These are the Principles of the living soul: soul and spirit are distinct, as God and Nature, Spirit and *Wind*; as Angel and living soul,

yea as spirit and breath.

The middle Principle among the three Principles, is always instead of the Mother, as the Nature, Wind, and Soul. The body is the Child, which the spirit, as a Father begets through the soul. Out of the spirit cometh the soul, he lets it out as his breath and from both these the body: The sirm soul and spirit, as the true life and spirit which is like unto the Angelical world, is always in the right body of all things that is, in the Salt, when it is opened, then they come forth in a great clearness, as in an Angelical glory.

At last the spirit of all things is out of the three general Principles, in each according to their portion and measure. Now the spirit affords the right in ward essence, the forma essentialis, differentia specifica abstractum essentia, and nothing essential from the same the body and soul also receive their essence, whereby the one from the other essentially and properly, are distinguished; as man from beasts; a beast, foul, sish, vermin, &c from others: and so one thing

fron another.

All Creatures are distinguished chiefly into three as into Animalia, all living souls: into vegetabilia all that grow and spring out of the earth: and into Mineralia, things that grow under the earth, and

are digged out, and so in the water also. These are distinct as the three principles, and in our wisdom always a fair harmony doth represent it self.

All living fouls confift out of Water and bloud, in their feeds through a moist warmth, and a warm meistness each in its mother. All growing things confist in their feed, out of a slimy water, through the Salt, which is fixed in the root, slying in the herb, leaf and grass, and essential in the slower; and all three concentre at last in the feed.

All Minerals, Metals, and what belongeth to it grow our of a fat earth, which the Salt of the earth doth hatch: and do coagulate through a cold fire, which is a Saturnine Water, that is, a fiery water,

and a waterish fire that doth not burn.

Even as upon earth all things grow by rain and dew, as also in the earth it raineth, thaweth, and is misty, thereby grow the Minerals, Metals, and the like; and all this from the falt fixed, flying and effential The flying Salt begets Sulphur, the effential begets Mercary.

Among the Verminthe chiefest is the Viper, with

her brood and kind, and is Mercurial.

Among the Vegetables is the Vine, a chancel, out of which come three forts of water, and also a noble Mineral, and is the Centre of the Vegetables.

Among the Mineral is the Gold, yea the Salt. Of all these three the Concentred Center is man, a-

bove all that is created.

CHAP

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He seven Elements or Powers of the world do rest only upon one, which is a right well of all Elements in our thoughts, because it containethall. An Element is such a thing, out of which, and in which the world and all doth consist; without which, nothing can subsist Again, a contrary Element is such whereby the world and Elements are altered and corrupt and at last must quite perish thereby.

Now all things are Created out of three Principles Materialiter, namely out of the word, as out of a spiritual; out of nature, as a soulish; and out of the Elements and contrary Elements, as an incorporeal corporeal, and Corporeal-incorporeal; that is, out of the Elements after something, and out of the contrary Elements according to nothing.

The word is the all, the Elements are the something and the contrary Elements are the nothing. The nothing is become something by the word of God; and the something will become nothing again, when at last the word is taken away. Although the contrary Elements were once nothing, yet in the Greation they are a Principle along, because they were made, which were not afore, and are of God counted not

Chap. 8. Of the Elements,

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evil, but good; because God did look upon them, and hath covered and hid their principle, which was nothing, yet condentred and fastened together, Corporeal in and on the Tree of Knowledge of good and evil; which must have stood there as a witness; namely, that the world was Created out of nothing; yet this should be undiscovered and not assumed, that is, it should not be broken, namely, that the shame of the whole world might not not stand assumed before the face of all the world, and for a consuson be quite dead and perish.

Now as long as the contrary Elements remained unknown, and in their concentrated Center were not broken, they are very good: But so soon as they are known in their depths, they are such a thing as puts the world to a shame, and at last altogether doth con-

fume it, and reduceth it to nothing.

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These congrary Elements are three, Darkness as Corporeal, Fire as Soulish, and corruption as Spiritual; yet Corruption before the fall was no Corruption, but only an alteration, not unto evil, but unto good, and a change and exchange of all (reated things. The Fire before the fall was not confuming, but in its knowledge was good and ufeful: In like manner darknels was very good, and for a reft and refreshing to all Creatures; but now it is an habitation to ill Spirits, and as far as darkness in the air reacheth and goeth, so far and high also in the air hath Satan his Dominion and Reign. Ephef. 22. Chap. 6 12. And so are the contrary Elements become hereditary to Satan through fin, who is the Prince of darkness, and Potentate of the fire, and the fire over bin , and a principle and beginner of perditi-**จัก**รู้เก็บราช ของเก็

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Out

Out of the fire is produced an unquenchable ever burning Sulphur, and fuch a confuming nery flame, which killeth life, and yet always maketh death a-

The Hellish fire is three fold; in the Hell, in the Devil and his Children, and in the fiery Pool: Out of this alteration, or rather perdition, is at last Death gotten, which in its bodyliness is a cold fire, and a thery coldness: According to the Soulifiness, a gnaw. ing worm that continueth, devoureth, and never eateth, yet always consumeth and still begetteth again: According to the Spirit, Death is the Devil himself effentially, who hath begotten fin, and fin hath begot

ten him, the Devil.

Now darkness was good before the fall; for light was hid therein, which God commanded to come forth out of the darkness: The fire also was good besore the fall; for life rested therein, because no flume was burning in the fire, nor was manifest. The change and alteration was good also before the fall: because love did shew it self therein, by the increase of the Creatures. Now fince Light, Life and Love include all, therefore they were comprehended also in the contrary Elements; but they were separated from the same, and thrust out and parted through sin; and so that which was very good became exceeding bad, and turned good and evil to a contrary and adverse thing. After

After the fall Hell and Death were begotten, and the fire was made manifest. Visible and Corporeal; so that it went up into the height by Reason of sin; so that by Gods permission and command it may fall down from Heaven upon the wicked world, especially it doth lye in and on the fiery Cherub before the door of Paradife, and guardeth the way to the Tree of Life: but in the glorious and joyful coming of the great God Jesus Christ this fiery Cherub must be gone and come down, and all contrary Elements must reduce to nothing, that is, they must no more Reign; and also the Devil himself must from above be cast down, taken Captive, and in Prison must be bound a thousand years, to the glorious liberty and Redemtion of the Creature, from the Vanity, Curse and Death, where all things as they were Created, will be renewed.

CHAP. IX.

Of the Principle or Original of that evil one, and of the Angels.

Defore this Elementary world was Created of God, the Angels, and the Angelical world, and Paradife, which were above the upper waters, were first, and that so certain, as the nature was first before the Elements, and God before all things. Therefore always out of the upper things, things beneath were gotten, and the upper is always before that which is below, even as the Spirit is first before the Soul and Body.

Now the Angels God hath called through his word out of the same light, wherein God dwelleth after their spirit, for that end, that they should serve him, and hath presented them in the stery slame, after the Sonl, and as a wind, after their body.

Now the Angels being out of the light, wherein God dwelleth, therefore they can know on, in, and out of the fame, what Gods command is, and this light is the face of God in Heaven, a spiritual food of the Angels, which light the Angel of the Children may behold, whereas on the contrary the Angels of sinful men may not behold it, until the sinner doth true repentance.

Chap. 9 Of the original of that evil one, &c. 38 pentance; then his Angel may appear again before that light, and before the face of the Lord, of which there is great joy among the other Angels: But as long as the finner doth not repent; for long appeareth the Devil before Godpand accuseth the finner day and night

before him. woldfeld to aye.

Now amongst God D'Ange's Jucifer was the chief; for he carryed the Interest in he clear morning Star, which was and is the son of the clear morning Star, which was and is the son of the clear morning Star, which was and is the son of the was not content with this great Honour and Dignity; but would sain have been Lord and God himself, and no more a servant. This coveting was in Lucifer gotten by an ill look and eye toward God, inflamed within himself, in the same fiery flime, out of which the Angels, after their Soul are, and that so much and heavy, that the light did depart in his Spirit from Lucifer, and inflead thereof an unspeakable great darkness came out of the fire, which Lucifer himself had kindled; and so instead of Heaven, a Hell it self.

So the fiery flame unknown to Lucifer, undiscovered and hid, was blown up by himself out of envy and grudgings, so that it turned to an effential anger, yea to a consuming fire, wherein at first did rest the life; but was afterwards turned into a living death, which never dyeth, and a deadly eternal life made manifest, as a soul to Satan. At last through Lucifers pride a strange wind was gotten in Lucifer, as a body unto him, and Satan hath quite lost the Angelical Principle, and self-subsistance, and became a strange Bird, and a

wild Fly.

Lucifer did try whether he could not be a God, or like unto God, which yet he was in his portion and measure, therefore he is called a Tempter and Satan, and he was become such an one, namely, both a God and a Creator, and a Creature of his own, and lost all

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all Gods Testimony wholly, as also the Testimony of good Angels. He is a Knave or Lyer from the beginning through sin, which hath begotten sim, and he hath begotten sin, he is sins father, and sin is his mother; that hath begotten him, and he her through covetousness in the leering eye of self-love and imagination.

Now as fin is that evil, and found out in its Principle by Lucifer, so it hath turn'd him into an evil one, and one is the Principle of the other; and so he can be excused by no means. So Lucifer hath murdered himself, and hath soft the Angelical Principle, and is, and remaineth a forsorn Child, and son of Perdition

the right Antichrist for ever.

Thus is fin gotten through coveting, and coveting through looking upon, and looking upon through imagination, and that through felf-love, and that through an arrogant liberty, this through fecurity, and that through mantonness, where there is no fear; for as fear is the beginning of wisdom, so is wantonness the beginning of folly and fin. He that is fearful

will not easily hazard upon sinning.

Lucifer was Created of God a good Angel, and that so, that he might easily have been kept from sining: So also might Man if he would himself; but self-will brought him to that sin, yea his own wanton.

Mess; but now he could not be so perfect Created, that he could not fall into sin at all. The reason is, because his weight, measure and number could not endure it; because he was not born of God, but had his Principles besides God, although through God; but what is born of God and of his seed, that cannot sin, because it is born of God, to whom it is impossible to commit sin.

Thus is made clear and manifest the mighty abundant difference in the Creation, which was very good at the Renovation, which was done in and on the old Creature, by means and help of the spirit of God, and among the new bir the from above of God, which is it alone to make Children and Heirs of God, and Co-heirs of Christ, unknown to the world, and their wise Children.

Now the Angels confissing out of wind, Fire and Light, and the fall of Lucifer standing before them as a warning, therefore they cover their feet and faces before God with fear and trembling, and are rather ashamed of themselves, that they may find

grace before the Lord God.

