

THE  
COMPOVND OF ALCHYMY.  
OR

The ancient hidden Art of Archemic:  
Containing the right & perfectest meanes  
to make the PHILOSOPHERS  
STONE, Aurum potabile,  
with other excellent Ex-  
periments.

Diuided into twelue Gates.

First written by the learned and rare  
Philosopher of our Nation GEORGE RIP-  
LEY, sometime Chanon of *Bridlington* in  
*Yorke-shyre*: & Dedicated to K. EDVVARD  
the 4. Wherunto is adioyned his Epistle  
to the King, his Vison, his Wheele, & other  
his Workes, neuer before published:  
with certaine briefe Additi-  
ons of other notable  
Writers concer-  
ning the  
same.

Set forth by Raph Rabbarde Gentleman, Stud-  
ious and expert in Archemicall Artes.

Pulchrum pro Patria pati.

LONDON

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1591.



TO THE MOST HIGH  
and Mightie PRINCESSE,  
*ELIZABETH* by the grace  
of GOD QUEENE of  
*England, Fraunce, & Ire-*  
*land, Defender of the*  
*faith, &c.*



*Xcellent, most  
gracious, & sacred  
SOVERAIGNE*  
calling often to re-  
membrance, how  
miraculously it ple-  
sed the Almighty  
manie waies to pre-  
serue & defend your  
MAIESTIE, in  
the time of late do-  
mesticall persecuti-  
on, from the merci-  
lesse hands of those  
butcherly murthe-

*rers, who not onely sought all occasions by spilling your HIGH-  
NESSE innocent blood, to bereave this Kingdome, and vs all,  
(that since have liued vnder your royall, prosperous, and happie  
Gouernment) of so rare and precious a Iewell, as Nature hath  
not at any time to any Nation else where, afforded the like;  
but also persecuted with sword, fire, banishment, or (at the least)  
straight imprisonment, all such as were in any respect favoured by*

*A 2*

*your*

## The Epistle

your **HIGHNESSE**, or in any sort cast their eyes once toward the Orient, where the bright splendent beames of your incomparable **MAIESTIE**, lightneth our Horizon, to the comfort and consolation of manie thousands afflicted, & the singular joy of the whole Realme, verie fewe persons excepted, whose bleared eyes being dazled therewith, sought palpable darknesse, to auoide the cleare light then arising with the rare Comet or incomparable day starre of your most excellent **MAIESTIE** vnto vs: whose piercing rayes hath since like the Sunne beames both dispersed all grosse mistes and foggies of ignorance, error, & blinde superstition, and withall so comforted and nourished the plant of infallible truth of the Gospell, (first taking roote in this Land in the short Raigne of the peerlesse Prince **EDWARD** the sixt your **MAIESTIES** Brother, of most rare expectation and famous memorie) as the same being now sprung up to a perfect tree of such full growth, that the branches thereof haue spread themselues long and wide manie waies ouer other Empires, Kingdomes & States, murther the Diuell, the Pope, & the King of Spaine, with all their fraternitie, consorts, leaguers, and adherents, or other their Ministers, spreaders and maintainers of lies; vnder the shelter and couert of which flourishing Palme, all true Christians haue been, are, and (I hope) long shall be (by the continuance of your **MAIESTIES** most bountifull and gracious especiall fauor) protected and shrowded, from the burning heate of the sharpe persecutions of all malicious Enemies thereof: the which **GOD** of his great mercie graunt. Pondering I say (most high and mightie **PRINCESSE**) the manifold imminent dangers, your sacred **MAIESTIE** by the omnipotent wonderfull providence, of Almighty **GOD**, with more than humane vertue, and feminine patience sustained; & in the end (contrarie to all expectation) escaping the rage, furie, tyrannicall attempts, and secret diuinish practises of your **HIGHNESSE** mortall Enemies, (vnto professed unreconcilable aduersaries) to the eternall truth: whereof my selfe was an eye witnesse, and so farre pruuie of some of the most mischieuous intended conspiracies, as for my faithfull induements by such rare secreete seruices as were by mee effected to

present

## Dedicatorie.

present the same; I tasted (amongst the rest of such as then honoured, reuerenced, and of bounden dutie loued your **MAIESTIES** rare vertues) so great extremitie of imprisonment, & other hard usage many wayes, as escaping with life, (by timely and happy alteration of the state) I felt long after the paines of those torments, whereby my health in xxx. yeares after was extreemly empayred: But when I consider on the other side withall, the strange and miraculour Heroicall Actions both martiall & politick which haue been (since in the time past of your **HIGHNESSE** most prosperous raigne) beyond all expectation performed with singuler government and incomparable magnanimitie, farre passing all humane wisdome and mans force (whereof posteritie shall want no due recordes of worthy Registers) I can not but forget all sorrow, & exceedingly reioyce, assuring & perswading my selfe **GOD** hath ordained your **MAIESTIE** to accomplish yet farre greater matters for his glory and your owne eternall memory, than time hath yet reuealed: for the better accomplishment whereof, euery dutifull subject and good Patriot ought in time of tranquillitie to prepare and furnish themselves according to their seuerall gifts, abilities, and different faculties: to further and set forth a worke so great as is likely to fall out by all consequence of reason in this your **MAIESTIES** most happy raygne, v<sup>z</sup>. the Nobilitie with learning, iudgement, and experience, for counsell and aduice, as well for warlike discipline as for ciuill government; for that the one cannot long continue without the other: Gentlemē with ingenious deuises and stratagems of warre both for sea and land, and the whole Souldiorie of all sorts with actiuitie, and the practise of such sortes of weapons as they shall additt themselues vnto, or be found fit to serue withall, whereby euery man of what degree or quality soener professing the Wars, may in time of cessations of Armes, some in one sorte, some in an other, enable themselues for the defence of their Countrey, against they shall be imployed; for without appoyntment & calling, no man ought to intrude or offer himselfe, in such sorte as is now too commonly used; which is the cause that so many audacious insufficient blinde bayardes are set a worke: whilest the modest, skilfull,

## The Epistle

and experienced line retired, attending their vocation by the Magistrate: of which number I professe my selfe in my facultie to bee one, who hauing these fortie yeares amongst many other most commendable exercises and inuentions of seuerall Engines, founde out diuers deuises of rare seruice, both for Sea and land, some whereof (whose charge exceeded not my small abilitie) I haue performed and made the vse thereof knowne unto many my honourable, skilfull and experienced good friendes at home, and to some Princes beyonde the Seas, whereof ignorant persons hauing by chauce light on some Modules or Patterns of small importance imperfect, haue vainely arrogated the inuention unto themselues; not knowing in any sort the vse and force thereof in seruice, making thereby great aduantage to themselues by abusing superiour Authorities with these imperfect first Elements of my preparations to greater matters; supplying the lamenes and effects thereof, by their formality, and mellicious frivolous discourses, wherein there is no substance to any purpose: seeking to reape thereby the frutes of my chargeable and painefull labours; & my name in the meane time neuer once brought in question: Such is and hath bene the insolent, and shameles boldnes of ignorant persons in all times fit to be restrayned, least greater mischiefs and inconueniences ensue thereby, when occasion requireth due triall to be made of their sufficiencie, and the right vse of these rare Experiments. But to leaue (most gracious SOVERAIGNE) the consideration of these important causes unto the deepe wisdom and discrete prouidence of your HIGHNES owne carefull foresight, and the ordering and reformation thereof to such as are in authoritie: And to returne to my purpose, among many studious inuentions, whereunto I haue bent my minde as well for the seruice of my countrie, when time shall serue, as for mine owne satisfaction; Looking withall into some parte of the rare inscrutable secrets of naturall Philosophie, and falling sometimes to the chargeable, paynesfull, and fruiteles practise thereof, by distillation, and other transmutation of Plants, Herbs, Stones and Mineralls of all sortes: ayiming at that marke, which many learned and grea-

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## Dedicatorie.

ter Clearks than my selfe haue shot at, and yet missed, I haue notwithstanding by the way light (to my singuler contentment) on infinite rare conclusions, both profitable, pleasant, and seruiceable; so that although my simple skill could not attaine to such perfection, as I desired, yet haue I no cause to repent me any way of my trauels therein employed but rather great occasion to lament me of my long discontinuance from the same, by losse of many yeares spent unprofitably in a laborinth of law suites, and private contention with men of verie great abilitie, and better friended than my selfe, wherein now utterly wearyed, and worn out of heart, through the greatnes of my aduersaries purse and friendes, I am now forced for want of abilitie, after ten yeares chargeable suite, to relinquish the same, and to returne to those my delectable studies and seruiceable exercises againe, as well to digest melancholick conceits, as to keepe olde age from such extreame wants, as the iniquitie of times, the tedious greenance by delayes, the struing against strog armes wil bring; the least able to weary a far welthier man than my selfe, hoping yet to recover some parte of my lost time, and (if abilitie altogether faile me not before I die,) to make unto your MAIESTIE some rare Present by experiments Chemicall or Martiall, such as hitherto hath not bene performed by any other. Wherefore (most gracious SOVERAIGNE) desiring henceforth to employ the rest of my shorte course, in more serious sorte, to the seruice of GOD, your MAIESTIE, and my Countrey, & by all meanes I can possible to profite some wayes this Royall kingdome and State, (wherein I haue liued these threescore yeares and more) I am bolde to publish this rare worke of learned Ripley vnder your MAIESTIES protection for the instruction and direction of all studentes, and louers of the secreat Mysteryes of naturall Philosophie; deliuering most compendiously the hidden Arte and high Mysterie of making the Philosophers Stone, (sought for by many thousandes in all ages, but founde of very fewe, and they such as rapte with the excellency thereof, haue in contempt of the worlde, retired themselues from com-

more

## The Epistle.

man societie, keeping the same most secret to themselves, & showing the world not worthy of so precious a Jewell. For the certaintie and probabilitie whereof, if any shall bee doubtfull let them aduisedly reade throughly this work, and afterwards peruse the doings of such other our worthy countrymen as haue written most learnedly therof, as Frier Bacō, John Panper, Sir Thomas Norton knight, John Garland, & especially M. Doctor Dec in his *Monas Hycrogliphica*, and many others most plainly teaching the same, whose depth of learning Theoricall if it were yet executed by any experienced practitioner, I doubt not but your MAIESTIE should shortly see that which the world thinketh ~~to be~~ to be *ANDERSON*: and if I had bin so fortunate as to haue spent these seauen yeares past in one of your MAIESTIES manifold fruitlesse still-houses: I durst before this time haue presumed to promise more of my selfe than I will speak of, which disability through my foresaid troubles, now suffer me not to performe in such sorte as I desire, & haue best leasure to doe in my old age, but I hope (the promise considered, my dutifull good will, & affection to my country in giuing encouragement and meanes vnto others by publicatio of this most learned Author) will be taken in good parte, the rather being patronized by your sacred MAIESTIE, against all venomous darts of the enuious & malicious tongues, of such who being ignorant themselves of all good sciences, would otherwise maligne the perfections & vertuous inducours of the well deseruing. Thus hoping your MAIESTIE will of your accustomed clemencie, accept of this my present as a pledge of my fidelity and dutifull zeale to your MAIESTIE, humbly craning pardon for my boldnes; I cease to be further troublesome, daylie praying to the Almighty long to continue your MAIESTIES most prosperous Raigne ouer vs, with great increase of honour, and felicitie, to his glory, untill double Nestors yeares.

Your MAIESTIES most loyall sabbict,

RAPH RABBARDES.



To the right Honourable, Worshipfull, and worthy Gentlemen of England, and other learned & industrious Students in the secrets of Philosophie.



Having referued the Copie hereof (Right Honourable, and gentle Readers) these fortie yeares for many secrete vles, corrected by the most learned of our time, and feeling my self, now through age declining, and otherwise hyndred with troublesome suites in law, which constrained me to discontinue these and such other comendable practices, for the benefite and defence of my Prince and Countrie: I haue thought good to publish the same, the rather for that there are but a few copies left, and those for the most parte corrupted by negligence, or mistaking of ignorant writers thereof: Being partly encouraged hereunto by the learned Philosopher *Seneca*, who accompteth it an Act meritorious to preserue or reuiue Science from the Cinders, and to eternize vertuous acts with perpetual memorie: Finding it strange, that so excellent a Monument as this most rare and learned worke of *George Ripley*, should so long lye hidden in obscuritie, & passe fro hand to hand a hundreth and fiftie yeares without vtter defacing; seeing that many notable works published, haue in far shorter time perished. He liued in the time of king *Edward the 4.* & *Richard the vsurper*, in great fame & estimation, for his rare knowledge in these secrets: And to vtter his further comendatio in a word; if this his worke be perused with the

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eye

## The Preface.

eye of iudgement, and practised by those that are experienced, I shall not neede to feare the losse of my labour, when some of my COUNTRYMEN which cannot attaine vnto the highest hidden mysterie, shall yet finde many things both pleasant and profitable, diuers wayes seruicable to Kingdomes, States, and Common weales: And if one among tenne thousand can hitt the marke, (whereat the whole world hath aymed) we shall not hereafter neede to seeke out the Sandes of *Ganges*, for that which lyeth hid in the secrets of *Ripley*: which I offer here to the view of the learned, and haue presumed the publishing herof, chiefly for the benefite of my Countrey men, and especially to satisfie the often & importunate request of many my learned good friends, not doubting but that the skilfull wil yeelde me my due, howsoeuer the ignorant shal esteeme therof: which if I shall finde to be accepted according to my good meaning, I shall therby be further encouraged to impart some other rare experiments of *Distillations* and *Fire-workes* of great seruice, not hitherto committed in writing or put in practise by any of our nation, although of late some meere toies haue bene highly admired, and extraordinarily rewarded: The charge whereof will be found vtterly lost, when perfect tryall shall be made of their slender vse and force. To conclude, If this my good intent shal be answerable to your expectations, I haue obtained the fulnes of my desires.

*Yours in the furtherance  
of Science,*

*Raph Rabbaris.*



## Thomas Newtonus Cestreshyrius.

**A** *lchymica indagans arcana Georgius artis  
Chremata Ripleyus, variis in anda reliquit  
Ingenij monumenta sui, quae nulla vetustas  
Excedet, aut patri poterit sepelire Veterno.*

*Illis nemo manibus mysteria tanta  
Traiter, at Hermetica veneretur xpoovroia.  
Hanc Plato diuinus foedus vocat, aurea Naso  
Vellera, & a signis male aurea septa dracone.  
Laudibus hanc multis celebrant Mirandula, Lullus,  
Geber, Auicenna, Hippocrates, Morienus, Aquinas,  
Duns Scotus, Arnaldus, Vincentius, Oldradus, Hermes,  
Plinius, Albertus, Ficinus, Cuba, Valescus,  
Eustathius, Suidas, Maro, Zosimus, Haly, Baconus,  
Rossus, Arundelus, Rosinus, Petrus ipse Apianensis,  
Compluresq; alij: cum sit alma huius grata Sophia  
Aurora persoluant, linguisq; animisq; benignis.*

Thomas Newton.



## *J. D. gent: in praise of the Author, and his Worke.*


**L** *o here a Worke, containing rare effects,  
Replete with ripest frutes of Ripley's toyle,  
Whose mellowed saouour studious mindes direct  
T'attaine the skill that may enrich their soile:  
And though his Booke be carped at by Zoile,  
Yet doth the fame comprize such depth of Art,  
As makes his fame eternized by desert.*

*The learned will (no doubt) delight therein,  
And their delight will draw them on to skill:  
Admit the simple force it not a pin,  
So much the more the wise embrace it will.  
Who seekes by Arte to clymbe vp Honors hill,  
To such perteynes this precious Stone diuine,  
For pease are fitter farre, than Pearle for Swine.*

*Tam Arte, quam Marte.*

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P. P.



**P. Bales Gent. in commendation**

*of the Author, and his twelve gates:  
Orderly set down in the 12. last verses.*

**G**Raunt to me *Muses* nine, & thou most sacred *Apollo*,  
That in a vaine of a lofty verse, I may be reporter  
Of the renowned skil to  $\bar{y}$  world by *Ripley* revealed:  
Which in a Book tituled by the name of *Alchymie* composed  
He to the King *Edward* of England fourth fro the cōquest,  
Writt in a verse pithily, with his hād verry worthily pēd.  
(teacheth,

Twelve chapters did he write, by the first to *Calcine* he  
And by the next readily priuie *Dissolution* handleth:  
To *Seperate* Elements verry plaine by the third he declarth,  
And by the fourth (as in marriage) *Cōiunction* ordreth:  
To *Purifie* most kindly the seede by the 5. he pronounceth:  
And by the sixth chapter true *Congelation* vttereth.

The followeth by the seauēth, how must be *Cibation* vsed,  
But by the next chapter, duely *Sublimation* offered,  
Ninthly the way measured, for *Fermentation* aptly,  
And by the tenth rightly, there is *Exaltation* holden,  
Infinite in number shewen how to *Multiply* leauntly:  
Lastly, the work verry fitly by cleanly *Profection* endeth.

*Statuto bene, fiat ius.*

**The Summe of this Worke, learnedly  
reduced into these few Verses, by the diuine  
Poet Palingenius.**

**H***Vac inuenem Aechadium, insidum, nimiumq; fugacem,  
Prensite, & immersum Stygijs occidite Lymphis  
Post Hyales gremio impositum Deus excipiat, quem  
Lemnia terra colit, sublatumq; in cruce figat:  
Tunc sepelste vitro in calido, & dissoluite putrem:  
Cuius stillantes artus de corpore nostro  
Spiritus egrediens penetrabit: & ordine miro,  
Paulatim extinctum nigris reuocabit ab Umbris,  
Aurat a indutum clamyde, argentog, nitentem:  
Projcite hunc demum in prunas, renouabitur alter  
Vt Phoenix: & quae tanget, perfecta relinquet  
Corpora, natura leges & fœdera vincens:  
Mutabit specijs: paupertatemq; fugabit.*

**S. E. K. concerning the Philosophers Stone,  
written to his especiall good friend, G.S.  
Gent.**

**T**he heauenlic Cope hath in him natures power,  
Two hidden, but therest to fight appeare:  
Wherein the Spermes of all the bodies lower  
Most secret are, yet spring forth once a yeare:  
And as the earth with water Authours are,  
So of his part is drines end of care.