Now they are a fiery flame for a protection of the godly, and a perdition and death to the wicked: God also is a consuming fire in his Angels, not on, or in himfelf, and will come also with his Angels, and his Power, and with fiery flames to judgment.

CHAP

CUAPAX

Of the difference of the light and darkness, as also of the light and fire.

ments by the wife of the world, though it be the first of them in the Creation, for in all Creatures the Bloud and Eyes are first, and por the Heart, frow the light is a going forth of Gods plory, and it never goeth down or decayeth in its light, and is a dwelling of the seven spirits of God, as the darkness is an habitation of Evil spirits. In the light dwelleth the spirit of the Lord, the spirit of wisdom and understanding, the spirit of Counsel and of strength, the spirit of Knowledge and of the fear of the Lord. All wisdom understanding and knowledge, all judgment and examination, and every truth and righteousness cometh from, and out of the light, and through the same.

And as the light doth illuminate the whole world, and maketh day, and is the day it felf: So it illuminates also every spirit in all living souls; and as there is no day without light, neither can be; so no wisdom, nor knowledge nor understanding can be without light. But the light in its body, in our opinion, is a pure essential spiritual Salt from which all Gemms and preci-

C.10. Of the difference of light & darkness, &c. 42 ous stones get their Colour; as also all Flowers and Beauties their fairness. All which the spirit of light doth work, and adorneth all things with beauties; for in the light all Colours are hid, and are goven by the same, the soul of the light is nothing else, but a joyful Life out of Nature, as an Angelical Life, and his spirit and eternal love proceeding from the spirit of

the Lord.

Out of this light God hath made the lights of Heaven, which are coagulated, living and comprehensible lights, and are nothing else in their essence, but a spiritual essential and exceeding pure Christalline sale, so high tempered, as ever any thing may be without any quality or property of heat; coldness, warmth, moistness, drought, and have their proper motion in and on themselves; especially the Sun runnerh always with the light and day, but the Moon with the darkness and night, and the other stars in and on their places and order.

Those lights of Heaven do shew always and every where clearly the power of the Elements and contrary Elements, what their operations be, through which powers all things in the whole world are finished and wrought upon, but through the lights of Heaven no less then a Looking Glass sheweth such and such you see,

Now the powers of the Elements and contrary Elements change and revolve daily, weekly, monthly, and yearly. Now because out of the light cometh knowledge, which searcheth out all the depths in every spirit, soul and body, and presents them in the lights of Heaven, prophesie, tell, and give to understand to the beholders, who are the Children of the light. The spirit of light searcheth all in all things, and sheweth by the lights of Heaven every ascendent or spirit

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in all things, and also in Man, namely what spirit, soul and body he hath received at his nativity, our and according to the Elements and opposite Elements, as also what spirits do incentre in him: All which it had or evil Man may decline; or restit by the holy and good spirit, as a beast can shake off the diff or

Now the Lights of Heaven rule the whole world, namely acording to their time, and thew things prefent, paft, and future: Now hecause every Element hach its spirits, as the Earth, the Water, and the Air, and their eyes are more spiritual then our bodily; they can therefore fpy fomething in the light of Heaven, and reveal it to Man: But the Children of light do not use the Communion of such spielts at all, neither should it be , because it is the next The Natural Magick degree to Witch-craft can do much; of which the wife hen of the East made use profitably, who came to Christ: Angelical may do more yet, But : the and much more the divine. But wes mult ftrive always, after the beft and Manchah within him a threefold Magnettor Lordflore, whereby he care draw to bim all for him the world, and ean do winders. But what faith the Lord to it Mat. 7. 22 Luce 10 2C. For by the natural Maglek, Devils may be call out , and great wonders done by it. The Prince of darkness can turn to the shape of of an Angelbosilight, and will have every where his hand in the twork Now is-a very dangerous time processes all foirits are ftirring; because their end is so night, that it is hardly believed. Then Air is full of fpirits, and the he Earth also is full of them, and every man hath his proper Angel, and his bad Angel alfo: By the good Angels all good things man doth, are fet down truly, and the bad Angels observe all evil that man doth, and when once the books are to be opened, men will be judged according to their works and words. Well be it with him, who hath blotted out his black Register with repenting tears. The spirit we cannot see, unless our eyes be opened.

Lastly, between light and darkness, light and fire is such a great difference, as between his and death; blessedness and perdition; yea as between God and the Devil. The light is and will be an Eternal dwelling of God: But darkness and fire is an everlasting habitation of De-

vils and the damned,

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CHAP.

CHAP XI.

Of the Principle of the fire, and its Mystery.

Here is a threefold fire, namely, the fire of the contrary Element, the fire of the Angels, and the fire of the Devile.

The fire of the contrary element is threefold. First before the fall, a still resting and unmanisested fire, without a burning flame. Secondly, after the fall, a kindled, manifelted, burning, fliming fire. Thirdly, a cold waterish fire, which doth not burn, yet smoketh, & worketh into the earth upon Minerals, and Metals. With this cold waterish fire all things are forced, and the Metalsalio; for it doth calcinate them, and turneth them as it were into ashes, destroyeth and openeth them.

This fire is chiefly threefold, as 1. Vegitable, which is as it were tempered, and is a well rediffed Vineger, which is extreamly useful. Of which not many words,

Sat sapienti dictum. Secondly, it is a mineral fire, which chiefly is the true spirit of Nitre, a spiritual water out of Salt-peter, which hath both heat and cold, and is Infernal and Cœlestial. Thirdly, Chap, 11. Of the fire and its Mystery.

Thirdly, Mercurial or Saturnine, a strong Sale that hath not its fellow. Without this no Metal is engendred; nor broken, or groweth, in which is a great mystery hid, more then can be Imagined. Lut the true spirit of Nirre must not be prepared without a cold fire; for the raging, horrible, and furious Hell, which is in Saltpeter, must in its devouring and confuming fire be over whelmed, drowned and devour-

ed, and be reduced to a bleffed Heaven. Now when a Heavenly Water is at hand, then a new birth from above out of water and spirit con follow. Here lyeth hid a great Medicine in time of the raging Plague, Head-aches, Yeavers, Stone, Cour, and many more diseases, to be used. And truly the time is come, when all things must be made manifest; and although we have not yet with our hands prepared it; yet the spirit of wisdom can teach us all what is secret and mystical, who searcheth into all deepnesses, and can shew, testifie, and make known to us that which no eye hath feen, nor ear hath heard, and which hath never entred into

mans heart. Thirdly, There is also a Metalline cold fire, which reduceth all Metals, yea Gold it felf to nothing; only that noble grain in the Gold hidden, stayeth and remaineth, which cannot be forced, and that fire is Lead, Saturn, which devoureth all Metals, and confumeth also it self in the fire at last: Even as the common tire doth consume and devour all wood, and at last it self is consumed, and goeth out : But in the Cinders that remain, there lyeth the treasure hidden, which must be drawn out of it with hor uater.

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The Metals have two forts of waters, a Cold and a Hot, and both are fire. The Cold is Saturn, Lead, the Hot is Mercury. Now as the one is an extream Hellish Cold; so is the other extream hot of a Hellish Heat; fo that by reason of heat it stands in a continual flowing, although it feels outwardly Cold.

Now in this fire water, the Metals, especially Gold, after their death, are born anew, namely, in the Metalline world, and Reign; and yet are anew Clarified, Christalline, Spiritual, Heavenly body, which is so glorious, that it can make inferiour and less precious, yet to his nature not unlike Metals to his own substance.

So much is it worth to know the nature of fire, and its mystery, without which no good or profitable use of it may be had, for our good; for all must be killed first in the cold fire, even as it were through its Winter, according to the proceeding of nature, must dye and putrifie, if it shall be produced again in a new body,

Now the fire according to its principle, is begotten out of darkness, from thence it is produced, and returneth into it again: But darkness was begotten out of the Nothing, and that Nothing stood there in the beginning of the Creation to the Something, as a Testimony of that which was Created: For all that is made and Created, that was before nothing, and before it be fashioned, then it was not fashioned without a frame, and was as it were a dark Ens or Being, out of which afterward is born the Light, that is a fashionable Be ing that is out of the invisible, a visible thing is made.

Chap. 11. Of the fire and its Mystery.

Therefore the darkness and fire, in a good sense, and before the fall, are an excrement of the Light, yet are good and useful, even as that which a Workmaster heweth or cutteth away from that matter, which he intends to make some fashionable thing: Even as Chips from wood are of the same substance with that which is framed out of it; yet an excrement of it, and when these Chips are flung into the fire, they return to nothing. So the contrary Elements when they are known, they are no more good, but an opposition, adverse and stark nought.

Further be it known, that in the divine world are no contrary Elements, nay there can be none in it, although their power hath pressed into it yea in the depths of God, in which it grew dark, when the Lord of glory dyed on the Crok, and the fire of the raging wrath of God confumed the same, and death and perdition killed him, Who can speak it out, or who

knows what this faying doth mean!

Also in the Angelical world there is no darkness, but yet there is fire. This Angelical fire is an Excretion of the light, out of which the spirit of the ngels is; and this fire also in the beginning, and before the fall hath been a quiet and unknown fire, and very good; because it was and is the soul of the Light in the Angels : Burafter the fall it was manifest, known and turn'd to a flame, and fuch a one wherein the raging anger of God doth reft, in which all Gods Judgments do confift, and come out of the same.

This fire now in the Angels with its rage, anger, and confuming flome is not evil at all; but a just fire of Gods juilice to punish the wicked. All anger, rage and judgment proceed out of the Angelical world, as also the Law, which was promulgated with fire. Exod. 20. Atts 7. 53, 38. Gal. 3. 19. Heb. 2. 2.

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42 Chap. 12. Ont of what all things subsift, &c.

Of the Devils fire was spoken above: More things could be faid of the fire, which for brevity fake we

CHAP. XII.

Out of what, wherein, and wher by all things good and bad do subsist, pass away, and yet bew they last for ever.

Lthough our knowing and prophesying be but part; yet we will not quench the spirit, and we are not to despise prophesying : And the Reader in the Lord may know, that we have our wisdom, be it about natural things, or spiritual, learned out of the Holy Scripture, and not out of pro hane writings; for the Bible is sufficient to us to all wisdom, and we used in 24 years no other book to find out wisdom, but the Bible: Cut of this book the spirit of wisdom through the anointing, can teach us all things, and needs no other spirit or man to teach us.

Every thing in a word subsists only by Salt, they perish without it, and in the same, and it lasseth for ever

in them both good and bad.

There is a threefold falt, namely a Divine, Angelifal and Elementary. All must be seasoned with salr, if it shall last good, and salt is the most noble and wholfomest Balm, the best preservative and Conservative, the highest strengthening. The falt of the Divine world is a true light, a Spirit and VV ater from above, whereby we are illuminated, breathed on, and baptized, yea feafoned and falted, that the hellish may have no power over us. For every one must be feasoned with fire, and must be tried with fire, who and what doth subsist in it, that is bleffed, else it is nothing at all 11 ark 9. 49, 50. 1 Con 13. 14. The falt of the Angelical world is a quick life, in its glory concentred of God into the Tree of Life; which when it shall be broken at the lorious coming of Jesus Christ, then all Created things in Heaven and Earth, in this Elementary world, he will so gloriously and powerfully feason with falt, that they shall he freed and redeemed from fin, Curfe, Death, Devil, Vanity, Pain and Mifery, and that will be a noble food at that great Supper, of which as of an Angelical, and Calefial Manna, all flesh, that is, all Created things and whole Creatures, shall ear, and drink, and feed, And then also shall be put away the sharp, bitter, fowre, confuming, devouring, perishing, and to nothing, reducing falt of the contrary Element, it shall dye, and to its place be separated. Of the elementaty falt we have spoken already above.

There is another falt also of the contrary element, which is threefold; namely in the Earth, Sea and Air, The falt of the contrary element, is a sharp devouring, consuming salt, and reigneth in all Creatures, and is always mixed with the good falt which in the confuming marp falt is held Captive, and can no sooner be fet at liberty, till that which ho ds it Cap-

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44C.12Out of what all things subfife and pass away: tive be drowned and killed by a cold fire, which is a water above mentioned.

This Salt now is predominant chiefly in the Minerals of the Earth, in the Mineral Salts, as common Salt, Vitriol, Saltpeter, Alume, Salmoniak, &c. and is as it were fixed in this. In all Sulphur, especially in the common Sulphur the Salt of the contrary Elements is flying: But he that can make it fixed with a cold fire hath a more precious thing then Gold is. But what is more abused then Saturn, Saltpeter and Sulphur? They shoot it into the Air, being so precious. O malice and wickedness of men! Is it not so that God hath made choice of things, which the world holds to be ignoble, soolish, and rejected, and base.

Lastly in all Arsenicks is the Salt of the contrary Elements, effential and spiritual. True it is a right Poison, but having an effence, why should not some thing be hidden in it.

It must be carefully and purely killed with a cold fire, and be reduced to a new noble birth.

It is to be observed by the by, that every Lee, especially that of quicklime is a cold fire, and that same in the unmature Metals, that have yet their Sulphur, Mercury and Arsenick, may doubtless be of good use, especially in some Iron or Copper Mines, in which the Sulphur of Sol, the glory of Gold sufficiently appeareth; for the flying must through a fixed, be made firm and glorious. And truly hereinis more hid then the world believes.

Now in the Salt is both life and death: And as good things have their Salt; so have bad, and both are firm, the good therefore; because the life is in it; and the bad also therefore; because there is both life and death in it. For what death killeth with extream

coldness, that life reviveth again by fire: Therefore the fire is the life in the Devil and his Children, and the cold is death: But it is such a life which is not of God, nor our of the light and love but out of the Devil himself, out of darkness and anger, which is with unspeakable torment, anguish pain, misery.

The Salt in the Sea is a foulish Salt, raging and surious, of which something may be said, because a Mystery is hid in it; it shineth also in its are, and is a Sul-

phurious light so that it may be seen.

Lastly, the Salt in the Air is essential, and Arsenical, and poisoneth things on Earth, man, beasts and fruits, &c. These three forts of Salt of the contrary element, are made known after the fall, therefore we must separate Salt from Salt, that is good from bad, to reject bad, and embrace that which is good. In the end all bad things fall to the Devils share, especially the contrary elements with their Salt, which maketh up the shery pools. devouring and gnawning, and yet not consuming, living for ever; yet not alive, but dead, dyeth for ever, and yet never liveth: And thus it hath rightly the name of a contrary element.

CHAP. XIII.

Of the Creation of the World.

Ow having known the Principles in their subordinates, and the Center concentrated both in and on the Elements, as also in the contrary elements; thence we may observe how all things are Created by the word, and then to know also what SchaMaIm is, of which is written in the book of the Creation, that God Elohim in the beginning have Created Scha Maim which the Interpreters have rendred Heaven and Earth, which runnneth contrary to the Text, and against the order of the Creation. Who can tell us what Scha Ma?m properly is? True we cannot speak with Tongues; for we are more taken up with Prophesjing, according to the grace bestowed upon Therefore we will give the interpretation of it to others, to let them fearch, to learn what Scha Maim meaneth.

So much is known, that out of Scha Mafm all other things are come, as also the water, out of which Heaven and Earth in the beginning of the Creation were Created; for it is not enough that we know, how that the world was Created out of the water; but we ask also from whence came that water then, out of which the world was made? For the wise go after wisdom, even to her depths, and give not

Chap. 13. Of the Creation of the World. 47 over, till they find the bottom, and all Principles.

The book of wisdom saith, Chap. 11. v. 23. The whole world is before thee, God, as a moment of the little Tongue in the Weights and Scales, and as a drop of the Dew that falleth in the mornings upon the Earth.

It is manifest, that all water and Dem, before it is a bodily water, is first a Vapour. But how, and out of what, and from whence, and whereby that Vapour ariseth, must be searched into: And in our opinion it is nothing else, but such a bodily spirit, who in himself incloseth all in all, and yieldeth and giveth all to all, and at last gathereth all to himself. Out of which now the world is Created, that same is also in all things, and without it there is nothing no where, and when that is taken away from it again, then it can be no more of a being.

That we may fet out the depths of the Creation, out of which it was produced, these are threefold. First the word of God in which is Light, through which all things were made, and that which is in all things, is instead of the spirit, according to the highest degree in the Creation of the world; and this is the true spiritual Seed of all things, without which nothing is, neither can be. Asterwards is the Soul of all the world, and is distinguished from God, as the breath from the spirit, and is the breath of the speaking Word of God and instead of the soul is the true life of all things, according to the highest degree, and is the soulish seed of all things in the world

Lastly, the filt is the body and bodily seed of all things, and of the whole wor'd, in which dwelleth and resteth the Word, and the Spirit of God.

These three hatch from themselves a mater, which is a Schallasm, out of which the whole world hath

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totally in the Light Life and Love.

The word is God, and God is the word, the Spirit is the Nature, and an out-breathed breath of God, and the Nature is the Spirit and Soul of the World. The Salt is an element of all elements, and the elements in their glory are nothing else but a Salt, ans. Out of these three consists SchaMafm, and the whole Creation of the world, in each and all their true Principles. In all Creations the word is the beginning, the spirit

the middle, and the falt is the end.

In the beginning of the Creation SchaMa7m was unfashioned and unframed; there were also darknesses over the face of the depths, and there was a Chaos or confused being: But the spirit of the Lord moved upon the water, thereby it became feedy, and the first thing that was Created in it was Light, but was comprehended of the darknesses so long, till God said Lebior, come forth thou light, and come before the day, and make a day, that it may be Light: And prefently light parted from the darkness, and is according to its body and being, an essential most refined spiritual falt, which not otherwise, but by the eye may be brought to the fense. The darkness containeth in it Fire, and the light was parted from darkness, and the fire lay fecretly hid therein, which afterward by reason of fin broke forth to be visible; and is called not Or, Light, but Vr, Fire.

After the the Light was Created the Heaven, a Firmament out of the water, as Ice and Chryftal: Chap. 13. Of the Creation of the World. 49

In which the flying foulish falt of life became fixed an firm, and Heaven it felt is fuch a falt , in which dwe all the powers of life, and of the fonl, and from thence from above are poured forth into the nether world through the Spirit, Wind, and Air, whose body i the water, into which the flying falt is carryed.

After the Heaven was Created, the Earth, the bodily Centre of the world, a groß body which containeth in it felf the fixed falt into which earth all the elements do incenter. The light is compared to the divine world, the Heaven to the English, and the

earth to the elementary.

Above the Heaven and the Firmament are the Spiritual, above the waters, into which nature doth pour forth it felf, which above the upper waters have their world, and the true Paradife, where there is meer light and no darkness. Which world in these last times is made manifest, in which the Nuprial of the Lamb and his Bride, and the great true Supper will be kept : Those that in the first Resurrection and Change at the coming of fefus Christ have part, shall meet the Lord, and taken up into the Air to go with him into Paradife, and shall thus be with the Lord always. The whole Sphere of the world of earth and water are cartyed and held up by the air, even as a body is kept and held up by the spirit and breath, that it may not fall.

CHAP.

CHAP. XIV.

Of the particular Creation.

He Creation in its order is threefold. First General in the SchaMafm, which was the first Materia, and is yet, out of which corporally all things are Created, into which all Principles come together, and are concentred: Afterward Special, on and in the Element, as Lights, Heaven, Earth, and Water, Spirit, Wind, and Air, are contained in Scha Maim. Lastly Particular, as in all these things, which out, on, in, and by the Elements were Created, produced and made.

The first that was made in the particular Creation, were the Vegitables, all growing things on earth, as Grass, Herbs, Tress, amongst which the Vine Tree is the chiefest. Now everything hath its proper seed in it self: Therefore here ceaseth Creation; and Conception and birth begins, out, in, and by discouns seed; but at first all things were brought forth out of the earth, on Gruss, Trees and Herbs, through the Word, Spirit and Salt. The Salt hath given to the Grass, Herbs and Trees their bodies, which they all have in them. The Spirit hath given them Power and Virtue, especially for Physick; but the word giveth the bleffing to it. The true Phyfick, Virtue and Bleffing may be fought, and gathered out of the falt of the carth,

Chap. 14. Of the particular Creation. earth, and of every Herb, and be made Corporeal i and at the time when it doth greeny, that the effence may be extracted, and reduced to a Spiritual and Colestial body, which cometh forth green, and yieldeth

power to Physick. Christ sith unto his Disciples, Mat. 5 13. Ye are the Salt of the Earth The Reason, because thereby the whole world was seasoned, and made sertile, that it did grow up to everlisting life and happiness. But now all Salt is become unfaroury; the Reason, because there is no Spiret nor word of Life in it. Therefore it is cast upon the Dunghill, and trampled upon: And behold the Lord will Create a new one Amen. Halelujah.

The particular Creati n hath begun from, and on the lower, and went upwards. As now the earth is adorned with Grass, Herbs and I rees; So had God on the fourth day adorned the Heaven and Firmament with Lights, Sun, Moon and Stare, which came forth and grew out of fixed flying and flying fixed Salt of the Heaven, and are even as the precious stones of the earth. They are fixed in their Heavenly body, and at the highest temper, but they are flying in their course, although some of them do stand fill.