No flood so great, as that which floweth still:  
No thing more fixt, than Earth digested thrife:  
No winde so fresh, as when it ferueth will:  
No profit more, then keepe in, and be wife:  
No better hap, than drie vp aire to dust,  
For then thou maist leaue of, and sleepe thy lust.

Yet will I warne thee, leaft thou chauce to faile,  
Sublime thine earth with stinking water erst:  
Then in a place where *Phoenix* onely taile,  
Is seene at midday, see thou mingle best:  
For nothing shineth that doth want his light,  
Nor doubleth beames, valesse it first be bnght.

## Sr. E. K. on the Phil. Stone.

Let no man lead, vnlesse he knowe the way,  
That wise men teach, or *Adros* leadeth in,  
Where of the fiist is large, and easiest pray,  
The other hard, and meane but to begin,  
For surely these, and no one more is found,  
Wherein *Apollo* will his harp strings found.

Example learne of G O D, that please the Skies,  
Reflecting vertues from and t'euerie poynt,  
In which the moouer wherein all things lies,  
Doth hold the vertues all of euerie ioynt:  
And therefore *Essence* fit may well be said,  
Conteining all, and yet himselfe a maid.

Remember also how the Gods began,  
And by discent who was to teach the Syre:  
Then learne their liues and kingdomes if thou can,  
Their manners eke, with all their whole attire?  
Which if thou doe, and knowe to what effect,  
The learned *Sophies* will thee not reiect.

If this my Doctrine bend not with thy braine,  
Then say I nothing, though I sayd too much:  
Of truth tis good, will moued me, not gaine,  
To write these lines: yet write I not to such  
As catch at crabs, when better finnes appeare,  
And want to chuse at fittest time of yeare.

Thou maist (my friend) say, What is this for lone?  
I aunswere, Such as auncient *Phisicke* taught:  
And though thou red a thousand bookes before,  
Yet in respect of this, they teach thee naught:  
Thou maist likewise be blinde, and call me foole,  
Yet shall these Rules for euer praise their Schoole.

Sr. E. K.

The



## The Vision of Sir George Ripley, Chanon of Bridlington.

**W**hen busse at my booke I was upon a certaine night,  
This Vision here exprest appear'd unto my dimmed sight,  
A toade full ruddy I saw did drinke the iuice of grapes so fast,  
Till ouercharged with the broath, his bowells all to brast,  
And after that from poisoned bulke, he cast his venome fell,  
For griepe and paine whereof his members all began to swell,  
With drops of poisoned sweate approching thus his secret den,  
His caue with blasts of fumous ayre, he all bewhited then:  
And from the which in space a golden humor did ensue,  
Whose falling drops fro high did staine the soile with ruddy hew,  
And when his corps, the force of vitall breath began to lacke,  
This dying toade became forthwith like coale for colour black:  
Thus drowned in his proper *Ueynes* of poisoned flood,  
For tearme of eightie dayes and foure he rotting stood:  
By tryall then this venome to expell I did desire,  
For which I did commit his carke to a gentle fire:  
Which done, a wonder to the sight, but more to be rehearst,  
The toade with colours rare through enery side was pearst:  
And white appear'd when all the sundry bewes were past:  
Which after being tincted, ruddy for euermore did last:  
Then of the venome handled thus a medicine I did make,  
Which venom kills, and saueth such as venome chaunce to take,  
Glory be to him the graunter of such secret wayes,  
Dominion, and Honour, both with worship and with prayse.  
A M E N.



### *Titulus operis.*

**H**ere beginneth the compound of *Alchymie*,  
Made by a Chanon of Bridlington,  
After his learning in Italic,  
At Ixninge for time he there did wonne:  
In which he declared openly  
The secrets both of Moone and Sonne,  
How they their kinde to multiplie  
In one bodie together must woone.  
VVhich Chanon Sir George Ripley hight,  
Exempt from Claustrell obseruance,  
For whom ye pray both day and night,  
Sith he did labour you to aduance,  
He turned darknes into light,  
Intending to helpe you to happie chaunce,  
Giuing counsaile that you liue right,  
Doing vnto God no displeasance.

### *A briefe note to the Readers.*

**T**he Wheele that is placed (Gentlemen) last, as the period of this secret Workemay of some be challenged (through the diuersitie of Copies) to differ from the first. But herein I assure you I have obserued no lesse care than counsaile, and that of knowne Practisers, whose censures (made more certaine by experience) haue determined all doubts, and made me bolde to publish what followeth for the most ancient. If anie littrell fault be past, amend it with your pens: if anie caner inueigh against me, defend me with your censures: and let them (if they can) condemne by cunning. Farewell.

*R. Rabbarde.*

The



# The Compound of *Alchymie.*

A most excellent, learned, and wor-  
thie worke, written to king Edward  
the fourth, by Sir George Ripley,  
Chanon of Bridlington in York-shire, con-  
taining twelue gates.

### *The Prologue.*

**C**hilde of this discipline incline to methine care  
And harkē to my doctrine with al thy diligēce  
These words of wisdomē in minde doe thou  
Which of olde fathers be true in sentence: (beare,  
Liue cleane in soule, to God doe no offence.  
Exalt thee not but rather keepe thee lowe,  
Else will thy God in thee no wisdomē sowe.

From sinfull doctrine and wicked thought,  
The holy spirite doth him withdraw,  
Nilling to dwell where sinne is wrought:  
Dread God therefore and obey his law:  
A righteous man forsooke I neuer sawe:  
Neyther his seede begge bread for neede:  
In holy scripture this doe I recde.

B

Make

### *The Prologue.*

Make wisdom therefore thy mother to be,  
And call on Prudence to be thy friend,  
By pathes of truth they will guide thee,  
With loue and honesty wherefoer thou wend:  
Both vertuous to be, courteous and hend:  
Pray God therefore that thou maist finde,  
Wisdom and Prudence with mouth and minde.

All manner good come with them shall,  
And honestie by their hands innumerable,  
Then into cumbrance shalt thou not fall,  
So be they in riches incomparable:  
To worship and profite they will thee able,  
To cunning and all manner of grace,  
Both here and after thy liues space.

For these benefites which they doe bring,  
I meane these vertues of prudence and sapience,  
To whome I can compare no thing,  
No riches, nor spices of redolence,  
About all treasure such is their excellence,  
That whatsoeuer earthly precious is,  
To them is compared as clay Iwis.

Infinite treasure to man they be,  
Who vseth them shall friendship haue  
With God in heauen and there him see,  
After them therefore busily craue,  
For bodie and soule they will both saue,  
And here in goods thee multiply;  
And afore princes thee dignifie.

Thinke

### *The Prologue.*

Thinke how *Adam* lost his wisdom,  
*Sampson* his might which was so strong;  
King *Saule* also lost his kingdome,  
And *Dauid* was punished for his wrong:  
In the Oke by the haire fayre *Absolon* hong,  
King *Ezechias* by sicknes had punishment,  
And many one moe for sinne was shent.

But see how other which liued weele,  
And to their God did no offence,  
Such chastisement did neuer feeles;  
But God sheweth euer to them beneuolence,  
*Enoch* and *Hely* were carried hence,  
To Paradice, and other good liuers were  
Of God rewarded in diuerse manere.

Some had great Fortune, some great cunning,  
Some had great peace, some great riches,  
Some conquered lands to their great wyning,  
Some were exalted for their great meeknes,  
Some other were saued from the cruelnes  
Of Tyrants, Lyons, and of the hot furnace,  
As *Daniel* and others in many a place.

Thus to good liuers God sent great grace,  
And vnto sinners great and sore punishment,  
Some to amend in this life had space,  
Some sodainely with fire from heauen were brent,  
Sinfull Sodomites for euer were shent,  
With *Dathan* and *Abiron* with many moe,  
Which sunke for sinne to endles woe.

B 2

Thus

### *The Prologue.*

Thus euer sith this world was wrought,  
God hath rewarded both euill and good:  
Thus if it may rest in thy thought,  
From sinfull liuing to change thy mood:  
If sinfull people this vnderstoode,  
They ought to be afrayde God to offend,  
And soone their sinfull liues to amend.

Therefore with God looke thou beginne,  
That he by grace may dwell with thee,  
So shalt thou best to wisdom winne,  
And knowledge of our great prinitie:  
Nourish vertues, and from vices flee,  
And trusting thou wilt thee well dispose,  
Our secrets to thee I will disclose.

Keepe thou them secrete and for me pray,  
Looke that thou vse them to Gods pleasure,  
Doo good with them what euer thou may:  
For time thou shalt this life indure,  
That after thy ende thou mayst be sure  
In heauen for to rewarded be,  
Which God graunt both to me and thee.

FINIS

### *The Preface.*

O High incomprehensible and glorious Maiestie,  
Whose luminous beames obtundeth our specula-  
O trinehood in persons o onehood in deity, t (tion,  
Of Iherarchiall Iubilists gratulant glorificaion,  
O pitceous purifier of soules and pure perpetua ion,  
O deuiant from danger, o drawer most debonayre,  
From this troublesome vale of vanitie, o our Exalter.

O power, o wisdom, o goodnes inexplicable,  
Supporte me, teach me, and be my gouernor,  
That neuer my liuing to thee be displicable,  
But that I acquite me to thee as true professor,  
At this beginning good Lord heare my prayer,  
Be nigh with grace for to inforce my will,  
Graunt witt that I may mine intent fulfill.

Most curious Cofer and copious of all treasure,  
Thou art he from whome all goodnes doth descend,  
To man and also to euery creature,  
Thine handy-work therefore vouchsafe to defend,  
That we no time in liuing here mispend,  
With troth here graunt vs our liuing so to winne,  
That into no danger of sinfulness we tinne.

And forasumch as we haue for thy sake  
Renounced our wills, the world and fleshly lust,  
As thine owne professors vs to thee take,  
Sith in thee onely dependeth all our trust,  
We can no further; to thee incline we must:  
Thy secret treasure vouchsafe vnto vs,  
Shew vs thy secrets and to vs be bounteous.

B 3

And

### *The Preface.*

And amongst others which be profest to thee,  
I me present as one with humble submission,  
Thy seruant beseeching that I may bee,  
And true in liuing according to my profession,  
In order Chanon Regular of *Bridlington*,  
Beseeching thee Lord thou wilt me spare,  
To thy true seruants thy secrets to declare.

In the beginning when thou mad'st all of nought,  
A globous matter and darke vnder confusion,  
By him the beginning marueilously was wrought,  
Conteyning naturally all things without diuision:  
Of which in six dayes he made cleere distinction:  
As Genesis apertly doth record.  
Then heauen and earth were perfected by his word.

So through his will and power, out of one mas  
Confused; was made each thing that being is,  
But afore in glory as maker he was,  
Now is and shall be without end I wis,  
And purified soules vp to his blis  
Shall come a principle this may be one,  
For the declaring of our precious stone.

For as of one masse was made all thing,  
Right so in our practize must it be,  
All our secrets of one Image must spring,  
As in Philosophers bookes who so list to see,  
Our stone is called the lesse world, one and three,  
Magnesa also of sulphure and Mercurie,  
Proportionate by nature most perfectlic.

But

### *The Preface.*

But many one marueileth and maruaile may,  
And museth on such a marueilous thing,  
What is our stone; sith Philosophers say  
To such as euer be it in seeking,  
For foules and fishes to vs doth it bring,  
Euery man it hath, and it is in euery place,  
In thee in me, and in each thing, time and space?

To this I answer that *Mercurie* it is I wis,  
But not the common called quicksiluer by name,  
But *Mercurie* without which nothing being is,  
All Philosophers record and truly saine the same,  
But simple searchers putteth them in blame,  
Saying they hid it but they be blame worthy,  
Which be no Clearkes and meddle with Philosophy.

But though it *Mercurie* be, yet wisely vnderstand,  
Wherein it is, and where thou shalt it seech,  
Else I counsell thee take not this work in hand,  
For Philosophers flatter fooles with fayre speech:  
But listen to me, for truly I will thee teach,  
Which is this *Mercurie* most profitable,  
Being to thee nothing deceiucable.

It is more neere in some things than in some;  
Therefore take heede what I to thee write  
For if knowledge to thee neuer come,  
Therefore yet shalt thou me not twite,  
For I will truly now thee excite  
To vnderstand well *Mercuries* three,  
The keys which of this science bee.

*Raymond*

### *The Preface*

Raymond his menstrues doth them call,  
Without which truly no mētch is done;  
But two of them be superficiall,  
The third essentiall of Sunne and Moone,  
Their properties I will declare right soone,  
And Mercurie of metall's essentiall,  
Is the principle of our stone materiall.

In Sunne and Moone our Menstrue is not seen,  
It appeareth not but by effect to fight,  
That is the stone of which we meene,  
Who so our writings conceiueh aright,  
It is a soule, a substance bright,  
Of Sunne and Moone a subtil influence,  
Whereby the earth receiueh resplendence.

For what is Sunne and Moone sayth *Auicen*,  
But earth which is pure white and red:  
Take from it the said cleerenes, and then  
That earth will stand but in little stead;  
The whole compound is called our lead: (come,  
The qualitie of cleerenes from Sun and Moone dooth  
These are our menstrues both all and some.

Bodies with the first we calcine naturally  
Perfect, but none which been vnclene,  
Except one which is vsually  
Named by Philosophers the Lyon greene:  
He is the meane the Sunne and Moone betweene  
Of winning tincture with perfectnes,  
As *Geber* thereunto beareth witness.

With

### *The Preface*

With the second which is an humiditie  
Vegetable, reuiuing that earth was dead,  
Both principles materials must loosed be  
And formalls, els stand they little in stead:  
These menstrues therefore know I thee need,  
Without the which neither true calcination  
Done may be, nor true dissolution.

With the third humiditie most permanent,  
Incombustible and vnctuous in his nature,  
*Hermestree* vnto ashes is brent,  
It is our naturall fire most sure,  
Our Mercurie, our Sulphur, our tincture pure,  
Our soule, our stone borne vp with winde  
In the earth ingendred, beare this in minde.

This stone also tell thee I dare,  
Is the vapour of metall's potentiall,  
How thou shalt get it, thou must beware,  
For inuisible truly is this menstruall,  
Howbeit with the second water philosophicall,  
By separation of Elements it may appeare  
To fight, in forme of water cleare.

If this menstrue by labour exuberate  
With it may be made Sulphur of nature,  
If it be well and kindly acuate  
And circulate into a spirit pure,  
Then to dissolve thou must be sure,  
Thy base with it in diuers wise,  
As thou shalt know by thy practise.

C

That

### *The Preface.*

That poynt therefore in his due place,  
I will declare with other moe,  
If God will graunt me grace and space,  
And me preferue in life from woe,  
As I thee teach looke thou doe so:  
And for the first ground principall,  
Vnderstand thy waters mensuall.

And when thou hast made *Calcination*,  
Encreasing not wasting moysture radicall,  
Vntill thy base by oft subtilation,  
Will lightly flowe as wax vpon metall,  
Then loose it with thy vegetable mensuall,  
Till thou haue oyle thereof in colour bright,  
Then is that menstrue visible to sight.

And oyle is drawne out in colour of golde,  
Or like thereto out of fine red lead,  
Which *Raymond* sayd when he was olde,  
Much more than golde would stand in steade:  
For when he was for age nigh dead,  
He made thereof *Aurum potable*,  
Which him reuiued as men might see.

For so together may they be circulate,  
That is the base oyle and the vegetable mensuall,  
So that it be by labour exuberate,  
And made by craft a stone celestially,  
Of nature so fire that we it call,  
Our *Bazeliske* or our *Cockatrice*,  
Our great *Elixer* most of price.

Which

### *The Preface*

Which as the sight of *Bazeliske* his object  
Killeth, so sleeyeth it crude *Mercurie*,  
When thereupon he is proiect,  
Intwinckle of an eye most sodainly,  
That *Mercurie* then teineth permanently,  
All bodies to Sunne and Moone perfect,  
Thus guide thy base both red and white.

*Aurum potable* thus is made,  
Of golde not commonly calcinate,  
But of our tincture that will not fade,  
Out of our base drawn with the menstrue circulate,  
But naturall calcination must algate  
Be made, ere thy golde dissolued may bee,  
That principle first therefore I will teach thee.

But into chapters this Treatise I will diuide,  
In number twelue with due recapitulation;  
Superfluous rehear falls Ile lay aside,  
Intending onely to giue true information,  
Both of theoricke and practick operation:  
That by my writing who so guided will bee,  
Of his intent perfectly speede shall see.

The first chapter shall be of naturall *Calcination*,  
The second of *Dissolution* secret and Philosophicall,  
The third of our elementall *Separation*,  
The fourth of *Coniunction* matrimoniall,  
The fift of *Putrifaction* follow shall,  
Of *Congelation* albificate shalbe the sixt,  
Then of *Cibation* the seauenth shall follow next.

C2

The

### *Of Calcination.*

The secret of Sublimation the eight shall show;  
The ninth shall be of firmementation;  
The tenth of our exaltation I trow;  
The eleventh of our mercurialous multiplication;  
The twelfth of projection, then recapimilation:  
And so this treatize shall take an end,  
By the helpe of God as I intend.



### *Of Calcination.*

#### *The first Gate.*

**C**alcination is the purgation of our stone,  
Restoring also of his naturall heate,  
Of radical humiditie it loofeth none,  
Inducing solution into our stone most meete,  
After philosophic I you bechight  
Doo, but not after the common guise,  
With Sulphures or Salts prepare in diners wise.