The chief Lights of Feavenere the seven Planets. Saturn is the highest, and belongeth to the earth, and standeth to the earth; who knoweth whether he were the highest at the beginning, or whether he came to be the highest after the fall, and that Mercury was to give place to him. Many things are to us hid, and much of mystical fecrecy is in them. For Saturn eateth all, and is Death, and domineers over all. But Mercury maketh alive and growing. Of all much were to be faid, but Sapienti satis. Therefore we must take good heed to the contrary elements, which over the fall ruled over all: But we must be careful and witty to rule over them, that death may be drown-

ed and swallowed up in victory.

On the fifth day God Created out of the Waters all things that live therein, and also the Birds out of the flying falt in the water: Hence it is that they are so flying; and these have their particular consideration by reason of the flying salt, and in their Feathers they are Physical in flying Mercurial diseases, as in the Falling sickness, Madness, Giddiness; for these diseases have their original from the Spirits, through Gods permission, and must be cured with a flying Salt,

which is reduced to the highest degree.

Be it known also, that there is great Virtue in Precious stones, as in Pearls, Amber, Coral, namely, when they are first baptized with a Coelestial water, which be altogether Spirit. The Load-stone also hath its mystery : And who can tell all? We may well say, Great are the works of the Lord: He that observeth them taketh delight therein, and to them they are propounded. On the fixth day God Created all the beast of the earth, and the Worms, and at last man, with him he closed up the Creation. Among the i ermins or Beafts, the Serpent is the Center ; in the be. ginning the did not creep upon her belly, and did not feed upon earth, but that was laid on her as a Cucle from God. Whether she had Wings we will not deny: There is great subtilty in her, and a Mystery hidden therein: At the beginning the was not venomous; and among all the Beafts she was the next by and about Man, as the will also be the next about him in the new world, when that enmity is at an end. Ifa. 11. 8. No Creature is so bodily fair and subtil as the Serpent. Now because she was at first always about Man, therefore the Devil did perswade her to perChap. 14. Of the particular Creation.

swade Man, that he should break of the Tree of Know-

ledge, and eat of the fruit thereof.

Because the Serpent is Nercurial and flying, and is the Center of all Leasts, therefore needs must there be a great mystery in her for Physick, if rightly prepared for the Mercurial diseases, especially being full of hones

Therefore God hath finished the work of Creation on the sixth day, with and on men; of whose Creation hereaster; and on the seventh day the Lord did rest, and blessed that same day. The six days bear a Curse by Reason of sin; but the seventh day that now truly cometh, that bringeth blessing and rest, Joy, Honour and Glory; which joyful day of our Rede uption, we through the spirit of Prophessing do annunciate to all Creatures under Heaven in an everlasting Gospel, and a very joyous Message, which to annunciate is given to us from the spirit of prophesying.

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CHAP

CHAP. XV

Of the Mystery of the Word.

I is known out of the Holy Scriptures, that all things are made and Created by the word, and that yet all things are made by the word, and are preferred through the word. But here we will not speak Theelogically, but only naturally according to the Creation, Neither do we speak Theosophically of the depths of God, both which we fave till another time and place.

The word of Creation is the general power of God, out of which, in which, and by which all things are, fublish, and will be. This general power of Almighty God every Creature makes use of for its best good: But only Man abuseth it, as also do the Devils and Spirits by Gods permission: Hence it cometh, that men must give an account of every idle word; because they have abused the breath of the Almighty, and use it to fin. Ch, that I could lay a Lock to my mouth, that I might not transgress with my Tongue.

Because now all Mysteries are hid in the word therefore the same also performs all things in the world Therefore we will fay, that hence ariseth a three fold Magick through faith, that is a power to know fome thing to bring it to an effect. Firft,

First there is a Natural Magick, which cometh out of Natural Faith, wherein there is fuch a Magnes or Load from, that it can draw all things to it. This feith is gotten in Man, either of nature in his 'pirit, which is the true and right afcendent, namely the spirit of man, and by no means this or that Aftre or Constellation, as the ignorant do imagine, which is only in signam ascendentis, & c. Or this faith through the art and instruction of the natural Magick, is wrought in man, so that his spirit receiveth the ascendent, and rejoyceth in the same. As the ascendents in an may very well be transmuted, transplanted, and altered by the foirits.

Of his natural Magick, without Witchcraft, the wife ment of the East made lawful use, who knew the Star, and proceeded so far therein, that the go not only great knowledge, but have also done wonders.

This natural Magick is learned out of the true and perfect degree from the Spirit of God, and gooth before and beyond the ascendent, because commonly other Spirits do mingle themselves into it. This Magick art Daniel and his fellows had studied, as also Moses . the Prophets, and went beyond the wife men & Magicians of Egypt far with th ir skill.

From this natural Magick art the falle Magicians took theirs, and because the true ascendent was not in them, namely the Spirit of God, but had only their Elementary, or their Masters ascendent, therefore also Lucifer made thew of an Angel of Light, and became aftendent in them, and made Sorcerers of them. Now as true Magicians know and perform all by the Word of God, which speaketh in them, operates out of them, and by them; so the Sorcerers abuse the word in its power. and perform wonders thereby, till Mofes his staff and

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Balaam was a right natural Magician; but the covetous spirit was ascendent in him, that he went to the Sorcerers, that is to the spirit of Sorcery, and the spirit of Avarice had blinded his eyes, that he could not see the Angel that resisted him, but the Assaw him and was shye, therefore Balaam must be kill'd by the Sword, as others that deserved it. Num. c 31.28.

Out of this f life Magick art come all S recers and Witcher. Its with their bewitching spels, tokens, words and works, and all those that have familiarity with Spirits: Let every one take heed of spirits, and let them not rejoyce when spirits draw near unto them; but rather sly from them, and pray to the sather of Lights for the Holy Ghost, that he may come to them.

Secondly, There is a Prophetical and Apostolical Magical art, which cometh out of faith of Gods Spirit in his Children, in which the word with glory dwelleth; the same speaks to them, in them, as in the Prophets we read, The Lord bath spoken to me; namely, not always outwardly with a loud voice, but rather inwardly. Thus old Simeon had an answer from the Lord; thus the Lord also spake through the Ephod, &c. By this Magical art the Prophets and Apostles have done so many Miracles, raised the dead, and only by the word.

This Magical art the Devil prefumeth to imitate, namely that the word should speak out of Chrystals, by looking into it, out of Rings, wherein perhaps dwelleth a spirit, and speaketh out of it, &c. But this is not the word, but only a spirit bewitched into ie.

Lattly, There is yet a higher Magick of Gods Children, which worketh over and beyond nature, and that through faith, as when Moses divided the waters with his Rcd, and 70 mah bid the Sun and Moon to stand

still, and the like; which things are beyond the course of nature, but all is done by and through faith: So also when Elias shut up the Heavensthat it should not rain, and all these things are performed in, out, and by the power of the word of God, which when it callette and commandeth, then it must stand there.

The Sorcerers also think to make use of this Magick. but theirs is meer Witchcraft by Gods permission. and yet things are performed really by them, even as the Egyptian Sorcerers brought up Frogs, &c. but not by the finger of God, but by the spirit of the Devil. by which shortly the three unclean spirits and Frogs will do wonders, to seduce the Kings of the earth, as also other falle Prophets. Rev. 16. 13. Mat. 24.29. Lastly the word speaketh out, in and by all things, because it is in all things, and that by the signature and mark of every thing in the external viewing, and sheweth clearly what is hidden within of power and virtue, if only the speech and voice of the word could be heard and understood: But in the renewed future world, all these things will be clear and manifest to the praise of God.

CHAP. XVI.

Of the mystery of the Created lower visite ble things.

Od hath brought forth all Created visible sublunary things out of the invisible that were so at
the beginning, he made them to something and
visible, and gave to every of them a Body, Soul and
Spirit after their kind, and in them be bath hid his invisible glory, that is the invisible in the visible. and
the Coelestial in the Terrestrial. This is the mystery
after which we must diligently seek, that is after the
hidden wisdom, which no eye hath seen, nor can
see, neither ear hath heard, nor hath it entred into
mans heart.

All these sublunary Created things visible, have a Terrestrial body, and is visible: But they have also a Coelestial body hid within them inwardly: The same is so long invisible, till the visible body is dissolved and broke; and afterward the invisible body is set forth to appear visibly, which is heavenly and Spiritnal, consisting out of water and spirit, and is nothing else but a Christailine, yea new born salt of life, which cannot be overcome by the contra-

Further, every thing hath a foulift life, that is such a one which must fetch breath out of the common air, and this is nourished by the same, a life, which in a moment is and must be mortal, so that pothing is lasting of it. Now to this foulish life is a nulckening Spirit, which doth not fetch breath, as the

Chap. 16. Of the Created visible things. 59
sealist life; but it hath life, and is in it self a Spirit of life, and not a breath, and hath eternal life in him, and is nothing else but the Spirit of God, and the breath of the Almighty that quickneth all. Lastly, all things have a spirit, that returneth thither from whence it came, and doth not stay in the dead; because it is not the spirit of the dead, but of the living, and is the Spirit of God, which in and by the old Creation and Creature doth not stay for ever, but only in and by the new, which is from above. Thus nothing is lasting in this world, but vanity and corruption, but it sheweth to us clearly, how that all these Created sublunary visible things are an Image of the things above.

This mystery God hath discovered to his Children and to the wise, that namely this lower Created visible Elementary world is an Image of the upper visible Spiritual, Cælestial, yea divine world. Therefore when the visible Elementary world doth vanish, then the spiritual world yet invisible, will be made m nifest and visible: Therefore there is no Creature, which doth not shew the mystery of the superiour spiritual world; of which mystery and wonders in the suture renewed world in Zien will be preached.

Now the Aposse siath clearly, we do not look upon the visible, but upon the invisible, 2 Cor. 4. 18. Seek the things that are above, and not the things on Earth. Col. 3. 2. In my fathers house are many dwellings that last for ever, saith Christ. John 14. Why should we regard the visible things which are sading away. The Aposse saith, If there be a Soulist body, then there is a Spiritual body also. I Cos. 15. 44. And when this house of our Earthly Tahernacle is broken, then we have an house from above of God, which

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is not made with hands. 2 Cor. 5. 7 here are i errestrial bodies, there are also Calestial. 1 Cor. 15. 40. Yet always the Spiritual, Calestial, and yet invisible, are hid within the soulish, Terrestrial, and visible.

Now as God his invisible glory continually poureth down into this sublunary wold, so he gethereth it to him again, and then when all is ended in the end, he will set them before him in a new Creation, as it is written Rev. 21. 5. Behold I make or Create all

But before this new Creation cometh, the renewing of the old Creation and Creature goeth before. Namely, in the joyful coming of the Lord, which will be with great power and glory, because all shall be set free that is called Creature. Rom. 8, 23, From the Devil, Curse, Death, then will be the joyful Jubile.