Neither with Corosives nor with fire alone,  
Neither with vineger nor with water ardent,  
Nor with the vapour of leade our stone  
Is calcined according to our intent:  
All those to calcining which so be bent,  
From this hard science withdrawe their hand,  
Till they our calcining better vnderstand.

For

### *Of Calcination.*

For by such calcination their bodies be shent,  
Which ministereth the moysture of our stone:  
Therefore when bodies to powder be bent,  
Dry as ashes of tree or bone,  
Of such calxes then will we none;  
For moysture we multiplie radical,  
In calcining minishing none at all.

And for a sure ground of our true calcination,  
Worke wittely only kind with kind:  
For kind vnto kind hath appetitiue inclination,  
Who knoweth not this in knowledge is blind,  
He may foorth wander as mist in the wind,  
Wotting neuer with profite where to light,  
Because he conceales not our words aright.

Ioyne kind to kind therefore as reason is,  
For euery burgeon answers his owne seede,  
Man getteth man, a beast a beast I wis,  
Further to treat of this it is no neede.  
But vnderstand this poynt if thou wilt speede,  
Each thing is first calcined in his owne kind;  
This well conceaued fruite therein shalt thou finde.

And we make Calx vnctuous both white and red  
Of three degrees or our base be perfect,  
Fluxible as waxe, els stand they in no sted,  
By right long processe as Philosophers doo write,  
A yeare we take or more to our respite:  
For in lesse space our Calxes will not be made,  
Able to tync with colour that will not fade.

C 3

And

### Of Calcination.

And for thy proportion thou must beware,  
For therein maist thou be beguild,  
Therefore thy work that thou not marre,  
Let thy bodie be subtilly fylde  
With *Mercury* as much then so subild,  
One of the Sunne, two of the Moone,  
Till altogether like papp be doone.

Then make the *Mercurie* foure to the Sun  
Two to the Moone as it should bee,  
And thus thy worke must be begun,  
In figure of the Trinitee,  
Three of the bodie and of the spirite three,  
And for the vnitie of the substance spirituall  
One more than of the substance corporall.

By *Raymonds* reportory this is true,  
Proportion there who list to looke,  
The same my Doctor to me did shew,  
But three of the spirite *Bacon* tooke,  
To one of the bodie for which I awooke,  
Many a night ere I it wist.  
And both be true take which you list.

If the water also be equall in proportion  
To the earth, with heate in due measure,  
Of them shall spring a new burgeon,  
Both white and red in pure tincture,  
Which in the fire shall euer indure,  
Kill thou the quick the dead reuine  
Make trinitic vnitie without any frine.

This

### Of Calcination.

This is the surest and best proportion,  
For there is least of the part spirituall,  
The better therefore shall be solution,  
Than it thoudid it with water swallow,  
Thine earth ouer glutting which loseth all  
Take heede therefore to potters loame,  
And make thou neuer too nesse thy wombe.

That loame beholde how it tempered is,  
The meane also how it is calcinate,  
And euer in minde looke thou beate this  
That neuer thine earth with water be suffocate,  
Drye vp thy moysture with heate most temperate,  
Help *Dissolution* with moysture of the Moone,  
And *Congelation* with the Sunne, then hast thou doone.

Foure Natures into the fift so shalt thou turne,  
Which is a Nature most perfect and temperate,  
But hard it is with thy bare foote to spurne  
Against a barr of yron, or Steele new acuate,  
For many doe so which be infatuate,  
When they such high things take in hand,  
Which they in no wise doe vnderstand.

In egges, in vitriall, or in blood,  
What riches wend they there to finde,  
If they Philosophy vnderstood,  
They would not in working be so blinde:  
Golde or siluer to seeke out of kinde:  
For like as fire of burning principle is,  
So is the principle of gilding Gould Iwis.

If



### *Of Calcination.*

If thou intend therefore for to make  
Gold and Silver by craft of our philosophic,  
Thereto neyther egges nor bloud thou take  
But Gold and Silver which naturally  
Calcined wisely and not manually,  
A new generation will forth bring,  
Encreasing their kinde as doth every thing.

And if it true were that profit might be  
In things which be not metalline,  
In which be colors pleasant to see,  
As in bloud, eggs, haire, urine, or wine,  
Or in meane mineralls digd out of the myne,  
Yet must that element be purified and separate,  
And with Elements of perfect bodies be disposed.

But first of these elements make thou rotacion,  
And into water thine earth turne first of all,  
Then of thy water make ayre by leuigacion,  
And ayre make fier, then Maister I will thee call  
Of all our secrets great and small:  
The wheele of Elements then canst thou turne about,  
Truely conceiuing our writings without doubt.

This done, goe backwards turning the wheele againe,  
And into water turne thy fier anon,  
Ayre into earth, els labourst thou in vaine,  
For so to temperment is brought our stone,  
And Natures contractions four are made one,  
After they haue thrice times been circulate,  
And also thy base perfectly consumate.

Thus

### *Of Calcination.*

Thus vnder the moysture of the Moone,  
And vnder the temperate heate of the Sunne,  
Thine Elements shalbe incinerate soone,  
And then thou hast the maistric wonne:  
Thanke God thy worke was then so begunne,  
For there thou hast one token trewe,  
Which first in blacknes to thee will shewe.

The head of the Crowe that token call wee,  
And some men call it the Crowes bill;  
Some call it the ashes of *Hermes* tree,  
And thus they name it after their will:  
Our Toade of the earth which eateth his fill,  
Some nameth it by which it is mortificate  
The spirit with venome intoxicate.

But it hath names I say to thee infinite,  
For after each thing that blacknes is to sight,  
Named it is till time it waxeth white,  
Then hath it names of more delight,  
After all things that been full white,  
And the red likewise after the same,  
Of all red things doth take the name.

At the first gate now art thou in,  
Of the Philosophers Castell where they dwell,  
Proceede wisely that thou may winne  
In at moe gates of that Castell,  
Which Castell is round as any bell,  
And gates it hath cleuen yet moe,  
One is conquered, now to the second goe.

*The end of the first gate.*

D

of



## Of Dissolution.

The second Gate.

**O**f Dissolution now will I speake a word or two,  
Which sheweth out what crst was hid frō sight,  
And maketh intenuate things that were thicke  
By vertue of our first menstrue cleare and bright, (also,  
In which our bodies eclipsed been of light,  
And of their hard and drye compaction subtilate,  
Into their owne first matter kindly retrogradate.

One in gender they be, and in number two,  
Whose Father is the Sunne, the Moone the Mother,  
The Mouer is *Mercurie*, these and no moe  
Be our *Magnesia*, our *Adropp*, and none other  
Things here be, but onely sister and brother,  
That is to meane agent and patient,  
Sulphure and *Mercury* coessentiall to our intent.

Betwixt these two equalitie contrarions,  
Ingendred is a meane most marueilously,  
Which is our *Mercury* and menstrue vntuous,  
Our secreat Sulphure working inuisibly,  
More fiercely than fire burning the bodie,  
Dissolving the bodie into water minerall,  
Which might for darknes in the North we doe call.

But

## Of Dissolution.

But yet I trow thou vnderstandst not vtterly,  
The very secreat of the Philosophers *Dissolution*,  
Therefore conceiue me I counsell thee wittily,  
For the truth I will tell thee without delusion:  
Our solution is cause of our *Congelation*,  
For *Dissolution* on the one side corporall,  
Causeth *Congelation* on the other side spirituall.

And we dissolue into water which wetteth no hand,  
For when the earth is integrately incinerate,  
Then is the water congealed; this vnderstand  
For the elements be so together concatenate,  
That when the bodie is from his first forme alterate,  
A new forme is induced immediady,  
For nothing being without all forme is vtterly.

And heere a secreat to thee I will disclose,  
Which is the ground vnto our secreats all,  
And it not knowne thou shalt but lose  
Thy labour and costs both great and small,  
Take heed therefore in error that thou not fall,  
The more thine earth, and the lesse thy water be,  
The rather and better solution shalt thou see.

Behold how yce to water doth relent,  
And so it must for water it was before,  
Right so againe to water our earth is went,  
And water thereby congeald for euer more,  
For after all Philosophers that euer were bore,  
Each metall was once water mynerall,  
Therefore with water they turne to water all.

D 2

In

### *Of Dissolution.*

In which water of kinde occasionate,  
Of qualities been repugnant and diuersitie,  
Things into things must therefore be rotate,  
Vntill diuersitie be brought to perfect vnitie :  
For Scripture recordeth when the earth shall be  
Troubled, and into the deepe Sea shall be cast,  
Mountaines and bodies likewise at the last.

Our bodies be likened conueniently  
To mountaines, which after high Planets we name,  
Into the deepnes therefore of *Mercurie*  
Turne them, and keepe thee out of blame,  
For then shalt thou see a noble game,  
How all shall become powder as soft as silke,  
So doth our rennit kindly kurd vp our milke.

Then hath the bodies their first forme lost,  
And others been induced immediatly,  
Then hast thou well bestowed thy cost :  
Whereas others vncunning must goe by,  
Not knowing the secrets of our philosophic:  
Yet one poynt more I must tell thee,  
How each bodie hath dimensions three.

Altitude, Latitude, and also profunditie,  
By which all gates turne we must our wheele,  
Knowing that thine entrance in the West shall be,  
Thy passages forth to the North if thou doo wheele,  
And there thy lights lose their lights each deele;  
For there thou must abide by ninetic nights  
In darknes of purgatorie withouten lights.

**Then**

### *Of Dissolution.*

Then take thy course vp to the East anone,  
By colours passing variable in manifold wise,  
And then be winter and vere nigh ouergone,  
To the East therefore thine ascending deuise,  
For there the Sunne with daylight doth vprise  
In sommer, and there disport thee with delight,  
For there thy worke shall become perfect white.

Foorth from the East into the South ascend,  
And set thee downe there in the chaire of fire,  
For there is harueft, that is to say an end  
Of all this worke after thine owne desire,  
There shineth the Sunne vp in his *Hemisphere*,  
After the Eclipses in rednes with glorie,  
As king to raigne vpon all mettals and *Mercurie*.

And in one glasse must be done all this thing,  
Like to an Egge in shape and closed weele,  
Then must thou know the measure of firing,  
The which vnknowne thy worke is lost each deele :  
Let neuer thy glasse be hotter than thou maist feele  
And suffer still in thy bare hand to hold,  
For feare of losing, as Philosophers haue told.

Yet to my doctrine furthermore attend,  
Beware thy glasse thou neuer open ne meue  
From the beginning till thou haue made an end;  
If thou doo contrarie, thy worke may neuer cheue.  
Thus in this Chapter which is but brieue,  
I haue thee taught thy true solution :  
Now to the third gate goe, for this is won.

*The end of the second gate.*



## Of Seperation.

*The third gate.*

**S**eperation doth each part from other diuide,  
The subtile from the grosse, the thick frō the thinn  
But *Seperation* manuall looke thou set a side,  
For that pertaines to fooles that little good doth wian,  
But in our *Seperation* Nature doth not blinn,  
Making diuision of qualities elementall,  
Into a fift degree till they be turned all.

Earth is turned into water vnder black and bloe,  
And water after into ayre vnder very white,  
Then Aire into fire, elements there be no moe,  
Of these is made our stone of great delight,  
But of this *Seperation* much more must we write,  
And *Seperation* is called by Philosophers definition,  
Of the saide foure elements tetraptatiue dispersion.

Of this *Seperation* I finde a like figure,  
Thus spoken by the Prophet in the Psalmodie,  
God brought out of a stone a flood of water pure,  
And out of the hardest rock oyle abundantly,  
So out of our stone precious if thou be witty,  
Oyle incombustible, and water thou shalt draw,  
And there abouts at the coale thou needst not to blow.

**Doc**

## Of Seperation.

**D**oe this with heate easie and nourishing,  
Firff with moyft fire and after that with drie,  
The flegme with patience out drawing,  
And after that the other Natures wittely  
Drye vp thine earth vntill it be thirsty,  
By *Calcination* else labourest thou in vaine,  
And then make it drink vp the moyfture againe.

*Seperation* thus must thou oftentimes make,  
Thy waters diuiding into partes two,  
So that the subtile from the grosse thou take,  
Till earth remaine beneath in colours bloe,  
That earth is fixed to abide all woe,  
The other parte is spirituall and flying,  
But thou must turne them all into one thing.

Then oyle and water with water shall distill,  
And through her helpe receiue mouing,  
Keepe well these two that thou not spill  
Thy worke for lack of due closing,  
And make thy stopple of glasse melting,  
The topp of thy vessell together with it,  
Then Philosopher-like it is vp shitt.

The water wherewith thou mayst reuiue the stone,  
Looke thou distill before thou worke with it,  
Oftentimes by it selfe alone,  
And by this sight thou shalt wit,  
From feculent feces when it is quit:  
For some men can with *Saturne* it multiplie,  
And other substance which we desie.

Distill

### *Of Seperation.*

Distill it therefore till it be cleane  
And thinne like water as it should be,  
As heauen in colour bright and shene,  
Keping both figure and ponderosittee,  
Therewith did *Hermes* moysten his tree:  
Within his glasse he made it grow vpright,  
With flowers discoloured beautifull to sight.

This water is like to the venymous Tirc,  
Wherewith the mighty triacle is wrought,  
For it is poyson most strong of Ire,  
A stronger poyson cannot be thought,  
At Potheccaries often therefore it is sought,  
But no man by it shalbe intoxicate,  
From the time it is into medicine elixerate.

For then as is the Triacle true,  
It is of poyson most expulsive,  
And in his working doth manueiles shew,  
Preseruing many from death to life,  
But looke thou meddle it with no corosive,  
But choose it pure and quick rinning,  
If thou thereby wilt haue winning.

It is a marueilous thing in kinde,  
And without it can nothing be done,  
Therefore *Hermes* called it his winde,  
For it is vp flying from Sunne and Moone,  
And maketh our stone flie with it soone,  
Reuiving the dead and giuing life,  
To Sunne and Moone, husband and wife.

Which

### *Of Seperation.*

Which if they were not by craft made quick,  
And their fatnes with water drawne out,  
And so the thinne dissencered from the thick,  
Thou shouldst neuer bring this worke about:  
If thou wilt therefore speede without doubt,  
Rayse vp the birds out of their nest,  
And after againe bring them to rest.

Water with water accord will and ascend,  
And spirit with spirit, for they be of one kinde,  
Which after they be exalted make to ascend,  
So shalt thou deuide that, which Nature erst did binde,  
*Mercury* essentiall turning into winde,  
Without which naturall and subtile *Seperation*,  
May neuer be complete profitable generation.

Now to helpe thee in at this gate,  
The last secret I will declare to thee,  
Thy water must be seauen times sublimate,  
Else shall no kindly Dissolution bee,  
Nor putrifying shalt thou none see:  
Like liquid pitch, nor colours appearing  
For lack of fire within the glasse working.

Fourre fires there be which thou must vnderstand,  
Naturall, innaturall, against Nature also,  
And elementall which doth burne the brand:  
These foure fires vse we and no moe,  
Fire against nature must do thy bodie woe,  
This is our Dragon as I thee tell,  
Fiercely burning as the fire of hell.

E

Fire

### *Of Separation.*

Fire of nature is the third mensurall,  
That fire is naturall in each thing;  
But fire occasionate, we call vnnaturall,  
As heate of ashes, and balnes for purifying:  
Without these fires thou maist naught bring  
To Putrifaction, for to be seperate,  
Thy matters together proportionate.

Therefore make fire thy glasse within,  
Which burneth the bodie much more than fire  
Elementall, if thou wilt winne  
Our secrets according to thy desire:  
Then shall thy seeds both rot and spire  
By helpe of fire occasionate,  
That kindly after they may be seperate.

*Of Separation* the Gate must thus be wonne,  
That furthermore yet thou maist proceed  
Towards the Gate of secret *Coniunction*,  
Into the Castle which will thee inner hold:  
Doe after my counsell if thou wilt speed,  
With two strong lockes this Gate is shut,  
As consequently thou shalt well wit.

*The end of the third Gate.*

*Of*



### *Of Coniunction.*

*The fourth Gate.*

**A**fter the Chapter of naturall *Separation*,  
By which the elements of our stone disseuered be,  
The chapter here followeth of secret *Coniunction*,  
Which Natures repugnant ioyneth to perfect vnitie,  
And so them knitteth that none from others may flie,  
When they by fire shall be examine,  
They be together so surely coniungate.

And therefore Philosophers giue this definition  
Saying this *Coniunction* is nothing els  
But of disseuered qualities a copulation,  
Or of principles a coequation as others tells:  
But some men with *Mercurie* that Pothecaries sells  
Medleth bodies, which cannot diuide  
Their matter, and therefore they slip aside.

For vntill the time the soule be seperate  
And cleansed from his originall sinne  
With the water, and throughly spiritualizate,  
The true *Coniunction* maist thou neuer begin:  
Therefore the soule first from the bodie twyne,  
Then of the corporall part and of the spirituall.  
The soule shall cause *coniunction* perpetuall.

E 2

Of

### Of Coniunction.

Of two Coniunctions Philosophers mention make,  
Grosse when the bodie with *Mercury* is reincudate,  
But let this passe, and to the second heede take,  
Which as I saide is after *Seperation* celebrate,  
In which the parties be left with least to colligate,  
And so promoted vnto most perfect temperance,  
That neuer after amongst them may be repugnance.

Thus causeth *Seperation* true *Coniunction* to be had,  
Of water and ayre, with earth and fire,  
But that each element into other may be lad,  
And so abide for euer to thy desire,  
Doe as doe dawbers with clay or myre,  
Temper them thick and make them not too thinne,  
So doe vpdrying, thou shalt the rather winne.

But manners there be of our *Coniunction* three,  
The first is called by Philosophers *Diptatiue*,  
The which betwixt the agent and patient must be,  
Male and female, *Mercury*, and *Sulphure* viue,  
Matter, and forme, thinne, and thick to thine,  
This lesson will helpe thee without any doubt,  
And our *Coniunction* truly to bring about.