Now we must know, that there will be great difference between the renewing, and the new being it self. The old Creature is made new in its old being; but the new Creature hath a new essence, and that not from below, as the old, but from above, For above is the right essence, below is o ly the type and Image; this is the mystery we are to observe. Above are the right Principles and Elements; these below are only a shadow: Below are meerly Terrestrial bodies; but above are the Coclessial, although they are hid in those below.

The Terrestrial bodies are meer Ashes, but the Coelestial are a noble salt of life. The Terrestrial life is only soulish and a mouth sull of breath: If that be gone; then down salls all. But the Coelestial life is an Eternal life; and cannot dye. The Terrestrial spiritis but a wind, if that be gone it syeth into the air and vanisheth,

Chap. 16. Of the Created lower visible things. 61 vanisheth: But the Spirit of God is a quickening Spirit even as God himself is.

Now as all things are an Image of the Heavenly, so in truth the foulish Adam, and Terrestrial man, is an Image also of the Spiritual Adam, and Heavenly man, which is Christ in God, and God in Christ. This is the great and miraculous Mystery which thou O man, O Adam, O thou Image of God chiefly above all things shouldst observe, that thou maist know thy self in God, and God in thee, and maist know and learn what man is, what Adam is, what the Image of God is, that is, what thou thy felf are (of which in our book Adam) which is the greatest wildom; Namely for one to know himself, after a perfect and true knowledge, which isspirit and truth: He that doth not regard this, but despiseth it, which yet is Gods Image, rebuketh himself, and will be rebuked of God allo.

GHAP.

CHAP. XVII.

Of the Creation of man and his Anatenzy.

M An hath nothing so much to care for, as himself that he may know his own best, and salvation, Now he that knoweth himself aright in spirit and in truth, knoweth God alfo, and all things. Therefore mans knowing himself availeth most to himself. Now to speak briefly, all things, and man also confilt in one, three and seven. The one is individual, 'a telf-fubfifting in it felf. The three are Body, Soul and Spirit. And the feven are chiefly the fiven Powers, after the feven Powers of the feven Elements, and after the feven Spirits of God, which feven Powers every Creature hath in ic felf in its glory.

Even so man is an only man in himself personally, ύφισάμενος individualiter, in lie felf fubfiftance : bu: is put together of three, as of Fody, soul and Spirit, and is teffified by feven Fewers, as 1. by Moving, 2. by Hearing, 3. by Seeing, 4 by Smelling, 5. by Tasting, 6. by Thinking and Reasoning, 7. by Sounding or Voice. Moving containeth the life, to

feel, fee, go, &c. are reckoned all to one.

In this part now Man is Soulib, like unto the living Souls and Beafts, which have all thefe but in their portion and measure, number and weight, namely as much as belongeth to them. According to this, man hath no more then they, and hath with them a living Soul, out and after the Elements, of equal beginning out of the earth, and of like going down to the earth

Chap. 17. Of the Creation of man, &cc. again. Sal. in Ecclef 3. 19. After, Man hath more then the Beafls which is out of another world, namely out of the Angelical; which is the Mind, which in its spirit is a Preacher of the law in all menfrom Nature, and bath the Knowledge, Will and Conscience to good, directs Man to all good, and accuseth man in evil things, in his Conscience. Num. 2. 15, 16. Lastly, Man hath alfo a higher and more glorious thing in him, which is the Breath of the Almighty a Heavenly Soul and life from God, which God breathed into the first mans Nostrils and face, wherewith he hath marked and testified his divine inward love to his Image, in and on a piece and part of the Eternal light and life. Gen. 2. 7. 706 27. 3 c. 33 4. According to this part, Man is Immortal, because he hath such a treasure within him, namely the Breath of the Almighty, and thus herein he is very much distinct from the bealts, yea. he is above the Angels In this Heavenly Soul is hidden the Kingdom of God, and in this Breath of the Almighty confitts the true Manhood, by which he becometh a true immortal man: But in the other Elementary part, he is like unto the Beafts, Terrestrial, Corruptible, Mortal, Dust and Ashes,

Now man having received at the Creation such a part out of God, from thence he can be made partaker of the new birth, Creation and Creature from God, of his Nature and Effential feed, which is the most holy Flesh and Bloud of the word, which is Christ, and thus the new man is the new Creature out of Gods, and his quickening Words feed, that is of Christ, and of this Spiritual Adam and Heavenly man, of his flesh and bone. John 1. 13. c. 3. 1. John 3. 9. 1 Pet. 1. 28. 2 Pet. 1. 4. 2 Cor. 5. 17. 1 Cor. 15. 45, 47, 48. Epb. 5.30. This Seed of God Man receive th into his Heavenly Soul, through the Holy Spirit to a new life of

Gods

Gods Inheritance: And this body together with this Heavenly Soul, and the Holy Ghost from God in its full self-subsistance, doth not personally appear, till after the Angelical glory and laying down of the same body. Lastly, in the end it entreth into the divine world: Hence it is said not to be manifest yet, what the Children of God are, 1 70hn 3. Only in a Riddle and obscure word is it spoken of.

After the part of the first Resurrection of the changing, at the coming of Christ, and according to the Jewel of the Heavenly calling, all these that are partakers of it, receive an An elical body, life and spirit, therewith they enter into Paradise, and the Angelical world, and will be on dyyehos, like to the Angels. Mat. 22.30. Mark 12.25. Luke 20.36.

Each body of man, also the soul and spirit are nourished and preserved from that, from which they come and are taken a the Elementary body out of water and Earth, the soul out of Wind and Air, and the spirit out of Heaven, and go again into the same, when they are dissolved.

According to the Elementarine is there is a threefold body in man, whilf he liveth out of Water and Earth, when he is dead, out of wind dearth till the Refurrection, & when he rifeth out of Spirit, Light and Heaven, and know that every Element hath its proper body, life and spirit. Further Gods Holy ones rest after they depart in the Elementary part in the Earth, Grave, or where they are deceased. So Samuel was heard out of that place of his Grave where he deceased, to pronounce a ruine to the rejected King Saul. According to the Angelical part they rest in Abrahams bosom, which are the Chambers of the Justin the high Heaven

1 to 1

Chap. 18. of the Image of God, &c.

ven; But according to the divine part, they are in Paradife; of all three the Scripture testifieth clearly.

Lastly, insidels come to Hell and Prison with all, except the dead body: But those that have sinned against the Holy Ghost, and have no pardon for it, neither in this nor in the other world, are buried in the Death, because they have committed a deadly sin. All the dead rise incorruptible, that is in a Spiritual and Coelestial body. But what glory or shame every body shall receive, shall be known after the general judgment is pass

CHAP. XVIII.

Of the Image of God, after which Man is Created-

Hat man is Created after Gods Image, is manifest out of Scripture. Gen. 1. 26, 27. Jam. 3. 9. But only this is the question, what this Image is, after which Man is Created. Every Creature or Beast are made after their own Kind and Image, but Man only after Gods Image. This Image is Christ, or we as compaτικος δι ών' ασαίν γαομα, effentially, bodily the Image of the invisible God. Col. 4.14. For God is a Spirit, and and may not be felt nor feen, unless it be in his essential substance, and substantial essence. Even as Manin his true Manhood, after which he is distinguished from all other living Souls, a Spirit or Spiritual in and on his Spiritual Soul, and Mans Spirit cannot be feen, felt or known, otherwise then in his body, in which he dwelleth with all his fulness. So the invisible God, who is a Spirit, cannot be seen or known but in Chrift. and his substantial body, as in which God the Father,

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Chap. 18. Of the Image of God, the word and the Holy Ghoft, together with the whole fulness of the Godhead dwelleth bodily. John 14 9. 1 John I. Col. 2. 9 And this is the spiritual Adam, a quickening Spirit, the Heavenly Nan, the

Lord out of Heaven 1 Cor. 15. 41, 47.

The Image of God is threefold; Namely 1, the Image of the Essence essentially, after man is, his own Image in his own proper Effence and Body : So Christ also is the effential and bodily Image in God, even as Mans body in Man, and so is God in Christ, as Man is in his body, his own effential felf-fubfilling bodily, and personal Image. 2. The Image of that form, on the outward appearance of that form, Face and Members, 3. The Image of the living properties. Power, or what name soever it may be called. Here is manifest the Mystery of the Image of God, and that God in Christ, and Christ in God was much fooner a Man then we; for we are in all things fashioned after him, and so his counterfeit.

Christ the Image of God, and Man who is out of Gods Image and honour are thus diffinguished. Namely, 1. As the Image and Essence. 2. As Essence and Effence. 3. As Spiritual, Heavenly and Divine, and as Soulish, Terrestrial and from beneath, that is as Adam and Adam, Man and Man, and as above and beneath. The Soulish Adam is not an Image of God after the Essence, as Christ, Reason, because his Essence is Terrestrial, and from beneath; but in and on that Terrestri I body only that Image in that manner, as a counterfeit, and that in a Terrestrial fonlis Effence from beneath out of the Earth : Sois the Soulish Adam and Terrestrial Man, an Image of the Spiritual Adam and Heavenly man, as a stony wooden or Image of Wax of a living mans image, is not in humane Effence, on the Fleth and Bloud, but in another Now being.

Now as Essence and Essence are one distinct from anoth: 1; so is frame and frame. 1, The inward form of God, is the most holy Godhead, which with all sulness dwelleth bodily in Christ. Of this form man hath received the Breath of the Almighty in a Heavenly Soul to his inward effential form and true Manhood. 2. The bodily visible, palpabl and personal form of God, effentially in which God personally appeared, and personally was made manifest, is the flesh of the word the body of Chrift After this man hath a body of flesh, bloud and bones, but not Divine, Spiritual and Heavenly, but Soulish, Terrestrial, and from beneath. 3. The manifest face welower, and looks, and presence on the head, body and all Members, and their Powers and strength. After this also is Man framed, and thus to be looked on; in which confideration many Mysteries may be observed, although the spirit of Errour faith, as if God had no Head, Eyes, Ears, Face, Nose, Mouth, no Hands nor Feet, because he is a Spirit. which rather befalls those Spirits of Errour, he hath Eyes and feeth not, neither acknowledgeth the Image of God in Chrift and in Mar, hath Ears and heareth nor, and a Heart, and understandeth nothing,

Further Man is made after Gods similitude, and is like unto God; Namely 1. on the Heavenly Soul, Eternal and Immortal, and thence he is of God. 2. Like in Power, that he can do much, namely after his part, measure and weight, 3. Like in Glory, as a God, over

all other Creaturesa Lord and Ruler,

GoodReader here you must know and observe, that this great Mystery doth manifest here, and Bringeth along the right febior let it be light, the day of the Revelation of the Son of Man, of which Chrift faith- expresly, Luke 17. 22. &c. On which the the Sonof man is revealed, and that this is the Revelation and aprearance

pearance of Jesus Christ, of whom the Holy Apostles have prophesied. 1 Pet 1.7.85.1 Tim. 6.14.16.3 Joh. 2. 28. Tit. 2. 13. 2 Tim 4. 8. & 2 Thef. 2. 8. Thus The Revelation or appearance of the coming is clearly distinguished. Mal. 3. Mat 24. 30. And chiefly Rev. 12. He that hath Eyes let him fee, and he that bath Ears let bim hear, and an understanding Hear: hearken unto it.