The second manner is called *Triptatiue*,  
Which is *Coniunction*, made of things three,  
Of bodie, soule and spirit, that they not stur,  
Which trinitie thou must bring to vnitee,  
For as the soule to the spirite the bond must bee,  
Right so the bodie the soule to him must knit,  
Out of thy minde let not this lesson flit.

The

### Of Coniunction.

The third manner and also the last of all,  
Foure Elements together which ioyne to abide,  
*Tetrapratiue* certainly Philosophers doe it call,  
And specially *Guido de Montano* whose fame goeth  
And therefore in most laudable maner this tide, (wide,  
In our *Coniunction* foure Elements must aggregate  
In due proportion, which first a sunder were seperate.

Therefore like as the woman hath veines fiftene,  
And the man but fivie to the act of their secunditie,  
Required in our *Coniunction* first I meene,  
So must the man our Sunne haue of his water three,  
And nine his wife, which three to him must bee;  
Then like with like will ioy haue for to dwell,  
More of *Coniunction* me needeth not to tell.

This chapter I will conclude right soone therefore,  
Grosse *Coniunction* charging thee to make but one,  
For seldome haue strumpets children of them ybore,  
And so thou shalt neuer come by our stone,  
Without thou let the woman lig alone,  
That after she once haue conceiued of the man,  
Her *Matrix* be shut vp from all other than.

For such as adde euer more crude to crude,  
Opening their vessell letting their matters keele,  
The sparne conceiued they nourish not but delude  
Themselues, and spill their worke each deele,  
If thou therefore haue list to doe weele,  
Close vp thy *Matrix* and nourish the seede,  
With heat continual and temperate if thou wilt speed.

E3

And

### *Of Coniunction.*

And when thy vessell hath stood by month this fine,  
And clowdes and Eclipses be passed each one,  
The light appearing, encrease thy heate then belieue,  
Vntill bright and shining in whitenes be thy Stone:  
Then maist thou open thy glasse anone,  
And feede thy childe which is ybore,  
With milke and meate ay more and more.

For now both moist and drie is so contemptate,  
That of the water earth hath receiued impressiō,  
Which neuer (after that) asunder may be sepetate;  
And right so water to earth hath giuen ingression,  
That both together to dwell haue made profession,  
And water of earth hath purchased a retentime,  
They foure made one neuer more to striue.

Thus in two things all our intent doth hing,  
In drie and moist, which be contraries two:  
In drie, that it the moist to fixing bring,  
In moist, that it giue liquefaction to the earth also:  
Then of them thus a temperment may fourth goe,  
A temperment not so thicke as the bodie is,  
Neither so thinne as water withouten mis.

Loosing and knitting thereof be principles two  
Of this hard science, and poles most principall;  
Howbeit that other principles be many more,  
As shining fanes, which show I shall:  
Procede therefore vnto another wall  
Of this strong Castle of our wisdom,  
That in at the fift Gate thou maist come.

*The end of the fourth Gate.*



### *Of Putrifaction.*

*The fift Gate.*

**N**OW we begin the chapter of *Putrifaction*,  
Without which pole no seed may multiply,  
Which must be done only by continual action  
Of heate in the bodie, moist not manually:  
For bodies els may not be altered naturally,  
Sith Christ doth witnes, without the graine of wheate  
Dye in the ground, encrease maist thou none get.

And in likewise without the matter putrifie,  
It may in no wise truly be alterate,  
Neither thy Elements may be diuided kindly,  
Nor the coniuñtion of them perfectly celebrate:  
That thy labor therefore be not frustrate,  
The priuitie of our putrifying well vnderstand,  
Or euer thou take this worke in hand.

And *Putrifaction* may thus defined bee  
After Philosophers sayings, to be of bodies the sleying;  
And in our Compound a diuision of things three,  
The killed bodies into corruption fourth leading,  
And after vnto regeneration them abling,  
For things being in the earth, without doubt  
Be engendred of rotation of the heauens about.

And



### Of Putrifaction.

And therefore like as I haue sayd before,  
Thine Elements commixt and wisely conquate,  
Thou keepe in temperate heate eschewing cocumote,  
That they by violent heat be not incinerate  
To powder drye vnprofitably Rubificat,  
But into powder black as a crows bill,  
With heate of *Balme* or else of our dunghill.

Vntill the time that nights be passed ninetic,  
In moyst heate keepe them for any thing,  
Soone after by blacknes thou shalt espie  
That they draw fast to putrifying,  
Which thou shalt after many colours bring  
To perfect whitenes by patience easily,  
And so thy seede in his nature shall multiplic.

Make each the other then to halfe and kilfe,  
And like as children to play them vp and downe,  
And when their shirts are filed with pissie,  
Then let the woman to wash be bowne,  
Which oft for faintnes will fall in a frowne,  
And dye at the last with her children all,  
And goe to purgatorie to purge their filch originall.

When they be there, by little and little increafe  
Their paines, by heat, aye more and more,  
The fire from them let neuer cease.  
And so that thy furnace be surely apt therefore,  
Which wise men call an *Athenore*,  
Conseruing heat required most temperatlic,  
By which thy matter doth kindly putrific.

Of

### Of Putrifaction.

Of this principle speaketh sapient *Guido*,  
And sayth by rotting dyeth the compound corporall,  
And then after *Morien* and other moe,  
Vpriserh againe regenerate simple and spirituall,  
And were not heate and moysture continuall,  
Sparme in the wombe might haue none abiding,  
And so there should no fruite thereof vspring.

Therefore at the beginning our stone thou take,  
And burie each one in other within their graue,  
Then equally betwixt them a marriage make,  
To ligge together sixe weekes let them haue,  
Their seede conceiued, kindly to nourish and saue,  
From the ground of their graue not rising that while,  
Which secret point doth many a one bequile.

This time of conception with easie heate abide,  
The blacknes shewing shall tell thee when they dye,  
For they together like liquid pitch that tide,  
Shall swell and burble, settle and putrific,  
Shining colours therein thou shalt espie,  
Like to the rainbow marueilous to sight,  
The Water then beginneth to drye vpright.

For in moyst bodies heate working temperate,  
Ingendreth blacknes, first of all which is,  
Of kindly *Comiunction* the token assignate,  
And of true putrifying: remember this,  
For then perfectly to alter thou canst not misse,  
And thus by the gate of blacknes thou must come in,  
The light of *Paradice* in whitenes if thou wilt win.

F

For

### Of Putrifaction.

For first the Sunne in his vprising obscure  
Shalbe, and passe the waters of *Noes flood*,  
On earth which was an hundredth dayes continuall  
And fittie away ere all these waters yood;  
Right so our waters (as wisemen vnderstood)  
Shall passe, that thou with *Dauid* may say,  
*Abierunt in sicco flumina*: beare this away.

Soone after that *Noah* planted his vineyard,  
Which royally flourished, and brought forth grapes  
After which space thou shalt not be afraid, (anon,  
For in likewise shal follow the flourishing of our stone;  
And soone after that xxx dayes be gone,  
Thou shalt haue grapes right as *Rubie* read,  
Which is our Adropp, our Vcifer, and our red lead.

For like as soules after paines transitorie  
Be brought to Paradise, where euer is ioyfull life;  
So shall our Stone (after his darknes in Purgatorie)  
Be purged, and ioyned in Elements withouten strife,  
Reioyce the whitenes and beautie of his wife,  
And passe from darknes of purgatorie to light  
Of Paradise, in whitenes Elixer of great might.

And that thou maist the rather to *Putrifaction* win,  
This example thou take to thee for a true conclusion,  
For all the secret of *Putrifaction* resteth therein,  
The hart of oke that hath of water continuall infusion  
Will not soone putrifie, I tell thee without delusion:  
For though it in water lay 100. yeares and more,  
Yet shouldst thou finde it found as ere it was before.

But

### Of Putrifaction.

But and thou keepe it sometime wet & sometime drie,  
As thou maist see in timber by vsuall experiment,  
By proceffe of time that oke shall putrifie;  
And so euen likewise according to our intent,  
Sometime our tree must with the Sunne be brent,  
And then with water we must it keele,  
That by this meanes to rotting we may bring it weele.

For now in wet, and now againe in drie,  
And now in heate, and now againe in colde  
To be, shall cause it soone to putrifie,  
And so shalt thou bring to rotting thy golde:  
Intreate thy bodies as I haue thee tolde,  
And in thy putrifying, with heate be not too swift,  
Least in the ashes thou seeke after thy thrift.

Therefore thy water out of the earth thou drawe,  
And make the soule therewith for to ascend;  
Then downe againe into the earth it throwe,  
That they oft times so ascend and descend:  
From violent heate and sudden colde defend  
Thy glasse, and make thy fire so temperate,  
That by the sides the matter be not vittrificate.

And be thou wise in choosing of the matter,  
Meddle with no salts, sulphurs, nor meane mincerals:  
For whatsoeuer any worker to thee doth clatter,  
Our Sulphur and our Mercury been onely in mettalls,  
Which oyles and waters some men them calls,  
Foules and birds, with other names many one,  
Eccause that fooles should neuer know our stone.

F 2

For

### Of Putrifaction.

For of this world our stone is called the sement  
Which moued by craft as nature doth require,  
In his encrease shall be full opulent,  
And multiply his kinde after thine owne desire,  
Therefore if God vouchsafe thee to inspire,  
To know the truth, and fantasies to eschew  
Like vnto thee in riches shall be but few.

But many men be moou'd to worke after their fantasie,  
In many subiects in which be tinctures gay:  
Both white and red diuided manually  
To fight, but in the fire they flye away:  
Such breake pottes and glasses day by day,  
Empoysoning themselues and loosing their fights,  
With odours, smoakes, and watching vp by nights.

Their clothes be bauldy and worne thread bare,  
Men may them smell for multipliers where they goe,  
To file their fingers with corrosiues they doo not spare,  
Their eyes be beard, their cheekes leane and blowe,  
And thus for had I wist they suffer losse and woe:  
And such when they haue lost that was in their purse,  
Then doo they chide, and Philosophers fore doo curse.

To see their houses it is a noble sport,  
What furnaces, what glasses there be of diuers shapes,  
What salts, what powders, what oyles, waters fort,  
How eloquently *de Materia prima* their tongues do clap,  
And yet to finde the truth they haue no hap:  
Of our Mercurie they meddle & of our sulphure vine,  
Wherein they dote, and more and more vnto time.

For

### Of Putrifaction.

For all the while they haue Philosophers bene,  
Yet could they neuer know what was our Stone,  
Some fought it in dung, in vrine, some in wine,  
Some in starre slyme (for thing it is but one),  
In blood, in egges: some till their thrift was gone,  
Diuiding Elements, and breaking manie a pot,  
Sheards multiplying, but yet they hit it not.

They talke of the red man and of his white wife,  
That is a speciall thing, and of the Elixers two,  
Of the Quintessence, and of the Elixer of life,  
Of honic, Celidonic, and of *Secundines* also,  
These they diuide into Elements, with others moe;  
No multipliers, but Philosophers called will they bee,  
Which naturall Philosophie did neuer read nor see.

This fellowship knoweth our Stone right weele,  
They thinke them richer than is the King,  
They will him help, he shall not faile  
*Fraunce* for to winne a wondrous thing,  
The holy Crosse home will they bring,  
And if the King were prisoner ytake,  
Right soone his raunfome would they make.

A meruaile it is that *Westminster Kerke*,  
To the which these Philosophers doo much haunt,  
Since they can so much riches werke  
As they make boalt of and auant,  
Drinking daylie at the wine a due taunt,  
Is not made vp perfectly at once;  
For truly it lacketh yet many stones.

F 3

Fooles

### Of Putrifaction.

Fooles doo follow them at the taile,  
Promoted to riches weening to bee;  
But will you heare, what worship and maile  
They winne in *London* that noble Citie?  
With filuer maces (as you may see)  
Sergeants awaiteth on them each howre,  
So been they men of great honour.

Sergeants seeke them from streete to streete,  
Merchants and Goldsmiths lay after them watch,  
That well is him that with them may meeete,  
For the great aduantage that they doe catch,  
They hunt about as doth a bratch,  
Weening to winne so great treasure,  
That euer in riches they shall endure.

Some would catch their goods againe,  
And some more good would aduenture,  
Some for to haue would be full faine  
Of ten pounds one, I you ensure,  
Some which haue lent without measure  
Their goods, and be with pouertie clad,  
To catch a noble, would be full glad.

But when the Sergeants doth them arrest,  
Their pautners be stuffed with *Paris* balls,  
Or with signets of *Saint Martins* at the least;  
But as for money it is pist against the walls:  
Then be they led (as well for them befalls)  
To *Newgate* or *Ludgate* as I you tell,  
Because they shall in safegard dwell.

Where

### Of Putrifaction.

Where is my money become, saith one?  
And where is mine, saith he and he?  
But will you heare how subtrill they be anon  
In answering, that they excused be?  
Saying, of our Elixers robbed be we,  
Else might we haue paid you all your golde,  
Though it had been more by tenne folde.

And then their Creditors they flatter so,  
Promising to worke for them againe  
In right short space the Elixers two,  
Doting the Merchants that they be faine  
To let them goe, but euer in vaine;  
They worke so long, till at the last,  
They be againe in prison cast,

If any them aske, why they be not ritch?  
They say they can make fine golde of tinne,  
But he (say they) may surely swimme the ditch,  
Which is vpholden by the chinne;  
We haue no stock, therefore may we not winne,  
Which if we had, we would soone werck  
Inough to finish vp *Westminster* Kerck.

And some of them be so deuout,  
They will not dwell out of that place;  
For there they may withouten doubt  
Doe what them list to their solace,  
The Archdeacon is so full of grace,  
That if they blesse him with their crosse,  
He forcerh little of other mens losse.

And

### *Of Putrifaction.*

And when they there sit at the wine,  
These Monkes they say haue manie a pound,  
Would God (saith one) that some were mine,  
Yet care away, let the cup goe round;  
Drinke on saith another, the meane is found,  
I am a maister of that Arte,  
I warrant vs we shall haue part.

Such causeth Monkes euill to doone,  
To waste their wages through their dotage,  
Some bringeth a mazer, and some a spoon,  
Their Philosophers giueth them such comage,  
Behighting them winning with damage,  
A pound for a penie at the least againe;  
And so faire promises make fooles faine.

A royall medicine one vpon twelue,  
They promise them thereof to haue,  
Which they could neuer for them selue  
Yet bring about, so God me saue:  
Beware such Philosophers no man depraue,  
Which helpe these Monkes to riches so,  
In thread bare coates that they must goe.

The Abbot ought well to cherish this companie,  
For they can teach his Monkes to liue in penurie,  
And to goe cloathed and moneyed religiouslie,  
As did Saint *Bennet*, eschuing superfluitie,  
Easing them also of the ponderositie  
Of their purses, with pounds so aggrauate,  
Which by Philosophie be now alleuiate.

Lo

### *Of Putrifaction.*

Lo who so medleth with this rich companie,  
Great boast of their winning they may make:  
For they shall reape as much by their Philosophie,  
As they of the taile of an ape, can take:  
Beware therefore for Iesus sake,  
And meddle with nothing of great cost,  
For if thou doe, it is but lost.

These Philosophers (of which I spake before)  
Meddle and blunder with manie a thing,  
Running in errours euer more and more,  
For lacke of true vnderstanding:  
But like must like alwaies forth bring,  
So hath God ordained in euerie kinde;  
Would Iesus they would beare this in minde.

Wee see they of a Nettle to haue a Rose,  
Or of an Elder to haue an apple sweete:  
Alas, that wisemen their goods should lose,  
Trusting such lorrells when they them meete,  
Which say our Stone is troden vnder feete,  
And maketh them vile things to distill,  
Till all their howses with stench they fill.

Some of them neuer learned a word in Schooles,  
Should such by reason vnderstand Philosophie?  
Bethey Philosophers? Nay, they be fooles:  
For their workes proueth them vnwittie,  
Meddle not with them, if thou be happie;  
Least with their flatterie they so thee till,  
That thou agree vnto their will.

G

Spend

### *Of Putrifaction.*

Spend not thy money away in waste,  
Giue not to euery spirit credence,  
But first examine, gyoape, and taste;  
And as thou proouest, so put thy confidence,  
But euer beware of great expence:  
And if the Philosopher doe liue vertuoullie,  
The better thou maist trust his Philosophic.

Prooue him first, and him appose  
Of all the secrets of our Stone;  
Which if he knowe not, thou need not to lose,  
Meddle thou no further, but let him gone,  
Make he neuer so pitious a mone;  
For then the Fox can fagge and faine,  
When he would to his pray attaine.

If he can answer as a Clarke,  
Howbeit he hath not prooued it indeed,  
And thou then help him to his warke;  
If he be vertuous I hold it need,  
For he will thee quite if euer he speed,  
And thou shalt knowe by a little anone,  
If he haue knowledge of our Stone.

One thing, one glasse, one furnace, and no more,  
Behold this principle if he doe take,  
And if he doe not, then let him goe,  
For he shall neuer thee rich man make;  
Timely it is better thou him forsake,  
Than after with losse and variance,  
And other manner of displeasance.

But

### *Of Putrifaction.*

But if God fortune thee to haue  
This Science by doctrine which I haue told,  
Discover it not whosoever it craue,  
For fauour, feare, siluer, or gold;  
Be no oppressor, letcher nor boaster bold:  
Serue thy God, and help the poore among,  
If thou this life list to continue long.

Vnto thy selfe thy secrets euer keepe  
From sinners, which haue not God in dread,  
But will thee cast in prison deepe,  
Till thou them teach to doe it indeed,  
Then slaunder on thee shall spring and spread,  
That thou doest coyne then will they say,  
And so yndoe thee for euer and aye.

And if thou teach them this cunning,  
Their sinfull living for to maintaine,  
In hell therefore shalbe thy woooning,  
For God of thee and them will take disdaine:  
As thou nought couldst therefore thee faine,  
That bodie and soule thou maist both saue,  
And here in peace thy living to haue.

Now in this Chapter I haue thee taught,  
How thou thy bodies must putrifie,  
And so to guide thee that thou be not caught,  
And put to durance losse or villanie  
My doctrine therefore remember wittely,  
And passe forth towards the sixt Gate,  
For thus the fift is triumphate.

*The end of the fift Gate.*

G 2

Of



## Of Congelation.

The sixt Gate.

**O**F Congelation I need not much to write :  
But what it is, I will to thee declare;  
It is of soft things induration of colour white,  
And confixation of spirits which flying are;  
How to congeale, he needeth not much to care,  
For Elements will knit together soone,  
So that Putrifaction be kindly doone.

But Congelations be made in diuers wise,  
Of spirits and bodies dissolued to water cleare,  
Of salts also dissolued twice or thrise,  
And then congeald into a fluxible matter;  
Of such congealing, sooles fast doo clatter,  
And some dissoluech diuiding manuellie  
Elements, them after congealing to powder drie.

But such congealing is not to our desire,  
For vnto ours it is contrarious,  
Our congelation dreadeth not the fire :  
For it must euer stand in it vntuous,  
And it is also a tincture so bounteous,  
Which in the aire congealed will not relent  
To water, for then our worke were spent.

*Moro.*

## Of Congelation.

Morcouer congeale not into so hard a stone  
As glasse or cristall, which melteth by fusion,  
But so that it like waxe will melt anone  
Withouten blast: and beware of delusion,  
For such congealing accordeth not to our conclusion  
As will not flowe, but runne to water againe  
Like salt congealed, then labourest thou in vaine.

Which congelation auaieth vs not a deale,  
It longeth to multipliers, congealing vulgarly:  
If thou therefore list to doe weele  
(Sith the medicine shall neuer flowe kindly,  
Neither congeale, without thou first it putrifie)  
First purge, and then fixe the elements of our stone,  
Till they together congeale and flowe anone.

For when thy matter is made perfectly white,  
Then will the spirit with the bodie congealed be :  
But of that time thou maist haue long respite  
Or it congeale like pearles in sight to thee,  
Such congealment be thou glad to see,  
And after his, raines red as blood,  
Richer than any worldly good.

The earthly grossenes therefore first mortified,  
In moysture blacknes ingendred is;  
This principle may not be denied,  
For naturall Philosophers so sayne ywis:  
Which had, of whitenes thou maist not mis;  
And into whitenes if thou congeale it once,  
Then hast thou a stone most precious of all stones.

G 3

And

### *Of Congelation.*

And by the drie like as the moist did putrifie,  
Which caused in colour blacknes to appeare,  
Right so the moyst congealed by the drie,  
Ingendreth whitenes shining by night full cleare,  
And drines proceedeth as whiteth the matter,  
Like as in blacknes moysture doth him shew  
By colours variant alwayes new and new.

The cause of all this is heate most temperate,  
Working and mouing the matter continually,  
And thereby also the matter is alterate,  
Both inward and outward substantially,  
Not as doo fooles to fight sophistically:  
But in euerie part all fire to endure,  
Fluxible, fixt, and stable in tincture.

As Phisicke determineth of each digestion,  
First done in the stomach in which is drines,  
Causing whitenes without question,  
Like as the second digestion causeth rednes,  
Complete in the liuer by heate in temperatenes,  
Right so our Stone by drines and by heate  
Digested is to white and red compleate.

But here thou must another secret knowe,  
How the Philosophers childe in the ayre is borne,  
Busie thee not too fast at the coale to blowe,  
And take this neither for mocke nor scorne,  
But trust me truly, else is all thy worke forlorne,  
Without thine earth with water reuined bec,  
Our true congealing shalt thou neuer see.

A

### *Of Congelation.*

A soule it is betwixt heauen and earth being,  
Arising from the earth as ayre with water pure,  
And causing life in euerie liuely thing,  
Incessable running vpon our foure folde nature,  
Enforcing to better him with all his cure,  
Which ayre is the fire of our Philosophie,  
Named now oyle, now water mysticallie.

And this meane ayre which oyle or water we call,  
Our fire, our oyntment, our spirit, and our Stone,  
In which one thing we ground our wisedomes all,  
Goeth neither in nor out alone,  
Nor the fire but the water anone:  
First it out leadeth, and after it bringeth it in,  
As water with water which will not lightly twin.

And so may water only our water meete,  
Which mouing causeth both death and life  
And water to water doth kindly cleene  
Without repugnance or anie strife,  
Which water to fooles is nothing rife,  
Being of the kinde withouten doubt  
Of the spirit, called water and leader out.

And water is the secret and life of euery thing,  
That is of substance in this world yfound,  
For of water each thing hath his beginning,  
As showeth in women when they shalbe vnbound  
By water, which passeth before if all be found,  
Called *Albien*, first from them running,  
With greuous throwes before their childing.

And



### *Of Congelation.*

And truly that is the cause most principall  
Why Philosophers charge vs to be patient,  
Till time the water be dried to powder all  
With nourishing heate, continuall, not violent:  
For qualities be contrarious of euerie element,  
Till after blacke in white be made an vnion  
Of them for euer, congeald without diuision.

And furthermore, the preparation of this conuersion:  
From thing to thing, from one state to another,  
Is done onely by kindly and discrete operation  
Of Nature, as is of sperme within the mother;  
For sperme and heate, are as sister and brother,  
Which be conuerted in themselves as nature can,  
By action and passion at last to perfect man:

For as the bodily part by nature was combynat  
Into man, as such as the beginner was,  
Which though it thus from thing to thing was alterate  
Not out of kinde, to mixe with other kinde did passe,  
And so our matter spermaticall within our glasse,  
Within it selfe must turne from thing to thing,  
By heate most temperate only it nourishing.

An other example naturall I may thee tell,  
How the substance of an egge by nature is wrought  
Into a Chicken not passing out of the shell,  
A plainer example could I not haue thought,  
And their conuersions be made till forth be brought  
From state to state, the like by like in kinde,  
With nourishing heate: onely heate this in kinde.

Another

### *Of Congelation.*

Another example here also thou maist read  
Of vegetable things, taking consideration,  
How euerie thing groweth of his owne feede  
Through heate and moysture, by naturall operation;  
And therefore myneralls be nourished by ministracion  
Of moysture radicall, which there beginning was,  
Not passing their kinde within one glas.

There we them turne from thing to thing againe,  
Into their mother the water when they goe:  
Which principle vnknowen, thou labourst in vaine.  
Then all is sperme; and things there be no moe  
But kinde with kinde in number two,  
Male and female, agent and patient,  
Within the matrix of the earth most orient.

And these be turned by heate from thing to thing  
Within one glasse, and so from state to state,  
Vntill the time that nature doth them bring  
Into one substance of the water regenerate:  
And so the sperme with his kinde is alterate,  
Able in likenes his kinde to multiply,  
As doth in kinde all other things naturally.

In the time of this said proces naturall,  
While that the sperme conceiued is growing,  
The substance is nourished with his owne menstruall,  
Which water only out of the earth did spring,  
Whose colour is greene in the first showing:  
And from that time the Sonne hideth his light,  
Taking his course throughout the North by night.

H

The

### *Of Congelation.*

The sayd menstruall is (I say to thee in counsell)  
The blood of our greene Lyon and not of vitriall,  
Dame *Venus* can the troth of this thee tell,  
At the beginning, to counsell if thou her call,  
This secret is hid by Philosophers great and small,  
Which blood drawne out of the greene Lyon,  
For lack of heate had not perfect digestion.

But this blood called our secret menstruall,  
Where with our sperme is nourished temperately,  
When it is turned into the feces corporall,  
And so become white perfectly and very drye,  
Congeald and fixed into his owne bodie,  
Then biscoft blood to fight it may well seeme,  
Of this worke named the milke white Dyademe.

Vnderstand now that our fire water thus acuate,  
Is called our menstruall water, wherein  
Our earth is loosed and naturally calcinate,  
By Congelation that they may neuer twinne,  
But yet to congeale more water thou may not linne:  
Into three partes of the acuate water sayd afore, (more)  
With the fourth parte of the earth congealed and no

Vnto that substance therefore so congeate,  
The fourth parte put of water christaline,  
And make them then together to be disponsate,  
By Congelation into a miner metaline,  
Which like a sworde new shipped will shine,  
After the blacknes which first will shew,  
The fourth parte then giue it of water new.

Imbibitions

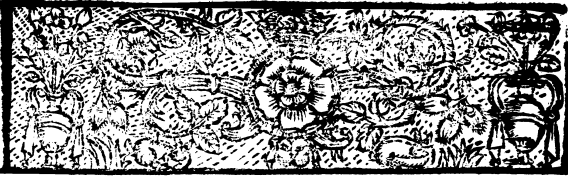
### *Of Congelation.*

Imbibitions many it must haue yet,  
Giue it the second, and after the third also.  
The sayd proportion keeping in thy witt,  
Then to another the fourth time looke thou goe,  
The fift time and the sixt passe not therefore,  
But put two partes at each time of them three,  
And at the seuenth time fife partes must there bee.

When thou hast made seauen times Imbibition,  
Again then must thou turne about thy wheele,  
And putrifie all that matter without addition,  
First blacknes abiding if thou wilt doe weele,  
Then into whitenes congeale it vp each deele,  
And after by rednes into the south ascend,  
Then hast thou brought thy base vnto an end.

This is thy water then diuided into partes two,  
With the first parte the bodies be putrificate,  
And to thine Imbibitions the second parte must goe,  
With which thy matter is afterwarde demigrate,  
And soone vpon easie decoction albificate,  
Then is it named by Philosophers our starry stone,  
Bring that to rednes then is the sixt gate wonne.

*The end of the sixt gate.*



## Of Cibation.

*The seventh Gate.*

**N**ow of Cibation I turne my pen to write,  
Sith it must here the seventh place occupie:  
But in few words it wilbe expedite,  
Take heede therefore, and vnderstand me wittlic,  
Cibation is called a feeding of our matter drie,  
With milke and meate, which moderately thou doe,  
Vntill it be brought the third order vnto.

But giue it neuer so much, that thou it glut:  
Beware of dropsey, and also of *Noahs* flood:  
By little and litle therefore thou to it put  
Of meate and drinke, as seemes to doo it good,  
That watty humours not ouergrow the blood,  
To drinke therefore let it be measured so,  
That kindly appetite thou neuer quench it fro.

For if it drinke too much, then must it haue  
A vomit or els it wilbe sick too long,  
From the dropse therefore thy wombe thou saue,  
And from the flux, or els it wilbe wrong,  
But rather let it thirst for drinke among,  
Than thou shouldst giue it ouermuch at once.  
Which must in youth be dieted for the nonce.

~~And~~

## Of Cibation.

And if thou diet it (as nature doth require)  
Moderately, till time that it be growen to age,  
From colde it keeping, and nourishing with moyst fire,  
Then shall it growe, and waxe full of courage,  
And doe to thee both pleasure and aduantage:  
For he shall make darke bodies whole and bright,  
Cleansing their leprosy through his might.

Three times must thou turne about thy wheele,  
Still keeping the rule of the said Cibation,  
And then as soone as it the fire doth feele,  
Like waxe it wilbe readie vnto liquation:  
This chapter needeth no longer protestation,  
For I haue tolde thee the dietoric most conuenient,  
After thine Elements be made equipolent.

And also how to whitenes thou shalt bring thy golde,  
Most like in figure to leaues of hawthorne tree  
Called *Magnesia*, afore as I haue tolde,  
And our white Sulphure without combustibilitie,  
Which from the fire away will neuer flie.  
And thus the seventh Gate (as you desired)  
In the vprising of the Sunne is conquered.

*The end of the seventh Gate.*

H 3

Of



## Of Sublimation.

*The eight Gate.*

**H**ere of our *Sublimation* a word or two  
I haue to speake, which the eight Gate is.  
Fooles doo sublime, but sublime thou not so,  
For we sublime not as they doe ywis :  
To sublime truly therefore thou shalt not mis,  
If thou canst make thy bodies first spirituall,  
And then thy spirits (as I haue taught thee) corporall.

Some doe Mercurie from vitrioll and salt sublime,  
And other spirits from scales of yron and Steele,  
From egg-shels calcined, and from quick lime,  
And in their manner yet sublime they right weede :  
But such subliming accordeth neuer a deeke  
To our intents, for we sublime not so,  
To true subliming therefore, now will I goe.

In *Sublimation* first beware of one thing,  
That thou sublime to the top of the vessell :  
For without violence thou shalt it not downe bring  
Againe, but there it will abide and dwell,  
So it reioyceth with refrigeration I thee tell,  
Keepe it therefore with temperate heate adowne  
Full fortie dayes, till it waxe blacke and browne.

For

## Of Sublimation.

For then the soule beginneth to come out  
From his owne veynes, for all that subtile is  
Will with the spirite ascend withouten doubt,  
Beare in thy minde therefore, and thinke on this,  
How here eclipsed been thy bodies,  
As they doe putrifie subliming more and more  
Into water, vntill they be all vp ybore.

And thus their venome when they haue spued out  
Into the water then blacke it doth appeare,  
Becoming spirituall each deale without doubt,  
Subliming easilie in our manner,  
Into the water, which doth him beare :  
For in the ayre our childe must thus be bore  
Of the water againe, as I haue said before.

But when these two by *Sublimation* continuall  
Be laboured so with heate both moyst and temperate,  
That all is white and purely made spirituall,  
Then heauen vpon earth must be reiterate  
Vntill the soule with the bodie be incorporate  
That earth become all that before was heauen,  
Which wilbe done in *Sublimations* seauen.

And *Sublimations* we make for causes three,  
The first cause is, to make the bodie spirituall ;  
The second is, that the spirite may corporall bee,  
And become fixt with it, and consubstantiall ;  
The third cause is, that from his filthie originall  
He may be cleansed, and his saltnes sulphurous  
May be minished in him, which is infectious.

Then

### *Of Sublimation.*

Then when they thus together departed be,  
They will sublime vp whiter than the snowe:  
That sight will greatly comfort thee:  
For then anon perfectly thou shalt knowe  
The spirits shall so adowne ythrowe,  
That this eight Gate shalbe to thee vnlocked,  
Out of the which many be shut and mocked.

*The end of the eight Gate.*

### *Of Firmentation.*

*The ninth Gate.*

**T**Rue *Firmentation* few Workers vnderstand,  
That secret therefore I will expound to thee,  
I trauailed truly through manie a Land,  
Ere euer I might finde any that would tell it mee:  
Yet as God would, euermore blessed be hee,  
At the last I came to the knowledge thereof perfite,  
Take heede therefore what I thereof doe write.

Firmentations in diuers manners be doone,  
By which our medicine must be perpetuate  
Into cleere water: some looseth Sunne and Moone,  
And with their medicines make them to be congregate;  
Which in the fire when they be examine  
May not abide, nor alter with complement:  
For such Firmenting is not to our intent.

**But**

### *Of Fermentation.*

**But yet more kindly** some other men doone,  
Fermenting their medicines in this wise,  
In Mercurie dissoluing both Sunne and Moone,  
Till time with the spirit they will arise,  
Subliming them together twice or thrice:  
Then *Fermentation* therewith they make:  
That is a way, but yet we it forsake.

Some other there be which haue more hap,  
To touch the troth in part of fermenting,  
They amalgame their bodies with Mercurie like pap,  
Then therevpon their medicines relenting:  
These of our secrets haue some henting,  
But not the truth with perfect complement,  
Because they neither putrifie, nor alter their Ferment.

That poynt therefore I will disclose vnto thee,  
Looke how thou didst with thine vnperfect bodie,  
Doe so with thy perfect bodies in each degree,  
That is to say, first thou them putrifie,  
Their former qualities destroying viterly,  
For this is wholly to our intent,  
That first thou alter before thou ferment.

To thy compound make firment the fourth part,  
Which ferments been only of Sunne and Moone:  
If thou therefore be maister of this Arte,  
Thy Fermentation let thus be doone,  
Fixe water and earth together soone,  
And when thy medicine as waxe doth flowe,  
Then vpon malgames looke thou it throwe.

**I**

**And**

### *Of Fermentation.*

And when all that together is mixed,  
Aboue the glasse well closed make thy fire,  
And so continue it till all be fixed,  
And well fermented to thy desire,  
Then make Projection after thy pleasure,  
For that is medicine each deale perfite,  
Thus must thou ferment both red and white.

For like as flowre of wheate made into paste  
Requireth ferment, which leauen we call  
Of bread, that it may haue the kindly taste,  
And become foode to man and woman cordiall:  
Right so thy medicine ferment thou shall,  
That it may taste of the Ferment pure,  
At all assayes for cuer to endure.

And vnderstand that there be Ferments three,  
Two be of bodies in nature cleene,  
Which must be alred as I haue told thee;  
The third most secret of which I meene,  
Is the first earth of his water greene:  
And therefore when the Lion doth thrust,  
Make him to drinke till his belly burst.

Of this a Question if I should moone,  
And aske of workers, what is this thing?  
Anon thereby I should them prouue,  
If they had knowledge of our fermenting:  
For manie a man speaketh with wondring,  
Of Robin hood and of his bowe,  
Which neuer shot therein I trowe.

Fer

### *Of Fermentation.*

For Fermentation true as I thee tell,  
Is of the soule with the bodies incorporation,  
Restoring to it the kindly smell,  
With tast and colour by naturall conspissation,  
Of things disseuered, a due reintegration,  
Whereby the bodie of the spirit taketh impressiō,  
That either the other may help to haue ingressiō.

For like as bodies in their compactiō corporall,  
May not shewe out their qualities effectually,  
Vnill the time that they become spirituall,  
No more may spirits abide with bodies stedfastly,  
Till they with them be confixate proportionally,  
For then the bodie teacheth the spirit to suffer fire,  
And the spirit the bodie to enter to thy desire.