But this is the Revelation and appearance of Christ, the day of the Revelation of the Son of Man, namely, that God in Christ, and Christ in God, a Spiritual, Divine, Heavenly Adam, and man from Eternity is, and hath been in a Divine, Spiritual, Heavenly Essence, flesh and bloud, and after this his essential Image he hath in the Creation created and framed a Soulish

Adam, and Terrestrial Man.

CHAP. XIX.

Of the Mystical Image, that is of the Mystery of God.

"His is the Mystery of God, as was said already, which is clear and manifest on the Soulish Adam and Terrestrial Man from beneath, that namely above is the true Adam and Man, but beneath is only his Image. Wonderful is Gods counsel, and who hath known the Lords mind, who was so pleased, that the last should be the first, and should receive the Money or Peny, and the bleffed glory at first. Well may these last say, This is the day which the Lord hath made, let us rejoyce in it. it is marvelous in our Eyes. I fal. 118, To day is su'filled the Word which is writ-

ten, The Stone which the builders rejected, is become the Corner Stone, and it is marvellous in our Eyes; for the Spiritual Rock, of which all the Fathers have eaten and drunk from the beginning of the world, and upon which the Church of God is founded and builded, remained unknown, till to the seventh Trumpet, where the Mystery of Cod must be manifested, and is also made manifelt; for the Spiritual Adam, and Heavenly Man in his Divine Flesh and Bloud, through which we are so dearly bought, is thrust away from the Holy place; and on the contrary another Hest and Bloud from beneath out of finners is brought into the Holyest for an abomination of the desolation.

But now the new Creation is come, in which the Word faith, and the Lord himself speaketh, as he hath promised. Isa 52.6.c.40.5. Saying, febior, or let it be light for the day is come, which is known to the Lord, & to them to whom he will reveal his Mystery. Zech. 14.

Concerning the Mystery of God in the Creation of Man, it is thus that God hath Created Man, a Man and Woman. Gen. 1. 27. And took the Woman out of the Man, Chap. 2. 21, 22. To shew the great Nystery of Christ, and of his Church, which is his Wife and spoule, out of his flesh and bones. Ephel. 5. 30, 31,32. But the Divine, Spiritual and Heavenly Eve is threefold. 1. The most holy Godhead it felf, 2. The Church of Christ, 3 The Heavenly Soul in Man. This is the body of Christ his Church, whose Saviour he was made, for which he gave himfelf. The Divine Eve as the most Holy Godhead is the Mother of usall, and the right Ternsalem which is from above. The Spiritual Eve as the Church of Cirist is the Mother, the Spouse of the Lamb. The Virgin and Daughter of ferusalem. The Heavenly Soul is the Heavenly Eve, a Maid of the Lord, a Daughter of Jerufalem, who was married

Chap. 19. Of the Mystical Image, to a Terrestrial Man, who brought her to great misery and death; but the Lord was made a Servant for her, and hath made her free again through his death, and liath married unto her a new Adam man, out of his fieth and bone, of which the hath a divine Inheritance.

Now if we ask after the Mystery of God, how that may be made known, answer is, on man it may be known: There is but one man in one Perfon, but in it three witnesses of his substance, as Body, Soul and Spirit, and in seven Powers: The Spirit is always in stead of the Father, and is the Father himself also, and begetteth by the Soul, as by the true Mother, to himself a body, which is the Child and the Son, in which dwelleth all fulness. So there is but one God, in one only Perfon, but in three Witnesses, Father, Word and Holy Ghoft, and in seven Spirits or Powers of God: God is a Spirit and a Father, and begets through the word, and in the same to himself a Body, a Child, a Son, in which he with all his fulnels dwelleth bodily, in this manner, that he that feeth the Father, feeth the Son also, the word it felf, the quickening Spirit, and the quickening Adam himfelf.

Afterward God begets a Son, not after the Person, or a personal distinction, as one Man another Man, elfe there would be two Gods, although there is but one only God: But after the Testimony for our sakes he begets a Son, that we namely by that Witness, as of the Father and Son in God, might be made Gods Children, Heirs and Co-heirs out of his Seed, flesh and bones; for God in and for himself needs neither Father nor Son. because there is never no more in him but one in number, but even himfelf is feffe, and all in all, neither are there two or three, but One only, and none elfe.

3 Lastly God begets also a Son, and is a father after the Testimony, and that to all Creatures, and what ever he hath Created, namely, that all might have a trust and confidence in him as also the young Ravens, when they are for faken by the old ones. This Tellimony is done by the Spirit, which from God is in all things, and alls up all. wifd. 1 7. Chap. 12.1. Who it is that cryeth to God out of the young Ravens, Who is a God of the Spirits of all Flesh. Num. 16. 22. And remembreth to God, that he is a father of all Creatures, and cannot, neither ought to forfake them. Now the Spirit is it, that calleth upon God in all Creatures, and praiseth and glorifieth, him where is is faid in the Pfalm. All that hath breath Praise the Lord, Every Spirit Land and Praise the Lord; The Earth, the Sea, and the Trees in the Forest Praise the Lord. O man there is much in the Spirit, the knowledge of him availeth much ; for if you do not know him, you are but a Beast without a Spirit, as Ecclesiastes and others more have it.

CHAP. XX.

Of the Truth and Spirit, by which all Wisdom is justified.

W Hen we intend to speak of the Wildom, it wust be done in the Spirit and Truth. Now nothing is Truth but only the Spirit, and the same can lead us into all Trath, can teach us all, and can tell us of things to come; for all Spirits are in subjection to him, he penetrates through them all, even as fire doth to Goldand Silver feven times, and the good that remainethin it, it doth not undoe, but rather thinks that there is a bleffing in it, and bloweth into the smoking Flax, a fire of Life, Light and Fie, and insuseth it

Chap. 20. Of the Truth and Spirit, 73 selfinto the same, that it may be sitted for a new Creation, for a multiplication into many thousands.

But nothing may attain unto Wisdom, unless it be first gone to the fire for a Tryal, even as the Gold cannot come to its glory, unless it be gone in the Crusible through the confuming fire seven times, that afterward it may be Baptized with Water and Spirit to a new birth, and become a new Geld, and become out of the same Spirit and Water increased into many thoufands, and as a Heavenly Gold, Spirit and Metal, whereby other inferiour metals may be turned into the substance of the best Gold. So it fareth with man that shall get wisdom, first he must be baptized with Fire, then with water, and then with the Spirit, and all this is done in the Crusible of the Terrestrial man.

But all wisdom is sufficient through the Spirit, and in Truth through Principia subordinata, & Concordantia, which do concenter afterward in a Harmony. The Principia contain the true beginning of every thing from whence it came, thither it doth return also, and from thence it is preferv'd also. The Subordinata contain the Order, straitness and persection of every thing, as they do hang one in another, stand and subsist one by another, even as a Ladder or Stairs, there must not be one step amis or wanting, else the subordinata are not true. Commonly there are seven subordinata, and follow one upon another orderly, and things that follow one after another are subordinata, and thus it is perfect,

Lastly this is a Concordance, that all things may agree one with another, and a Contrariet, be no where found, seen or heard. Even as in sweet Musick all things are Harmonious, let the Voices be as many as they will, and change one in another, going out of one into another, and an everlassing Ternarius remaineth therein, and so the Principles and Concordance consist in Ternarina and Unity, where one floweth out of another till to the number of seven of the Subordinata, which reach after the greater number till to Twelve.

At last the Harmony concentreth, and encloseth all, which taketh altogether in One, Three and Seven, and presents one as the other, namely the upper as the lower, and the lower as the upper; fo that none be against the other, although they be so far dillinet as God and Creature, Spirit and Soul, Heaven and Earth, yet one is in the other, the one is known by the other, and the one is justified by the other, and that in Spirit and Search now and fee, try and learn, hear, ob-Truth. ferve, and judge what wifdom this is, and what Truth and Spirit is presented in this Book. The sool knoweth nothing of the Wisdom, and doth not understand her way. Lyers do not understand the Truth, nor do they know her Principles; and the foulish, bruitish, and profane know nothing of the Spirit, although they hear his wind blow, yet they know not from whence it cometh, nor whither it goeth. Therefore do not look upon men, do not inquire after men that is nothing, and do not stare upon the image to the intent to adore it, as all those do that dwell on Earth. Rev. 13. But only inquire after the Spirit and fear him; for he will direct all in the Word of Truth and Righteousness: Him you are to Honour, and against him do not think, speak, or do, that you may not be condemned out of your own mouth.

Now all Spirit, Truth and Wildom reveal themselve: in these three, and are thereby known and justified, namely in a Divine Light, in a Divine Life, and in a Divine Love, where these three are in, on, and about man, there is really Spirit, Truth and Wisdom. The Divine Light containeth all wildom, understanding, and knowledge. The Divine Life containeth all Truth, Holinels

Chap. 20. Of the Truth and Spirit, &c.

Holineis and Righteousness: And the Divine Love containeth the whole Spirit, and poureth him out into our hearts, and thereby we know, that God hath loved us, because he hath given us of his Spirit, which cryeth in us Abba, and giveth Testimony to our Spirit, that we are the Children of God; He poureth forth our Tears and Prayers before God, that we might find grace before the Lord, and teacheth us to pray aright before the Lord about things that are above, & maketh

intercession for us with unspeakable sighs.

Thereby we know in the Spirit and in Truth, where the right Wisdom, the Divine Truth, and the Holy Ghost is, for these three Light, Life and Love proceed from God, and God himself is Light, and there is neither Darkness nor Fire, in or about him. God is Eternal Life, there is neither Death nor Perdition out of him, in or about him. God is Love it felf, and there is neither VVrath, nor Pain, Fell nor Lamnation, out or of him. He that stayeth by, in, and on these three, namely by the Divine Light, in a Divine Life, and in a Divine Love, he stayeth and abideth in God, and God in him, in the Spirit and Truth, according to the wifdom and true knowledge of God, and knoweth what is Truth, Spirit and Wildom, and tells their true Principles, Subordinates and Concordances in a Divine Harmony, proved to the Elect Angels and Men in Spirit and in Truth.

Of the Mystery of Iim:, to understand it aright.

TOthing to fecret at night, but the day may reveal it, when the Light cometh to its Day, and the day to its light, and the clear Sun doth shine over all that is under Heaven. The Night is past, and behold the day breaks on with its fair morning light, which is a light fire, and a fire-light, who can now subfilt, for the Lord cometh, year the Lord cometh coming, Amen, Halelujah! He is like unto the fire of a Founder, and like unto the tharp Lee of Sope boylers, he will melt, prove try, &c. He will wath, purifie and cleanse, And who can stand before bim. Mal, 3. This he doth therefore, that all filth may be done away before the Sun rifeth, and may not put the whole Earth and world to banishment or destruction. Chap. 4.

Now that day being come with its light in this time then the Mystery of the time of the whole world will be revealed . But always is included and closed in and with the number of Seven. For in the feventh day God finished the Creation, and so in Seven always included. But the number 7 ftandeth thus, 7 40.70. The number Seven after our time, flandeth chiefly upon the Seventh Trumpet, in and with it the Myftery of God is finished, yea revealed. Rev. 10, 11, 12. Chap. As also with the seventh Vial of Gods wrath: But as much as we know in part, we are and live betwixt the fifth and fixth Vial The number 49. sheweth expresly that fair Mystery of the time of the refreshing

Of this great glory and unipeakable joy, the Spirit prophesieth in all Creatures, yearnall Lights of rleaven, and in all the Elements. But where are the Seers, where are the Hearers, and where are the Observers.

Further concerning the time of the world, it is divided in 1, 3, and 7. The one-time generally containeth the whole great day of the World 12 hours. Mat. 12. Which shall be 6000, years, and so there were 500. years to an hour, but the days shall be shorened, so that they shall not be full 6000. years and the days or years of that shortning are clear in the Book of Genesis, at the first judgment over the world, & c. The shree simes of the world now are, that they shall be divided name. ly, the 6000 years into three times : As the fifft time from Adam till Noah at the Deluge, and containeth 1656. years: From the Deluge till to the Meffiab, born of the Virgin Mary is the second time divided into 12 parts, each containeth 214. years, or 2,14. 1 year, which added together make 2563. years from the Deluge till to the Messias. 4 Esd. 14.11. Now if 1656. are fummed up with the other, then the Messias is born into the world of the Virkin Mary, in the year of the world 4230.

The third time of the world is from Christs Nativi-

ty, till to his glorious coming, the Mystery of which year is mystically fignified in 4 Efd.7.28,30, & Chap.9. Calculation.

Concerning the above faid threefold number, 7.49. 70. therein is the Mystery clearly signified without any diminution or addition, if only you will open your Eyes, Ears and Hearts to fee, hear and observe; clearer it cannot possibly be told, these numbers in themselves calculated, namely, to know certainly how many years every hour of the twelve do contain, because the 5000. years are not compleat, but those days must be shortned

But now as in the former times and judgments over the world, always seven days went before the judgment came upon the world : So it is now in and with the time of the judgment over this world. Gen. 7. 4. 708.6. Levit. 25. Now when the judement is proclaimed, feven days goeth before the Prochamation. Now if you have the Spirit of Daniel, then number and reckon how many days are past, and how many are behind to the judgment. None believeth what alterations there are at hand, the whole World lyeth in wickedness, and it will perish in it.

But that we may keep nothing from the Reader, and wellwisher to wissom, and that he may fully conceive the time of the end, namely in the fure token of it, then there are three figns of it; the first is, that presently after the great horrible bloudy Battel, that is at hand, he do come, whom we expect. Mal. 3. & 4. and the Gospel of the Kingdom be Preached in the whole world for a Testimony over all Nations, that one Shepherd and one Flock may be. Mat. 24. 14.. Rev. 14. 6. Zeph. 3. 8 9. The second time is, when the Ten lost Tribes of Ifrael are found out again over the Water into the Land, and upon the Mount Ifrae? do come from the Orient after the fixth Vial is poured

Chap: 21. Of the Mykery of Fime, &c. 78

out. Rev. 16, 12. 4 Efd. 13. 4. Ifn. 11. 11. Chap. 27: 13. fer. 31. 8. Dent. 30. 4. Mica. 4. 6. 7. Rom. 11. 25. Yea whole Israel and whole Fuda will come again into their Countrey, and will turn to the Lord

their God. Hof. 3, 11

Lastly, The last fign of the coming of the Lord is when the Beast, and all Kings of the Earth, together with Gog and Magog, by the seduction of the three unclean Spirits into the Land of Ifrael, and to the Valley of Jehosaphat, and upon the Hill of Israel come together to a Battel, &c. and are destroyed with fire from Heaven. Rev. 19, 19,20,21. Ezek.3.8. foel 3. Ifa. 24. 21, 22.

This is the end, then beginneth the Kingdom and

Priefthood of Melchisedech, Halelujah,

. Come Live Jefus, and deliver us from the Evil One. Amen.



Conclusion.

Ourteous Reader, we conclude this our Jehior or Morning Light, and salute you in the Lord, from the Lord in the Spirit of Grace and Supplication, n bich the Lord will pour out over us all, through the Power from above, that we might find Grace before him at his coming, and may not be put to shame when he judget k.

Reader, if you are a wellwisher to Wisdom, then take of us the Crumbs which we have gathered from the Lords Table, and accept of them till Melchisedech cometh, and distributeth the Holy Shew-bread, and to drink of the New Wine of his distributing at the great Supper of the Nuptials of the Lamb in Paradise, the fruits whereof himself will

Conclusion.

fet up. You are to give thinks with us to him, from whom all good gifts come from above the Father of Lights, praying that he would inlighten us all, turn us to him, and make us happy for ever. This is according to the love of God, whose dedesire is, that all men may be saved, and that all may come to the knowledge of the Truth: Therefore let us be merciful, loving and perfect, Even as our Heavenly Father is merciful, loving and perfect, that it may be known and revealed, that we are his Children.

But Curteous Reader, if you affect folly, and art a despiser of Wisdom, go 10, and despise, but be sure that you do not despise men herein, but God him elf, who hath given us his Spirit, and from whom all Wisdom cometh, and think that the Spirit of judgment will require an account of you in that day.

But Reader, if you are a Phasisee and Hypocrite, and seekest rather Honour from Men, then from God; We'll consider then,

Conclusion.

then, what the Lord saith, I Sam. 2.30. He that honoureth me, him I will honour also, and he that despiseth me, shall be despised again. And Christ saith, Mat. 10. 32. He that consessed me before men, him will I also consessed before my Heavenly Father that is in Heaven. He that denieth me before men, him will I also deny before my Heavenly father.

But Reader, if you are a simple Heart, and art not fit for Wisdom, then abide on, in, and by the fear of the Lord, in a Godly life; which fear is not only the beginning of Wisdom, but also the end of Wisdom, and it is no he'p to man, though he be able to speak with an Angelical Tongue, and had all knowledge, and understood all Mysteries, and had such a faith, whereby he could remove Mountains, and withall had not the Love of God, which endured everlastingly, all will profit you nothing. Therefore blessed are the Babes and sucklings which know not these outward things,

Conclusion.

things, for theirs is the Kingdom of God, because the Spirit of God is declared in them. Therefore let no man be pussed up with Knowledge: And for our part we are not extol'd therewith, for Satan also doth busset us with sists, and doth upbraid us with our shame. Therefore we humble our selves that the Lord may accept of us in mercy, Who giveth Grace to the humble, and beholdeth low things, and him that is of a contrite heart, and trembleth at his Word.

Lastly, This is the Conclusion, that every one examine him elf, and that according to the Spirit, I ruth and Wisdom, and no otherwise, whether God, Christ, and the Holy Ghost be in him, which every one may know by his thoughts, Words and Works, in his affection, will, and pleasure, and in his Knowledge and Conscience. Every good thing is from God, and of God, and not of Men. All Sin is from the Devil, who seduceth man, and leadeth him to perdition and destruction. Well be to him,

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who separates had from good, rejects had things, and maketh choice of good, and heareth fruit thereby.

The Lord Zeboah will at !ast take away the evil Eternally, and restore the good again, and return bad things to that evilone, and recompence it upon his head, Amen.

The Lord our God be gracious unto us, and help forward the works of his hands, yea, the works of his hands he will help forward, Amen.

Praised be the Lord that cometh, and blessed be his glorious name. All the world be full of his Honour, Amen. Hallelujab.

FINIS.



A Catalogue of Chymical Books which have been written Originally, or Iranslated into English.

Lias Ashmole Esq. his Theatrum Chymicum Britanicum; Or, a Collection of our Famous English Hermetical and Poetical Philosophers. (viz.) Th. Norton, Geo. Ripley. Geofr. Chaucer, Jo. Dakin, Pearce the black Monk, Rich. Carpenter, Abrah. Andrews, Th. Carnack, Will. Bloomfield. Ed Kelley, Jo. Dee, Th. Robinson, the Magistery of W. B. Jo. Gower, Arystery of Alchymists, Jo Lydgate, Will. Redman, with divers Anonymi, and certain fragments with Annotations upon the same. Lond. 1652. 4.

His Fassiculus Chymicus; Or, Chymical Coslections of the ngress, progress, and Egress of the Secret Hermetick Science, Collected out of the Choicest & most I amous Authors, Lond. 1650. 80.

The way to Bliss. Lond. 1658. 4

Don Alexis of Piemont, His Collection of Secrets, with the manner of making Distillations, &c. Lond. 1580. 4

Fr. Antonies Apology for his Medicine called Aurum Potibile, Lond 1616. 4.

Aula Lucis, Or, The Honse of Light. by S. N. Lond. 1.52.8,

Artefius his Key of the greater Wisdom, 8. vide

Abr. Andrews his Hunting of the Green Lyon, vide Theatrum Chymicum Britanicum.

Alphonfus

Alphonius King of Portugal his 2 Treatifes of the Philosophers Stone, vide Treatises.

Albertus Magnus, bis fecrets of the Virtues of Herbs, Stones, Beafts, &c. Lond. 1637, 8.

Anonymi quidem.

A Discourse of Magical Gold, vide Discourse. A True order to Distil Oyls, &c. aide true and per-

A Profitable Discourse against bad garbling of Spices. viae Profitable.

Secrets revealed concerning the Philosophers Stone, wide Secrets.

Secrets and Wonders of the world, vide Secrets.

Physical Distionary, vide Physical.

Hermetick Banquet, vide Hermetick.

Enchiridion Physica restituta, vide Enchiridion.

Liber Patris Sapientia, vide Theatrum Brit.

Hermes Bird, vide Th. Brit.

Experience and Philosophy, Th. Brit.

The Hermets Tale, vide Th. Brit.

Description of the Stone, vide Th. Brit. The standing of the Glass for the time of Putrifaction

and Congelation of the Medicine, vide Th. Brit.