Therefore thy gold with gold thou must ferment,  
With his owne water thy earth cleansed I meene,  
Nought else to say but element with element,  
The spirit of life onely going betweene,  
For like as an adamant as thou hast seene  
Draweth yron to him, so doth our earth by kinde,  
Drawe downe to him his soule borne vp with winde.

With winde therefore the soule lead out and in,  
Mingle gold with gold, that is for to say,  
Make Element with Element together in  
Till time all fire they suffer may,  
For earth is Ferment withouten nay  
To water, and water the earth vnto,  
Our Fermentation in this wise must be doe.

I 2

Earth

### *Of Fermentation.*

Earth is gold, and so is the soule also  
Not common, but ours thus Elementate,  
And yet thereto the Sunne must goe,  
That by our wheele it may be alterate:  
For so to ferment it must be preparate,  
That it profoundly may ioyned bee,  
With other natures as I said to thee.

And whatsoeuer I haue here said of gold,  
The same of siluer I will thou vnderstand,  
That thou them putrifie and alke (as I haue told)  
Ere thou thy medicine to firmest take in hand:  
Forsooth I could neuer finde him in *England*  
Which in this wise to firmest could me teach  
Withouten error, by practise or by speach.

Now of this chapter needeth to treat no more,  
Sith I intend prolixitie to eschew;  
Remember well my words therefore,  
Which thou shalt proue by practise new,  
And Sunne and Moone looke thou renew,  
That they may hold of the fift nature,  
Then shall their tincture euer more endure.

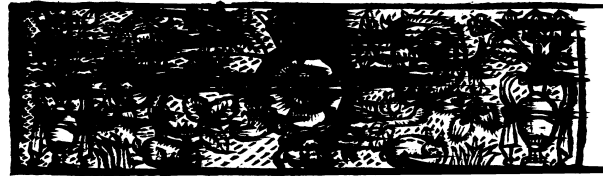
And yet a way there is most excellent,  
Belonging vnto another working,  
A water we make most redolent,  
All bodies to oyle wherewith we bring,  
With which our medicine we make flowing,  
A quintessence this water we call,  
In man which healeth diseases all.

And

### *Of Fermentation.*

But with thy base, after my doctrine preparate  
Which is our calx this must be done,  
For when our bodies be so calcinate,  
That water will to oyle dissolue them soone,  
Make thou therefore oyle both of Sunne and Moone,  
Which is ferment most fragrant for to smell.  
And so the ninth gate is conquered of this Castell.

*The end of the ninth Gate.*



### *Of Exaltation.*

*The tenth Gate.*

Proceede we now to the chapter of *Exaltation*,  
Of which truly thou must haue knowledge pure,  
But little it is different from *Sublimation*,  
If thou conceiue it right I you ensure,  
Hereto accordeth the holy scripture,  
Christ saying thus, if I exalted be,  
Then shall I draw all things vnto me.

I 3

Our

### *Of Exaltation.*

Our medicine if we exalt right so,  
It shall be thereby nobilitate,  
That must be done in manners two,  
From time the parties be disparted,  
Which must be crucified and exanimate,  
And then contumelate both man and wife,  
And after reniued by the spirit of life.

Then vp to heauen they must exalted be,  
There to be in bodie and soule glorificate,  
For thou must bring them to such subtiltie,  
that they ascend together to be intronizate,  
In cloudes of clearenes to Angels confociate,  
Then shall they draw as thou shalt see,  
Al other bodies to their owne dignitee.

If thou therefore the bodies wilt exalt,  
First with the spirit of life thou them augment,  
till time the earth be well subtilizate,  
By naturall rectifying of euery Element,  
Them vp exalting into the firmament,  
Then much more precious shall they be than gold,  
Because of the quintessence which they doe holde.

For when the colde hath overcome the heate,  
Then into water the Ayre shall turned be,  
And so two contraries together shall meete,  
Till either with other right well agree,  
So into Ayre the water as I tell thee,  
When heate of colde hath got domination,  
Shall be conuerted by craft of our circulation.

And

### *Of Exaltation.*

And of the Ayre then fire haue thou shall,  
By loosing putrifying and subliming,  
And fire thou hast of the earth materiall,  
Thine Elements thus by craft disseuering,  
Most especially thine earth well calcining,  
And when they be each one made pure,  
Then doe they holde all of the first nature.

On this wise therefore make them be circulate,  
Each into other exalting by and by,  
And all in this one glasse surely sigillate,  
Not with thine hands, but as I teach thee naturally,  
Fire into water then turne first hardly,  
For fire is in Ayre, which is in water existent,  
And this conuersion accordeth to our intent.

Then furthermore turne on thy wheele,  
That into earth the ayre conuerted be,  
Which will be done also right well,  
For Ayre is in water being in earth trust me,  
The water into fire contrarious in her qualitie,  
Soone turne thou mayst for water in earth is,  
Which is in fire, conuersion true is this.

The wheele is now neere turned about,  
Into ayre turne earth which is the proper nest,  
Of other Elements there is no doubt,  
For earth in fire is, which in ayre taketh rest,  
This circulation beginne thou in the west,  
Then into the south, till they exalted be,  
Proceede duely, as in thy figure I haue taught thee.

Is



### *Of Exaltation.*

In which proesse clearely thou mayst see,  
From one extreame how to another thou mayst not go,  
But by a meane, since they in qualities contraries be,  
And reason will forsooth that it be so,  
As heate into colde, with other contraries mo,  
Without their means as moyst to heate and colde,  
Examples sufficient before this I haue tolde.

Thus haue I taught thee how to make  
Of all thine Elements a perfect circulation,  
And at thy figure example to take,  
How thou shalt make this foresaide *Exaltation*,  
And of thy medicine in the Elements true graduation,  
Till it be brought to a generitie temperate,  
And then thou hast conquered the tenth gate.

*The end of the tenth Gate.*

### *Of Multiplication.*

*The eleuenth Gate.*

**M**ultiplication now to declare I proccede,  
Which is by Philosophers in this wise defined  
Augmentation it is of the Elixer indeede,  
In goodnes and quantitie both for white and red,  
Multiplication is therefore as they doe write,  
That thing that doth augment medicines in each degree,  
In colour, in odour, in vertue and also in quantitee.

And

### *Of Multiplication.*

And why thou mayst this medicine multiplye,  
Infinitely forsooth the cause is this,  
For it is fire, which kindled will neuer die,  
Dwelling with thee, as fire doth in houses,  
Of which one sparke may make more fire ywis,  
As muske in pigments and other spices mo,  
In vertue multiplied, and our medicine right so.

So he is rich which fire hath lesse or more,  
Because he may so hugely it multiplye,  
And right so rich is he which any parte hath in store,  
Of our Elixers which be augmentable infinitely,  
One way if thou dissolue our pouders drye,  
And make often times of them Congelation,  
Thereof in goodnes then makest thou Augmentation.

The second way both in goodnes and quantitie,  
It multiplyeth by iterate *Fermentation*,  
As in that chapter I shewed plainly to thee,  
By diuers manners of naturall operation,  
And also in the chapter of our *Cibation*,  
Where thou mayst know how thou shalt multiplye,  
Thy medicine with Mercurie infinitely.

But and thou wilt both loose and eke ferment,  
Both more in quantitie and better will it be:  
And in such wise thou mayst it soone augment,  
That in thy glasse it will growe like a tree,  
The tree of *Hermes*, named seemely to see,  
Of which one pippin a thousand will multiplye,  
If thou canst make thy projection wittely.

K

And

### *Of Multiplication.*

And like as Saffron when it is puluerizate,  
By little and little if it with liquor be  
Tempred, and then with much more liquor dilate,  
Teyneth much more of liquor in quantitie,  
Thā being whole in his grosse nature: so shalt thou see,  
That our Elixer, the more it is made thinne,  
The further in tincture it fastly will rinne.

Keepe in thy fire therefore both euen and morrow,  
From house to house that thou neede not to rinne,  
Among thy neighbours thy fire to seeke or borrow,  
The more thou keepest, the more good shalt thou win  
Multiplying it alwaies more & more thy glasse within,  
By feeding with Mercurie vnto thy liues end,  
So shalt thou haue more than thou needest to spend.

This matter is plaine I will no more  
Write thereof, let reason thee guide,  
Be neuer the bolder to sinne therefore,  
But serue thy God the better in each tide:  
And while that thou shalt in this life abide,  
Beare this in minde, forget not I thee pray,  
As thou shalt appeare before God at domes day.

His owne great giftes therefore and his treasure,  
Dispose thou vertuously, helping the poore at neede,  
That in this world thou mayst to thee procure,  
Mercy and grace with heavenly blisse to meede,  
And pray to God deuoutly that he thee leade,  
In at the twelfth gate, as he can best,  
Soone after then thou shalt end thy conquest.

*The end of the eleventh gate.*

of



### *Of Projection.*

*The twelfth Gate.*

**I**N Projection it shal be proued if our practise be pro-<sup>(stable,</sup>  
Of which it behoueth me the secrets here to moue,  
Therefore if thy tincture be sure and not variable,  
By a little of thy medicine thus mayst thou proue,  
With mettle, or with Mercury as pitch it will cleaue,  
And teyne in Projection all fires to abide,  
And soone it will enter and spread him full wide.

But many by ignorance doe marre that they made,  
When on mettals vnclensed Projection they make,  
For because of corruption their tinctures must fade,  
Which they would not away first from the body take,  
Which after Projection be brittle blew and black,  
That thy tincture therefore may euermore last,  
First vpon ferment thy medicine see thou cast.

Then brittle as glasse will thy ferment bee,  
Vpon bodies clensed and made very pure,  
Cast that brittle substance and soone shalt thou see,  
That they shall be curiously coloured with tincture,  
With all assayes for euer shall endure,  
But profitable Projection perfectly to make,  
At the Psalmes of the Psalter example thou take.

K z

On

### Of Projection.

On *Fundamenta* cast first this psalme *Nunc dimittis*,  
 Vpon *verba mea*, then cast *Fundamenta* behine,  
 Then *Verba* vpon *diligam*, conceiue me with thy wits.  
 And *diligam* vpon *attendite*, if thou list to thine,  
 Thus make thou Proiections, three, foure, or fiue,  
 Till the tincture of the medicine beginne to decrease,  
 And then it is time of Proiection to cease.

By this mistie talking I meane nothing else,  
 But that thou must cast first the lesse on the more,  
 Encreasing aye the number as wisemen thee tells,  
 And keepe thou this secret vnto thy selfe in store,  
 Be couetous of cunning it is no burden sore, (cleane,  
 For he that ioyneth not the Elixer with bodies made  
 He wotteth not surely what Proiection doth meane.

Ten if thou multiplie first into ten,  
 One hundreth that number maketh sickerly,  
 If one hundreth into an hundreth be multiplied, then  
 Ten thousand is that number if thou count it wittely,  
 Then into as much more ten thousand to multiplie,  
 It is a thousand thousand; which multiplied ywis,  
 Into as much more a hundreth millions is.

That hundreth millions being multiplied likewise  
 Into ten thousand millions, as I to thee doe say,  
 Maketh so great a number I wot not what it is,  
 Thy number in Proiection thus multiplye alway:  
 Now childe of thy curtesie for me that thou pray,  
 Sith I haue tolde thee our secrets all and some, (come.  
 To the which I beseech GOD by grace thou mayst  
 Now

### Of Projection.

Now hast thou conquered these gates twelue,  
 And all the Castle thou holdest at thy will,  
 Keepe thy secrets in store to thy selfe,  
 And the commaundements of God looke thou fulfill,  
 In fire see thou continue thy glasses still,  
 And multiply thy medicines aye more and more,  
 For wise men doe say, that store is no sore.

*The ende of the twelue Gates, intituled  
 Ripleys Compound of Alchymie.*



### *Recapitulatio totius operis predicti.*

**F**OR to bring this Treatise to a finall ende,  
 And briefly here to conclude these secrets all,  
 Diligently looke thou, and to thy figure attend,  
 Which doth in it containe these secrets great & small,  
 And if thou it conceite, both theoricall and practicall,  
 By figures and colours, by scripture plaine,  
 It wittily conceiued, thou mayst not worke in vaine.  
 Consider

### Recapitulatio.

Consider first the latitude of this precious Stone,  
Beginning in the first side noted in the West,  
Where the red man & the white woman be made one,  
Spoused with the spirite of life to line in rest,  
Earth and water equally proportionate, that is best,  
And one of the earth is good, and of the spirit three,  
Which twelue to foure also of the earth may bee.

Three of the wife, and one of the man thou take,  
And the lesse of the spirit in this disponsation,  
The rather thy Calcination for certain shalt thou make,  
Then forth into the North proceed by obscuration  
Of the red man and his white wife, called Eclipsation,  
Loosing them and altring them betwixt winter & vere,  
Into water turning earth, darke and nothing cleare.

From thence by colours many one into the East ascend,  
Then shall the Moone be full appearing by day-light,  
Then is she passed purgatorie, and her course at an end,  
There is the vprising of the Sunne appearing bright,  
There is Summer after Vere, and day after night:  
The earth & water which wer black, be turned to aine,  
And clouds of darknes ouerblown, & all apcareth faire.

And as in the west was the beginning of thy practise,  
And the North the perfect meane of profound alteration:  
So in the East after them the beginning of speculation is  
But of this course vp in the south the sun maketh course,  
Then bin the elements turned into fire by circulation: (transformation)  
Then to win to thy desire thou needst not be in doubt,  
For the wheele of our philosophic thou hast turned a-  
(about)

### Recapitulatio.

But yet about againe two times turne thy wheele, (phy.  
In which bin comprehended all the secrets of our philoso-  
phers 12. made plaine to thee, if thou conceiue the well,  
And all the secrets by & by of our lower Astronomy,  
How thou shalt calcine bodies, perfit, dissolue diuide &  
putrifie,  
With perfect knowledge of all the poles which in our  
heauen beene,  
Shining with colours inexplicable, neuer were gayer  
(secne.

And thus our secret conclusion know withouten faile,  
Our red man teineth not, nor his wife, til they teined be,  
Therefore if thou list thy selfe by this craft to auail,  
The altitude of the bodies hide, & shewe out their pro-  
funditie,  
In euery of thy materials destroying the first qualitic,  
And secondary qualities more glorious in them repaire  
anone,  
And in one glasse, and with one rule, foure natures turn  
(to one,

Pale & black with false citrine, imperfect white & red,  
The Peacocks feathers in colours gay, the Rainebowe  
which shall ouergoe,  
The spotted pãther, the lyõ green, the crows bil blue as lead,  
These shall apcare before thee perfect white, and manie  
other moe,  
And after the perfect white, gray, false citrine also,  
And after these, the shall apcare the body red invariable,  
Then hast thou a medicine of the thirde order of his  
owne kinde multiplicable.

Thou

### *Recapitulatio.*

Thou must diuide thy white Elixer into parts two  
Before thou rubifie, & into glasses two let the be doone,  
If thou wilt haue for Sun & moon thy elixer both do for  
And into mercury the multiply to great quantity soone,  
And if thou had not at the beginning to fill a spoone,  
Yet maist thou them so multiply both white and red.  
That if thou liue a 1000 yeres, they shal stād thee in sted.

Haue thou recourse to thy wheele therefore I counsell  
thee,  
And studie him well to know in each chapter truly,  
Meddle with no phanastical multipliers, but let the be,  
Which will thee flatter feining them cunning in Phi-  
losophie, (tilie,  
Doe as I bid thee, the dissolve these forsaide bases wit-  
And turne them into perfect oyles with our true water  
ardent,  
By circulation that must be done according to our in-  
tent.

These oyles will fixe crude Mercurie and conuert bo-  
dies all  
Into perfect Sunne and Moone, when thou shalt make  
Projection;  
That oylie substance pure & fixe *Raymond Lully* did call  
His *Basiliske*, of which he neuer made so plain detection:  
Pray for me to God, that I may be one of his election,  
And that he will for one of his, at doome day me kee,  
And graunt me his blisse to raigne with him for euer.  
(Amen.

*Finis Recapitulationis.*

*A*



### *An Admonition, wherein the Author*

*declareth his erroneous Experiments.*

**A**fter all this, I will thou vnderstand  
For thy sauegard, what I haue doone,  
Manie experiments haue I taken in hand  
As I found written for Sunne and Moone:  
The which I will tell thee, rehearsing soone,  
Beginning at the vermilion, which proued nought,  
And Mercurie sublimed, which I dearly bought.

I made solutions full manie a one  
Of spirits, ferments, salts, yron, and steele,  
Weening so to make the Philosophers Stone:  
But finally I lost euery deele,  
After my bookes yet wrought I weele,  
Which euer more vntue I preceued,  
Which made me oft full sore agreeued.

Waters corruie and waters ardent,  
With which I wrought in diuers wise,  
Manie one I made, but all were shent,  
Egg-shells I calcined twice or thrise,  
Oyles from Calxes I made vp to rise,  
And euery Element I did from other twin,  
But profit found I none therein.

L

Also

### *Erronious Experiments.*

Also I wrought in sulphure and vitriall,  
Which fooles doe call the greene Lyon,  
In Arsinike, in orpiment, foule them befall,  
*In debili principio* was my inception,  
Therefore in fine, was fraude my conclusion:  
And thus I blew my thrift at the cole,  
My cloathes were bawdie, my stomacke neuer whole.

Sal Armoniacke, and Sandiuere,  
Sal Alcalie, Sal allembroke, and Sal atinckarre,  
Sal tartar, salt common, Sal gem most cleare,  
Salt Peter, salt sod, of these beware,  
And from the odour of quicksiluer keepe thee farre,  
Meddle not with Mercurie precipitate,  
Neither with imperfect bodies rubificate.

I proued vrine, eggs, haire and blood,  
The soule of Saturne, and also of markazite,  
*Es vsz*, and Crokefeere, which did me neuer good,  
And the scales of yron which Smithes of fmitte,  
Litarge and Antimonie, not worth a mite:  
Of the which gay tinctures did I shew,  
Both red and white, which were vntrew.

Oyle of lyme, and water with labour great  
I made, calcining it with salt preperate,  
And by it selfe with violent heate,  
Grinding with vineger till I was fatigate,  
And also with *aqua vite*, with spices acuate  
Vpon a marble Stone, which stood me in cost,  
And oyles with corosiuues I made; but all was lost.

Manie

### *Erronious Experiments.*

Manie a Malgame did I make,  
Wcning to fixe them to great auaille,  
And thereto Sulphure did I take,  
Tattar, eggcs, whites, and oyle of the snayle,  
But cuer of my purpose did I faile,  
For what for the more, and what for the las,  
Euermore something wanting there was.

Wine and milke, oyles and rennyt,  
The slyme of starres that fall on ground,  
Celedonic with Secundines and many mo yet:  
In these I practised as I in bookes found,  
I wan right nought, but lost many a pound,  
Of Mercurie and mettalls I made christall stones,  
Wcning it had been a worke for the nones.

Thus I roasted and broyled, as one of *Gebers* cookes,  
Oft times in the ashes my winning I fought,  
For I was deceiued by manie false bookes,  
Whereby vntuith truly I wrought,  
But all such experiments auailed me right nought,  
But brought me in danger and encumbrance,  
By losse of my goods and other greeuance.

For the loue of our Ladie such lewdnes eschew,  
And medie with no falshood, that neuer proued weele,  
Assay when thee liketh, and thou shalt finde it trew,  
Winne shalt thou right nought, but lose cuerie deele,  
Pence in thy purse pawtner lew shalt thou feele,  
In smokes and in smels thou shalt haue much woe,  
That vnneth for sicknes on earth thou shalt goe.

L 2

I saw

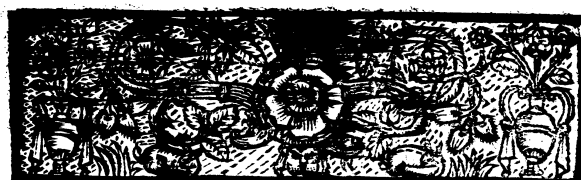
### *Erronious Experiments.*

I sawe neuer true worke truly but one,  
Of which in this Treatise the truth I have told:  
Sudie only therefore how to make our Stone,  
For thereby maist thou winne both siluer and gold,  
Vpon my writing therefore, to ground thee be bold:  
So shalt thou loofe nought if God be thy guide,  
Trust to my doctrine, and thereby abide.

Remember that Man is most noble creature  
Of earthly composition, that euer God wrought,  
In whō is the foure Elements, proportioned by nature,  
A natural Mercurialitie, which costeth right nought,  
One of his myner by arte it is brought; <sup>out</sup>  
For our mettalls be nought els but our mynets two,  
Of Sunne and Moone, wife *Raymond* said so.

The clearnes of the Moone, and of the Sunne so bright,  
Into these two myners descendeth secretly,  
Howbeit the clearnes is hid from thy sight,  
Which by craft thou shalt make it to appeare openly:  
This hid Stone, this one thing therefore putrifie,  
And wash him in his owne broth till white he become;  
Then ferment him wittily; loe here is all and some.

Now to God Almighty I thee commend,  
Who graunt thee grace to knowe this one thing;  
For now is this Treatise brought to an end:  
And God for his mercie to his blisse vs bring,  
*Sanctus, Sanctus, Sanctus* where the Angells doe sing,  
Praising without ceasing his glorious Maieftie,  
Which he in his Kingdome graunt vs for to see.  
*Amen quod George Ripley.*



### The Epistle by the same Author

*written to King Edward the 4.*

**O** Honorable Lord, and most victorious Knight,  
With grace and vertue abundantly endued,  
The safeguard of England, and maintainer of right;  
That God you loueth, indeed he hath well shewed:  
Wherefore I trust this land shall be renewed  
With soy and riches, with charitie and peace,  
So that olde ranckers new understrewed,  
Tempestuous troubles, and wretchednes shall cease.

And therefore sith I see by tokens right euident,  
That God you guideth, and how that you be vertuous,  
Hating sinne, and all such as be insolent,  
How that also manslaughter to you is odious,  
Vpon the iudgement also that you be piteous:  
Me seemeth not he it were but that you should line long;  
For of your great fortune you are not presumptuous,  
Nor vengeable of spirit to reuenge you of each wrong.

These considered with others in your most noble State,  
Like as God knoweth, and people doo witness beare,  
So entirely we moueth, that I must algate  
Record the same, and therein be no flasterer:  
And not that only, but also to write here  
Vnto your Highnes, humbly to present  
Great secrets, which in farre countries I did learne,  
And which by grace to me most unworthie are lent.

## The Epistle.

Once to your Lordship such things I did promise,  
What time you did command to send someone,  
And sith that I wrote it in secret wise,  
Vnto your grace from the Vniuersitie  
Of Louaine, when God fortun'd me by grace to see  
Greater secrets and much more peruse,  
Which onely to you I will disclosed to be,  
That is the great Elixer both red and white.

For like it you to trust that truly I haue found,  
The perfect way of most secret Alchymie,  
Which I will neuer truly for marke nor for pound  
Make common but to you, and that conditionally,  
That to your selfe you shall keepe it full secretly,  
And onely to use it as may be to Gods pleasure,  
Else in time comming to God I should abyee,  
For my discovering of his secretes treasure.

Therefore be you well advised and with good deliberation,  
For of this secret shall know no other creature,  
But onely you as I make faithfull protestation,  
For all the time that herein life I shall endure,  
Whereto I will your Lordship me enfore,  
To my desire in this my oath for to agree,  
Least I to me the wrath of God procure,  
For such revealing of his great gift and prouision.

If God fortune you by me to win this treasure,  
Serue him deuoutly with more loue and thankings,  
Praying his Godhead in life that you may so endure,  
His gifts of grace, and fortune to use to his pleasing,  
Most especially intending ouer all thing,  
To your power and cunning his precepts ten  
So to obserue, that into no danger your selfe you bring,  
But that you in glory may see him hereafter, Amen.

And

## The Epistle.

And yet moreouer I will your Lordship to pardon me,  
Eare openly with pen I will it neuer write,  
But whensoever you list by practise you shall see,  
By mouth also this precious secret, most of delight,  
How may be made perfect Elixers both red and white,  
Plaine vnto your Lordship it shall declared be,  
And if it please you, with easie expences and respite,  
I will them worke by grace of the Trinitie.

But notwithstanding for perill that may befall,  
If I dare not here plainly the knote unbinde,  
Let in my writing I will not be so mysticall,  
But that by studie the true knowledge you may finde,  
How that each thing is multiplied in his kinde,  
And how the likenes of bodies metaline be transmutable  
I will declare, that if you feele me in your minde,  
My writing you shall finde true and no fained fable.

As Philosophers in the mothers doe write,  
The likenes of bodies metaline be not transmutable,  
But after he added these wordes of more delight,  
Without they be reduced to their beginning materiable,  
Wherefore such bodies with him nature be liquiable,  
Minerall and metaline may be mercurizate,  
Conceiue you may this science is not opinionable,  
But very true, by Raymond and others determinate,

In the saide booke the Philosophers speake also,  
Therein if it please your Highnes for to reade,  
Of diuers sulphures, and especially of two,  
And of two mercuries ioyned to them indeed,  
Whereby he doth true understanders leade,  
To the knowledge of the principle which is onely true,  
Both red, moist, pure, and white, as I haue espied,  
Which be neuer hellesse found but of verie few.

And



## The Epistle.

And these two things be best, be added to  
For him that worketh the Alchymie to take:  
Our golde and our silver therewith to make all ours,  
Wherefore I say who will our pearle and Ruby make,  
The said principles looke he not forsake:  
For at the beginning, if his principles be true,  
And if so be by craft he can them also bake,  
In the end truly his worke he shall not rue.

But one great secret right needfull to be knowne,  
That though the Philosophers speake plurally,  
All is but one thing you may well trowe,  
In kinde which is our base principally,  
Whereof doth spring both white and red naturally,  
And yet the white must come first out of the red,  
Which thing is not wrought manually,  
But naturally, craft helping out of our lead.

For all the partes of our most precious stone,  
As I can prone, be coessentiall and concrete,  
Moreover there is no true principle but one,  
Full long it was ere I therewith could meete,  
Who can reduce him and knoweth his beate,  
And onely kinde with kinde can well redresse,  
Till filthie originall be clenfed from his seate,  
He likely is to finde our secrets more and lesse.

Therefore worke kinde onely with his owne kinde,  
And so your Elements saye that they not straine,  
This poynt also for any beare in minde,  
That passie natures you turne into a kinde,  
Of water, fire, and winde of earth make kinde,  
And of the quadrangle make a figure round,  
Then haue thou the tonic of our bee-hive,  
One ounce well worth one thousand pound.

The

## The Epistle.

The principall secret of secrets all,  
Is true proportion which may not be behinde,  
Wherein I counsell thee be not superficiall,  
The true conclusion if you thinke to finde,  
Turne earth into water and water into winde,  
Therefore make fire and beware of the flood  
Of Noah, wherein many men are so blinde,  
That by this science they get little good.

I counsell you eate and drink temperately,  
And beware well that Ipsarchia come not in place,  
Neshe not your wombe by drinking immoderately,  
Least you quench naturall heate in little space,  
The colour will tell appearing in your face,  
Drinke no more therefore than you may eate,  
Walke up and downe after an easie pace,  
Chafe not your bodie too sore to sweate.

With easie fire after mornig when you sweate,  
Warne your bodie and make it drie againe,  
By riuers and fauntaines walke after meate,  
At morning time visit the high mountaine,  
That Physick so biddeth I read certaine,  
So high the mountaines yet doe you not ascend,  
But that you may downward your way haue plaine,  
And with your mantle from colde ye you defend.

Such labour is wholesome your sweat for to drie  
With napkin, and after it see you take no colde,  
For grosse humors be purged by sweate kindly,  
Use Diacameron then confect with perfect golde,  
Hermidocles for watry humors good I holde,  
Use Ipericon perforat with milke of tincturiall,  
And Sperma Cetti with red wine, and when you wax olde,  
And Goats milke sod with wine nourisheth moisture radicall.

M

But

## The Epistle.

*But a good Physitian who so intendeth to be,  
Our lower Astronomie needeth well to know,  
And after that to learne well urine in a glasse to see,  
And if it neede to be chased the fire for to blow,  
Then Wittily it by diuers wayes for to throw  
After the cause to make a medicine bluc,  
Truly telling the infirmities all on a row,  
Who this can doe by his Physick is like to thriue.*

*We haue our beauen incorruptible of the quintessence,  
Ornate with signes, Elements, and starres bright,  
VVhich moyseth our earth by subtil influence,  
And of it a secret sulphure hid from sight,  
It fetcheth by vertue of his active might,  
Like as the Bee fetcheth honey out of the flower,  
VVhich thing could doe no other worldly wight.  
Therefore to God be all glory and honour.*

*And like as yce to water doth relent,  
VVhere it was congealed by violence of colde,  
VVhen Phoebus it shineth with his heate influent,  
Euen so to water miner all reduced is our golde,  
As witnesseth plainly, Albert, Raymond, and Arnold,  
By heate and moysture and by craft occasionate,  
VVhich congelation of the spirits, loe now I haue tolde,  
How our materialls together must be proportionate.*

*At the dyers craft you may learne this science,  
Beholding with water how decoction they make  
Upon the wad or madder easily and with patience,  
Till tinctures doe appeare which then the cloth doth take,  
Therein so fixed that they will neuer forsake  
The cloth, for washing after they ioyne it be,  
Euen so our tinctures with the water of our lake,  
VVe draw by boyling with the ashes of Hermestree.*

*VVhich*

## The Epistle.

*Which tinctures when they by craft are made perfitte,  
So dyeth mestles with colours aye permanent,  
After the qualitie of the medicine, red or white,  
That neuer away with anie fire wilbe brent :  
To this example if you take good tent,  
Vnto your purpose the rather you shall winne.  
And let your fire be easie, and not too feruent,  
Where nature did leaue what time you did beginne.*

*First calcine, and after that putrisie,  
Dissolue, distill, sublime, ascend and fixe,  
With Aqua vita oft times both wash and drie,  
And make a marriage the bodie and spirite betwixt,  
Which thus together naturallie if you can mixe,  
In loosing of the bodie the water congeald shalbe,  
Then shall the bodie die vterlie of the fluxe,  
Bleeding and changing his colours, as you shall see.*

*The bird day againe to life he shall arise,  
And deuoure birds, and beasts of the wildernesse,  
Crows, poppingaies, pies, peacocks, and manois,  
The Phoenix, with the Eagle, and the Griffin of fearfulnessse,  
The greene Lion, with the red Dragon he shall distresse,  
With the white Dragon, and the Antelop, Vnicorne & Panther,  
With other beasts and birds both more and lesse,  
The Basiliske also, which almost each one doth feare.*

*In bus and nibus he shall arise and descend,  
Vp to the Moone, and sith up to the Sunne,  
Through the Ocean sea, which round is withouten end,  
Onely shippen within a little glassen tunne;  
When he is there come, then is the mastrie wonne :  
About which iourney, great goods you shall not spend,  
And yet you shall be glad that euer it was begunne,  
Patiently if you list to your worke attend.*

M 2

For

# The Epistle.

For then both bodie and spirite with oyle and water,  
 Soule, and tincture, one thing both white and red,  
 After colours variable it containeth, what fouer men clatter;  
 Which also is called after he hath once been dead  
 And is reuined, our Marke, side, our Magnet, and our lead,  
 Our Sulphur, our Arsinike, and our true Calx vine,  
 Our Sunne, our Moone, our ferment and our bread,  
 Our toad, our Basiliske, our unknowne bodie, our man, our wife.

Our bodie thus naturally by craft when he is renouate  
 Of the first order, is medicine called in our Philosophie;  
 Which oftentimes againe must be perpetualliate,  
 The round wheele turning of our Astronomie,  
 And so to the Elixer of spirits you must come: for why  
 Till the sonne of the fixed by the sonne of the fixer be ouergone,  
 Elixer of bodie, named it is onely,  
 And this found secret poynt, deceauneth manie one.

This naturall proces by helpe of craft thus consummate,  
 Dissolueth Elixer spirituall in our vntuous humiditie,  
 Then in Balneo Mare together let them be circulate,  
 Like new honie or oyle, till perfectly they be thickeued,  
 Then will that medicine heale all infirmitie,  
 And turne all mettals to Sunne and Moone perfectly,  
 Thus you shall make the great Elixer, and Aurum potabile,  
 By the grace and will of God, to whom be all honour and glorie.

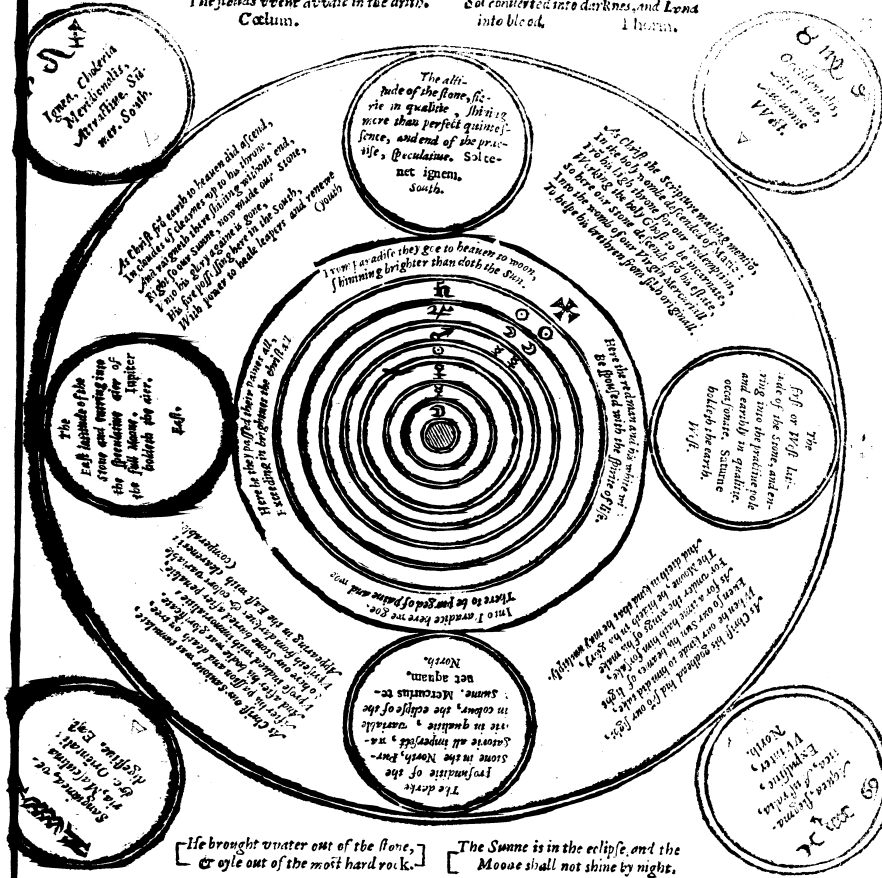
Amen. quod George Ripley.

FINIS.

George

## George Ripleys Wheele mentioned in his Worke.

In the Sunne he puts his subernacle,  
 Sunne and moone blessed be ye,  
 The floods went away in the drilth. Sol converted into darknes, and Luna  
 Caelum. into blood. I Heron.



[He brought water out of the stone,] [The Sunne is in the eclipse, and the  
 & oyle out of the most hard rock.] [Moone shall not shine by night.]