The distillation of all manner of Spices, Seeds, Roots, and Gums, vide Distillation.

The Method of Chymical Philosophy and Phylick, vide Method.

A Catalogue of Chymical Books.

Th. Brown's Natures Cabinet Unlocke, Or the Natural causes of Metals, Stones, Precious Earth, Juyces, Humours and Spirits; the Natures of Plants in general, the affections, parts, and kinds in particular, &c. Lond. 1657, 12.

Jo. Beguines Tyrocinium Chymicum; Cr Chymical Essays from the Fountain of Nature, and Manual Ex-

perience. Lond. 1669. 8.

Hier, Bruynswayke's Virtuom Book of Distillation of the Waters of all manner of Herbs, with the Figures of the Stillatories, Translated by Lawr. Andrew.

Lond. 1527. fol.

Geo. Baker's New Jewel of Health; Containing the most excellent Secrets of Physick and Philosophy; and of all Distillations of VVaters, Oyles, Baimes, Quintescences, with the Extraction of Artificial Salts, the use and preparation of Antimony, and Potable Gold, with the Vessels and Furnaces, and other Instruments thereunto belonging; Being the Second part of the Treasury of Euonymus. Lond. 1576. 4.

Andr. Bertholdus, Of the Wonderful Effetis, Virtues, and strange use of the new Terra Sigillata, found in

Germany." Lond. 1587, & 1589. 8.

R. Bostock Esq. Of the difference of the ancie t Physick first taught by Godly Fathers; and the latter from Idolaters and Heathens, as Galen, and such others, ' Lond: 1583-

Ed. Boldnett's Aurora Chymica; Or a rational way to prepare Animals, Vegetables, and Minerals for Physical use, and preservation of the life of Man,

1672. 8

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-His Medicina Instaurata; or the Grounds and Principles of the Art of Phylick made by Chymical operation; and the Insufficiency of the vulgar way of preparing Medicines. Lond. 1665. 8.

R. Bacon's Art of Chymistry 16.

- His Mirror of Alchimy 1507. 40.

-His Admirable force of Nature and Art. 40 - His Tincture of Antimony, vide B. Valentine.

Fr. Pacon Lord of Verulam, his Natural History, with Articles of enquiry touching Metals and Minerals.

&c. Lond. 1670, fol Ld. Blaise of Viginere, bis Discourse of Fire and Salt.

Lond, 1640. 4. Will. Bloomfield's Blossoms, vide Th. Brit.

B. G. Penotus à Portu Aquitano, his Excellent Works. vide Firovant.

Sam. Boultons Magical but Natural Physick; With a Description of the most excellent Cordial of Gold, Lond. 1656. 8.

Rob. Boyle Efq. Sceptical Chymift. Lon. 1661. 8. His Esay about the Origine and Virtues of Gems:

Lond. 1672. 8. - His confiderations touching the ufefulness of Experimental Natural Philosophy, 2 parts, Oxford,

1664, & 1671, 4.

___ His New Experiments Physico Mechanical, touching the spring and weight of the Air, and their effetts, Oxford 1660. 8. ibid. with additions, and: continuation, Oxf. 1662, & 1669, 4.

-- His Phisiological Essayes, and other Trasts; with some Specimens to make Chimical Experiments useful to illustrate the Notions of the Corpuscular Philosophy, &c. Lond. 1669. 4.

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His Experiments and Confiderations touching Colours, begining the Experimental History of Co-

lours, Lond. 1670, 8. -His Origine of Forms and Qualities according to

Corpuscular Philosophy; Illustrated by Considerations and Experiments, written by way of Notes upon an Effry about Nitre, Oxon. 1666, & 1667, 8. -His Trans of Cosmical qualities, Things and suspitions of the temperature of Subterranea' and Submarine Regions, and of the bottom of the Sea; As

alfo. An Introduction to the History of particular

qualities, Oxf. 1671, 8.

His Experimental History and Observations of Cold, London 1665, 5

- His Hydrostatical Paradoxes made out by New Experiments, Lond. 1666. 8.

Dan Coxe's Discourse of the Interest of the Patient in reference to Physick and Physicians; With a detection of the abuses of the Apothecaries, and their unfitness for practice discovered, Lond. 1669. 8.

Ofw. Crollius & J. Hartmans Bafilica Chymica; or Royal and Practical Chymistry : Or a Discovery of those excellent Medicines & Chymical Preparations of our Modern Chymists, Lond 1670, fol.

-His Philosophy Reform'd and Improv'd; Discovering the great and deep Mysteries of Nature. To which is added, the wonderful Mysteries of the Creation, by Th. Paracellus, Lond. 1657. 8.

Th. Chaloner's Virtue of Nitre, and the t ffects thereof, &c. Lond. 1534. 4.

. Will. Clark's Natural Hiftory of Nitre; Or, a Philoso. phical Discourse of the Nature, Generation, place. and artificial extraction of Nitre, with its Virtues and use. Lond. 1670. 8.

Will Clever's Flower of Physick, with three Books of Philosophy for the due temperature of mans life,

Lond. 1540. 4.

Nic. Culpeper's Treatise of Aurum Potabile; Beinga Description of the three-fold world, Elementary, Czleitial, and Intellectual; Containing the knowledge necessary to the study of Hermetick Philosophy, Lond. 1656. 8.

His New Method of Phylick; Or a short view of Paracelsus and Galen's Practice of the Nature of Phylick and Alchimy, &c. Lond. 1654. 8.

Lancel. Colfon, vide Philosophia Maturata.

Geof. Chaucer's Channons I comans tale, vide Th. Brit. A Chymical Diltionary, Lond. 1650 4. vide Sendivogius.

Th. Charnock's Breviary of Natural Philosophy, and

Enigma's, vide Th. Brit.

Lud. Combachius, Sal, Lumen, & Spiritus Mundi Philosophici, Being a Treatise of the true Salt, and Secret of the Philosophers. Lond. 1657. 8.

Rich. Carpenter's works, vide Th. Brit.

Dr. Croon's Letter concerning the present state of Phyfick, and the Regulation of the Prastice of it in England, Lond. 1065. 4.

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Dud. Dudley s Metallum Martis, Lond. 1665. 8.

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St. Dunstan of the Philosophers Stone, vide Philos. Matu-

A Description of the Philosophers Stone, vide Th Brit. The Distillation of all manner of Spices, Seeds, Roots,

and Gums, Lond. 1575. 8 Distionary, vide Physical and Chymical.

A Discourse of Magical Gold

___ Against bad Garbling of Spices, vide Profitable

Io. Dastin's Dream, vide Th. Brit-

Euonymus His treasure of the Secrets of Nature, and apt times to prepare and Distill Medicines, as Quinteffence, Aurum Potabile, Aromatick, Wines, Balms, Oyls, Perfumes, Garnishing Waters, &c. Lond.

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Enchiridion Physica Restituta, Lond. 16. Experience and Philosophy, vide Th. Brit.

Nical. le Febure, His Compleat Body of Chimistry for the knowledge of that Art and its Practice, London. 1670 40.

His Discourse on Sir Walter Raleigh's Great

Cordial, Lond. 1664.

Leon. Firevants Compendium of the Rational Secrets of Physick, &c. with the hidden Virtues of sundry Vegetables, Animale, and Minerals; whereunto is an nexed Faracelsus his 114 Experiments; with cettain excellent works of B.G. Penotus à portu Aquitano; also Is. Holland's Secrets concerning his Vegetal and Animal works; with Queritan's Spagyrick Antidotary,

Lond, 1652. 40.

Ed. Fentons Secrets & Wonders of Nature, Lond. 1569. Jo. French's Art of Distillation of the choicest Spagyrical preparations, Experiments and Curiosities; With the Description of the Furnaces and Vessels used by ancient and modern Chymists, and the Anatomy of Gold and Silver, with their preparations, curiosities, and virtues; with two Books of Sublimation and Calcination. Also, The London Distiller, exactly shewing the way to draw all forts of Spirits and Srong. maters; together with their Virtues, 1651, 1667, 4. - His London Distiller in 8. with a Clavis to an lock the deepest secrets in that mysterious Art. Lon. 8. His Yorkshire Spam; Or, a Treatise of Four Medicinal Waters, (viz) The Spam or Vitrioline. the Sting, or Sulphur; the Dropping, or putriffing; and S. Magnus Wells in York-shire, their Cause. Virtue, and use, Lond. 1654, 8.

Nic. Flammel's Hyerogliphical Figures of the Philosophers Stone; with Artefius his Key of the greater

wisdom, Lond. 1624. 8.

Fragments of the Philosophers, vide Th. Brit.

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Jo. Rod. Glaubers Description of the new Philosophical Furnaces; Or, the Art of Distilling of the tincture of Gold, or the true aurum potabile, with the first part of the Mineral work. Lond. 1651, 4.

— His Golden Alt well managed, and Mydas restored to Reason. A new Chymical Light, shewing that Gold may be found in cold as well as in hot Regions, or be extrasted out of Sand, Stones, Gravel, or Flints, &c. vide Philisophical Epitaph.

Neh. Grews Anatomy of Vegetables; With a General account of Vegetation, Lond. 1671. 12.

Jo. Goddard's Discourse of the unhappy condition of the practice of Physick in Lond. 1669. 4.

Jo. Gower of the Philosophers Stone, vide Th. Brit, Will. Gratarolle of the Philosophers Stone, vide Treatifes,

Jam. Hasolle, alias Elias Ashmole. Jo. Bapt. Van Helmont's works of Physick & Chimistry,

Lond, 1664, fol-

- His Ternary Paradoxes of the Magnetical cure of Wounds, the Nativity of Tartar in Wine, and the Image of God in Man, Translated by Dr. Walter Charleton, Lond. 1650. 4.

Helmont Disguised, write Vulgar Errors of Emperical

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Leon. Firovants Compendium of the Rational Secrets of Physick, &c. with the hidden Virtues of fundry Vegetables, Animals, and Minerals; whereunto is an nexed Faracelsus his 114 Experiments; with certain excellent works of B.G. Penotin à portu Aquitano; also IJ. Holland's Secrets concerning his Vegetal and Animal works; with Queritan's Spagyrick Antidotary, Lond. 1652. 40.

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Neh. Grews Anatomy of Vegetables; With a General account of Vegetation, Lond. 1671. 12.

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The Hermits Tale, vide Theat. Brit.

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Rob. Lovel's Compleat Historic of Animals and Minerals; Being the sum of Ancient and Modern Galenical & Chymical Authors concerning Beasts, "irds Fishes, Serpents, Insects, and Man; and of Earths Metals, Semi-metals, Salts, Sulphurs, and Stones, both Natural and Artificial; With their place, matter, names, kinds, temperature, virtues, use, choise, &c. Oxford, 1661

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