Our heauen this figure called is,  
 Our table also of the lower astronomie,  
 Which vnderstood thou canst not mis,  
 To make our medicine perfectly,  
 On it therefore fet thou thy studie,  
 And vnto God both night & day,  
 For grace, and for the Author pray.



Reply Expounded.

Reply his Compound of Alchemy expounded.

First Reply comparith y<sup>e</sup> worke to y<sup>e</sup> Chaos which Chaos containing althings without division, y<sup>e</sup> Sun, y<sup>e</sup> Moone, y<sup>e</sup> Stars, & Elements; all (as it were) kept by in a ball of earth, which by y<sup>e</sup> word of God were separated in six days & perfected, such of our Stone, which at y<sup>e</sup> first must have all that is fit for it; & then bind will not be kindly in her Operation, as Mercury & Sulphur of Nature in Amalgamation is our Chaos, the Elementall qualities our separation, & have active power our generation; y<sup>e</sup> which until it be made active, is but a confused Masse, a Chaos, no words; an Amalgama, no Stone: And this Reply in his Preface serveth a Principle for y<sup>e</sup> declaring of y<sup>e</sup> Stone: for if God had not in his divine wisdom at y<sup>e</sup> first made all those things, there had bin no Chaos; no words; if no words, no generation.

And then notwithstanding that hee hath declared y<sup>e</sup> first matter of y<sup>e</sup> first Matter of y<sup>e</sup> Stone, y<sup>e</sup> Chaos of y<sup>e</sup> Elements, y<sup>e</sup> Amalgama of y<sup>e</sup> homogeneity, yet hee declairith a doubtfull question, with a Martiale of multitudes what y<sup>e</sup> stone should be, with every Man hath it & it is in every place; where unto hee presently maketh answer, that it is Mercury, but not y<sup>e</sup> common Quecksilver; for when it is once ~~Amalgama~~ conglated by y<sup>e</sup> whole of the Philosophy, then it is neither Crude nor Common: for being digested & first fixed, it is not then crude, & being joynd with another body, is not then common Mercury; for Common crude Mercury, is a simple uncomixed of Mineral water, & of small price.

Then

Reply Expounded

Then hee telleth you of three Mercurys where of two be superficial, but Mercury of Metals Essential is y<sup>e</sup> principle of y<sup>e</sup> Stone material.

Now y<sup>e</sup> two superficial Mercurys are Sol & Luna & crude Mercury, for either Sol or Luna molten are then Mercurial, save only y<sup>e</sup> difference of heat & cold, but y<sup>e</sup> first Mercury of either of those conglated with Mercury Mineral is y<sup>e</sup> first digestion, & then hath a title of principle of y<sup>e</sup> Stone: for what maketh y<sup>e</sup> Stone, but y<sup>e</sup> conjunction of those two contraries: And then y<sup>e</sup> second imbibition giveth him more flexibility with more fixation: And y<sup>e</sup> third imbibition giveth him all his rights of Generation, either Medicinal or Metallical; ~~and y<sup>e</sup> first is called Calenation, y<sup>e</sup> second by y<sup>e</sup> name of y<sup>e</sup> Stone, y<sup>e</sup> third Mercury essential: And in respect of one by y<sup>e</sup> other in an natural concurrence it is called by y<sup>e</sup> name of y<sup>e</sup> Stone, of father, Mother, Sister, Brother, Man & wife, & all what may in such kind be imagined: But y<sup>e</sup> first conglation of those three, is called y<sup>e</sup> principle of y<sup>e</sup> Stone Material.~~

For y<sup>e</sup> simple metallical body cannot be called Stone or Elixer: but being cooled & conglated, made brittle, dilatring, tending, & fixing, then it is no more solid, but subtil; no more metall, but Medicine, y<sup>e</sup> first conglation where of is called Calx or earth; y<sup>e</sup> second by y<sup>e</sup> name of y<sup>e</sup> Stone, & y<sup>e</sup> third by y<sup>e</sup> name of y<sup>e</sup> Stone, & so much for y<sup>e</sup> whole preface in general: Where hee telleth

In

Reply Expounded.

In Sun & Moon our Mercurie is not seen,  
It appeareth not, but by effect, to sight,  
That is y<sup>e</sup> Stone of which we meane, &c.

That is, in Gold & Silver is not seen such flexibility  
as is in y<sup>e</sup> congealed stone, for y<sup>e</sup> one is but Met<sup>al</sup>le,  
of no further capacity then solidity, but y<sup>e</sup> other is  
medicinal, fluxing, tincting, fixing, & elemental,  
as may appere by those words

for what is Sun & Moon saith Abicon  
But earth which is pure whit & red  
Take from it y<sup>e</sup> said cleareness, & then  
That earth will stand but in little st<sup>and</sup>. &c.

I pray you, when Gold or Silver is molten, is not thine  
bright polished cleareness taken away; & when it is  
so, have you any st<sup>and</sup> full use of it; But when  
hee saith as followeth,

The whole Compound is called our Lead  
The quality of cleareness from Sol & Lune doth come.

In those words hee hath a double meaning; first that  
solid Gold & Silver are to be taken to y<sup>e</sup> worke; & se-  
condly, hee sheweth y<sup>e</sup> operation medicinal, to be  
thine Mercurie & thine red Lead, as followeth in  
y<sup>e</sup> preface after wards when hee saith

Bodys with y<sup>e</sup> first wee calcine naturally  
perfect, but none which bin incleane. &c.

That is, as they be but earth, so are they first to  
be reduced, as in y<sup>e</sup> w<sup>id</sup> latitude of y<sup>e</sup> Stone,  
that is,

Reply Expounded.

that is, in to earth, with thine proper Mercury, wh  
Mercury have hee treateth y<sup>e</sup> green Lyon for his  
cruelty; the second Mercury is g<sup>re</sup>table, that is, by  
his dissolving quality, y<sup>e</sup> third Mercury, first  
of nature, that is Mercury fermented with y<sup>e</sup>  
natural tincture of y<sup>e</sup> Exquisite body.

And this is y<sup>e</sup> Lock & Key & Summe, of  
all that can be said of this worke. Now will I  
shew y<sup>e</sup> nature & meaning of his twelve Gates  
all which doe shew but what is already expressed  
in y<sup>e</sup> preface; only twelve d<sup>is</sup>tributed Locks from y<sup>e</sup>  
store house of this rich Treasure.

Now carry with you to every part of y<sup>e</sup> Copie,  
but y<sup>e</sup> sum of what hath bin said before, & you  
shall find every lock fly open to your understanding =  
ing: As for your better understanding, first I  
will set downe y<sup>e</sup> names of y<sup>e</sup> twelve Gates, then  
will I apply this one key to every lock, & so shall  
appere y<sup>e</sup> plaine truth discovered;

The twelve Gates.

- 1 Calcination
- 2 Dissolution
- 3 Ex<sup>tr</sup>action
- 4 Conjunction
- 5 Purification
- 6 Congregation
- 7 Cibation
- 8 Sublimation
- 9 Fermentation
- 10 Exaltation
- 11 Multiplication
- 12 Projection

You shall understand that all y<sup>e</sup> whole worke from  
y<sup>e</sup> very first beginning to y<sup>e</sup> end thereof, is con-  
tained in y<sup>e</sup> three uppermost gates; And first,

Calcination

## Reply Expounded.

Calcination with his three followers and it is first conjunction of y<sup>e</sup> Stone in an Earthy substance. Putrefaction with his three followers and it is y<sup>e</sup> worke of second turning of y<sup>e</sup> Wheele, gummy & more apt to flexibility. Lastly, y<sup>e</sup> third time of y<sup>e</sup> Wheeles swarming about, y<sup>e</sup> stone will putrefie to y<sup>e</sup> full, always standing in y<sup>e</sup> fire but one unto his full fermentation.

Where hee saith that calcination is y<sup>e</sup> purgation of our stone &c: You shall see by those words a truth two fold; first y<sup>e</sup> Mercury & Sulphur being of an Earthy quality, by that y<sup>e</sup> Mercury is purged from his Aquosity, & y<sup>e</sup> Sulphur from his hardness & dryness: Secondly, they be cleansed by y<sup>e</sup> Wheele of Philosophy from crudity to fixation; from blackness to white: And there is only kind with his owne kind without any Croffes at all: And by y<sup>e</sup> proportion is want nothing else but Elementall qualities of y<sup>e</sup> Wheele, which will be first black: &c.

Dissolution is y<sup>e</sup> loosning of y<sup>e</sup> body,  
Separation is twofold bodylie & Elementall;  
The body loosned is bodylie, & by colours as  
Black, white, & Red, Elementall.

Conjunction is also twofold, bodylie & spirituall,  
Gross & crude is bodylie; when it will no more  
change colour, but always keep white  
or red, then it is Elementall conjunction

All blackness is proved putrefaction, but y<sup>e</sup> first  
blackness from calcination to conjunction is but  
earthly: The second blackness from putrefaction  
to sublimation, is far more subtle & spirituall.

But

## Reply Expounded.

But y<sup>e</sup> third blackness, from fermentation to Exaltation, is most long liquid; & then is y<sup>e</sup> body most purely dissolved: & y<sup>e</sup> spirit with y<sup>e</sup> body most substantially conjoined, And all this by means of those three imbibitions with fresh water Mineral; viz: True Mercury which delateth y<sup>e</sup> body, as water or milke doth Saffron.

Now carry this key to y<sup>e</sup> gate of Calcination, & you shall see it opened most wisely & playnly, for y<sup>e</sup> Christos poynts in this Treatise to purge Calcination in case of Radical moisture, to worke without Croffes, to worke kind with kind; y<sup>e</sup> quality of y<sup>e</sup> Stone to be brutuous, y<sup>e</sup> quantity of time, y<sup>e</sup> proportions both corporall & Elementall, & lastly his first signe blackness: And what is there here that is not in y<sup>e</sup> former imbibitions; Nay more, what is there more in all y<sup>e</sup> rest of y<sup>e</sup> Gates, but that it is expressed in y<sup>e</sup> first above said & more plainly shall appere, when you apply it to all y<sup>e</sup> rest of y<sup>e</sup> Gates.

Now carry your worke to y<sup>e</sup> Gate of Dissolution & there hee telleth of hard things made soft, with what it is done; the qualities Elementall. And what is here that was not in y<sup>e</sup> first: for solid shining metallical body brought to Earth, is it not then dissolved: And y<sup>e</sup> more thin it is made y<sup>e</sup> more perfectly it is dissolved: And then (in y<sup>e</sup> rest of this Chapter) hee doth declare y<sup>e</sup> manner & method of all y<sup>e</sup> whole worke againe as in y<sup>e</sup> first.

Now come with your worke to y<sup>e</sup> Gate of Separation & there hee speakes of naturall separation, not manual but Elementall, & from black to white, from white to red, which truly hee calleth y<sup>e</sup> wheele of Philosophy;

## Reply Expounded

of Philosophy; & Now I pray you is not this Gate opened plaine enough: And yet in this he runneth through y<sup>e</sup> whole worke afresh, with divers termes & toys of ambiguity which notwithstanding may easily be discerned comparing y<sup>e</sup> similitudes of his words to your worke. Thus he concludes this Gate of Separation, which is performed only in passing from one colour to another which he termeth Elementall; & also hee calleth it by y<sup>e</sup> name of means of y<sup>e</sup> one to y<sup>e</sup> other.

Now goe with your worke to y<sup>e</sup> Gate of Conjunction, & there hee tells you it is, of diverse qualities a copulation, which is no other thing thin y<sup>e</sup> going or passing from one colour to another until it will no more be changable for that Circulation but remaine in one unchangeable colour of white reds or redness, & this hee calleth even or naturall Conjunction of things which nature divideth in themselves, until all be fixed, Congaled, conjoynd, & altered, & fermentid together in one sole abiding colour.

But y<sup>e</sup> first Conjunction of Mercury & Sulphur of nature hee slightly slepeth over, as who should say, all y<sup>e</sup> chiefe matter resteth in y<sup>e</sup> Unity of those Elementall qualities, as spoken of before, y<sup>e</sup> which hee also termeth a division Elementall, not manual or corporal. Now at this Gate is ended y<sup>e</sup> first part or principle of y<sup>e</sup> stone naturall, & this is that stone hee bideth you take saying (in a putrefaction part y<sup>e</sup> 5, Stanza 9.

There fore at y<sup>e</sup> beginning our Stone thou take  
And bury each one in other within their Grave. &c.

Now

## Reply Expounded.

Now are wee come to y<sup>e</sup> next four Chapters, wherein is contained y<sup>e</sup> preparation of y<sup>e</sup> Stone, as in y<sup>e</sup> first was contained y<sup>e</sup> calcination; so now in Putrefaction is contained Dissolution, an other Dissolution, & another conjunction in congelation: which by y<sup>e</sup> which y<sup>e</sup> Stone is redivificated in to another spiritual matter & manner then it was before; y<sup>e</sup> which hee have termed killed or corrupted bodies, & yet in y<sup>e</sup> end, y<sup>e</sup> forme will winne y<sup>e</sup> victory of y<sup>e</sup> matter; for as his matter dissolveth him, so in y<sup>e</sup> end, he will both fixe & tenet his matter at all. as says: Now what is there in this Chapter, but it is opened in all pooynts by y<sup>e</sup> key of y<sup>e</sup> former worke, in every Chapter before, & so is againe in this: And worke when you please, you shall see. I prove all that I have said to be most true. Let not y<sup>e</sup> simple plainness of my writing, make you thinke y<sup>e</sup> worke of y<sup>e</sup> worke, which more divideth in to me a great admiration, how it should escape so long time y<sup>e</sup> gripe of great wits it bring to say, I'd hence like Lachryme: The time is long, thinke shill is small, there desire great, there folly greater: Nature keeps in a plaine course; Art overwholmeth nature with fond fashions; Nothing pleaseth nature better then constant truth; Nothing more pleasing to folly then changable novelties: But true Art doth follow just nature, as you may read in all books of truth.

Likewise behold how in this Chapter Ripley divideth those fantastick multipliers, warning you from things of great Art also: for if you be wise & also

happy,



Reply Expanded

happy, you may worke for one hundred shillings sufficient perfect Elixer for 1000 yeares to come & thus an end of this second ~~book~~ Ranke of Gabre.

Consider that congelation is but conjunction, Cōbation but imbibition, Sublimation but Circulation from one Element to another; called y<sup>e</sup> Whoule; As Earth is sublimed into water. as in to a higher Element, which is done, in & by blackness; from water into fire by whiteness; And from fire into fire by his active powre transmutable either to y<sup>e</sup> white, or to y<sup>e</sup> Red. And this much for this second dissolution of y<sup>e</sup> Stone, beginning at putrefaction; & now to y<sup>e</sup> last dissolution, beginning at Fermentation.

Carry your worke to that Chapter & see how it doth agree with it to y<sup>e</sup> full; There he telleth of divers fashions both of workes & workers; some likely with Mercury which in part you may see in your worke at y<sup>e</sup> beginning, in gross & crude conjunction, but y<sup>e</sup> true & event fermentation hee concluded in y<sup>e</sup> Circulation of y<sup>e</sup> Elements qualities, which fermentation is then ended, when by Congelation, y<sup>e</sup> essential vertue of Temperare of y<sup>e</sup> forme revived againe in that dissolved & againe congealed matter, is in a few more whiteness or Rednes come & returned againe to beget his like in projection in despite of his impropriety of his make Mercury, & when it is thus, then is all y<sup>e</sup> whole worke of y<sup>e</sup> Stone ended; for in this it is Calient, Dissolved, Exalted, Conjoyned, Putrefied, Congealed, Sublimed, fermented, Exalted, Multiplied, ready run to projection.

And

Reply Expanded.

And now that it is y<sup>e</sup> perfect Stone & Elixer fully completed, yett must you daylie multiply it by feeding it with more Mercury, still as you did before, that is with y<sup>e</sup> equal weight, & then againe Rist up in an Ball of glass, begin with an easie heat, to procure blackness first; and as you see y<sup>e</sup> Redden- tise befall in ability, to increase his fire, by degrees: for certainly now hee will performe that in one month; that at first beginning was twelue moneths in doing; And daylie by y<sup>e</sup> fire his temperare is higher & more vibrant, more fixed, & further it will run in projection. Now there can no more be said, but apply your best endeavours, & seek Gods help w<sup>ch</sup> is Disposed.

There are Divers manners of Projections but I will only counsel you to two.

The one is for hee if need so require, & yett very profitable & good, but not fully so rich of vertue as y<sup>e</sup> difference might be between fined silver & refined which is thus.

If you make projection on Jupiter then of necessity you must melt downe a little ferment as lead or Lime, & upon that cast a little of your medicine, & then cast that upon your Jupiter. But if you be in haste & have bones to project upon; then first melt downe your bones, & let it stand cleare as a birds eye, & then cast a little ferment into it to season it a little, & standing cleare, then make your projection according as your medicine will tame, as one upon 100 or 1000.

But

12)

Reply Exposed.

But y<sup>e</sup> best way to doe it, is upon a dry ~~test~~, for  
that hath greater force to fixation than gloomy  
spots, for y<sup>e</sup> flame is of greater force than y<sup>e</sup> ~~test~~,  
& againe y<sup>e</sup> sides of y<sup>e</sup> pots keep back y<sup>e</sup> force  
of y<sup>e</sup> flame, where as upon y<sup>e</sup> ~~test~~ y<sup>e</sup> flame  
bebraves it & upon y<sup>e</sup> bare body of y<sup>e</sup> ~~test~~.

Thus hoping your appetite is well ~~alwayes~~ &  
that you will see it well: And ~~truly~~ notwithstanding  
counting I have made you a free child of y<sup>e</sup> Chi-  
lophont, I shall not want your good company; y<sup>e</sup>  
which if I had not entirely loved above all others  
you had not obtained this so high a secret, where  
I desire but as I desire, one more ball at bidam.

finis per me M: L.

Deo Gratias Mihi Verum

Westminster, Dominica Feb: 2. 1671.

Media Nocti.